# FISCAL BIENNIUM 2006-2008 COMMONWEALTH BUDGET FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM

#### **VOLUME I**

**Legislative Research Commission** 

June 7, 2006

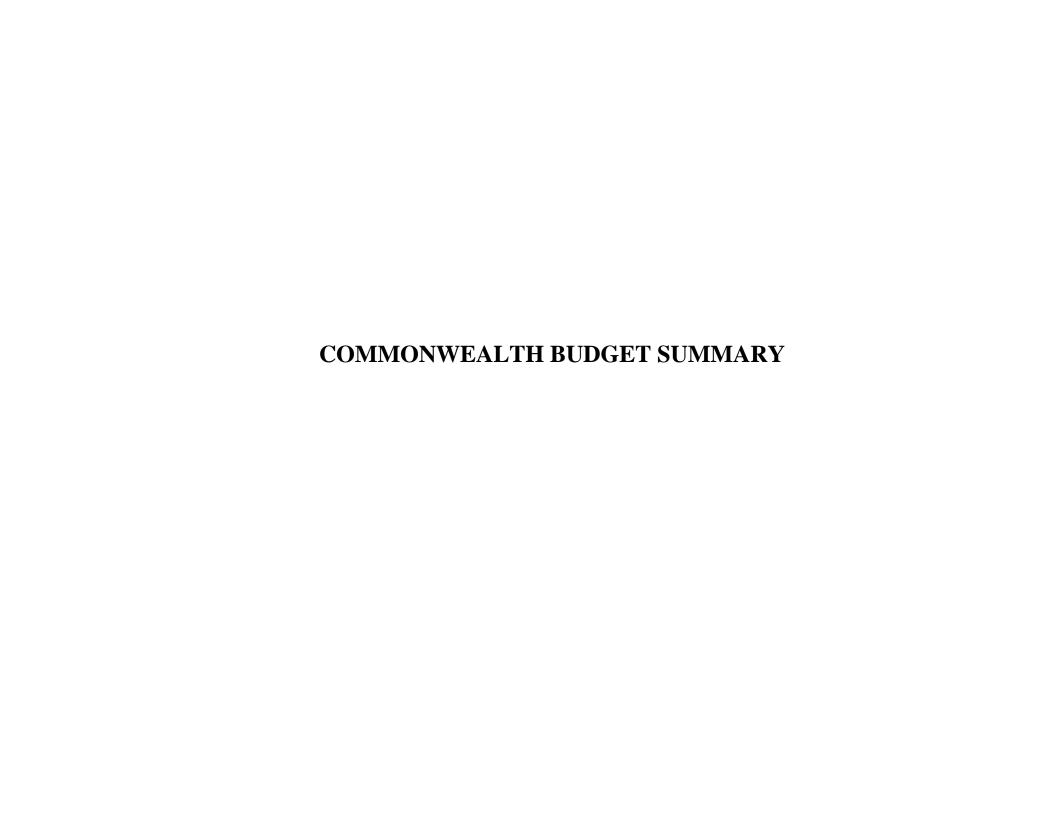
This FB 2006-2008 Commonwealth Budget Final Budget Memorandum, as approved by the Legislative Research Commission pursuant to 2006 HJR 93, enumerates the changes made by the 2006 General Assembly to HB 380, the State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, and provides explanatory detail to convey the intent of their actions. This report addresses not only provisions of HB 380, but also applicable provisions of HB 557 that impact, add, or modify appropriation and revenue provisions contained in HB 380.



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#### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY GENERAL FUND BUDGET SUMMARY

	FY 2004-2005	1	FY 2005-2006			FY 2006-2007			FY 2007-2008	
			General			General			General	
	Actual	Branch	Assembly	Difference	Branch	Assembly	Difference	Branch	Assembly	Difference
RESOURCES										
Undesignated Balance	249,475,000	468,879,400	468,879,400		527,915,500	544,874,100	16,958,600	285,240,300	434,187,000	148,946,700
Continued Appropriations Reserve Branch Regular	26,485,200	41,957,300	41,957,300		20,528,300	23,792,300	3,264,000	15,260,800	15,588,100	327,300
Tobacco Settlement	42,947,500	30,664,100	30,664,100		12,305,200	39,305,200	27,000,000	9,508,700	32,508,700	23,000,000
Budget Reserve Trust	50,764,800	28,764,800	28,764,800		119,015,100	119,015,100	27,000,000	119,015,100	154,015,100	35,000,000
Reserve Subtotal	120,197,500	101,386,200	101,386,200		151,848,600	182,112,600	30,264,000	143,784,600	202,111,900	58,327,300
Revenue										
Consensus Revenue Estimate	7,645,046,000	8,216,200,000	8,216,200,000		8,341,200,000	8,341,200,000		8,675,700,000	8,675,700,000	
Tobacco Settlement	112,242,000	91,300,000	91,300,000		88,800,000	88,800,000		94,000,000	94,000,000	
Revenue Measures					4,430,000	6,299,200	1,869,200	(1,780,000)	2,181,000	3,961,000
Revenue Subtotal	7,757,288,000	8,307,500,000	8,307,500,000		8,434,430,000	8,436,299,200	1,869,200	8,767,920,000	8,771,881,000	3,961,000
Existing Fund Transfers	154,011,100	211,197,100	211,197,100							
Fund Transfers (HB 380)	10 1,011,100	59,308,700	62,483,500	3,174,800	104,596,800	132,833,800	28,237,000	64,869,500	84,589,200	19,719,700
Other Resources		, ,	21,147,000	21,147,000	18,474,800	78,573,300	60,098,500	42,696,000	107,291,400	64,595,400
Reconcile Resources to Controller	500									
TOTAL RESOURCES	8,280,972,100	9,148,271,400	9,172,593,200	24,321,800	9,237,265,700	9,374,693,000	137,427,300	9,304,510,400	9,600,060,500	295,550,100
APPROPRIATIONS										
Executive Budget (HB 380)										
Regular Operating	7,288,300,200	7,994,729,800	7,994,729,800		8,409,665,700	8,377,670,200	(31,995,500)	8,798,699,800	9,014,177,200	215,477,400
Mandated Allotments (NGE)	17,275,200	15,000,000	15,000,000							
General Fund Current Year		89,702,200	86,848,200	(2,854,000)						
Other - Dedicated Revenues Budget Reserve Trust / Surplus Plan	(22,000,000)	28,122,400 90,250,300	28,122,400 90,250,300			35,000,000	35,000,000		(7,290,300)	(7,290,300)
Phase I Tobacco Settlement	108,800,000	91,300,000	91,300,000		88,800,000	88,800,000	33,000,000	94,000,000	94,000,000	(7,290,300)
Return of partial litigation proceeds to G		27,000,000	27,000,000		00,000,000	00,000,000		<i>y</i> 1,000,000	<i>y</i> 1,000,000	
Capital	38,325,000	6,140,700	6,140,700		1,200,000	22,145,800	20,945,800	1,400,000	11,103,000	9,703,000
Executive Subtotal	7,430,700,400	8,342,245,400	8,339,391,400	(2,854,000)	8,499,665,700	8,523,616,000	23,950,300	8,894,099,800	9,111,989,900	217,890,100
Continued General Fund	(15,666,100)	14,260,400	10,996,400	(3,264,000)	4,120,700	4,997,400	876,700	3,167,600	5,554,900	2,387,300
Continued Tobacco	12,283,400	18,358,900	(8,641,100)	(27,000,000)	2,796,500	6,796,500	4,000,000	9,508,700	12,508,700	3,000,000
Continued Budget Reserve Trust	22,000,000	(90,250,300)	(90,250,300)			(35,000,000)	(35,000,000)		7,290,300	7,290,300
Total Executive	7,449,317,700	8,284,614,400	8,251,496,400	(33,118,000)	8,506,582,900	8,500,409,900	(6,173,000)	8,906,776,100	9,137,343,800	230,567,700
Legislative Budget (HB 381)										
Regular Operating	40,939,400	41,370,500	41,370,500		46,788,800	46,788,800		50,182,200	50,182,200	
Continued	(271,100) 40,668,300	5,040,700 46,411,200	5,040,700 46,411,200		1,146,800 47,935,600	1,146,800 47,935,600		141,200 50,323,400	141,200 50,323,400	
Total Legislative	40,008,300	40,411,200	40,411,200		47,935,600	47,935,000		50,323,400	50,323,400	
Judicial Budget (HB 382)										
Regular Operating	220,255,500	232,613,900	232,613,900		268,722,300	244,588,600	(24,133,700)	304,031,600	279,376,500	(24,655,100)
Continued Total Judicial	465,000 220,720,500	2,127,900 234,741,800	2,127,900 234,741,800		268,722,300	2,060,000 246,648,600	2,060,000 (22,073,700)	304,031,600	3,907,700 283,284,200	3,907,700 (20,747,400)
Special Bills		428,000	10,645,200	10,217,200		400,000	400,000		400,000	400,000
Appropriations Subtotal	7,710,706,500	8,566,195,400	8,543,294,600	(22,900,800)	8,823,240,800	8,795,394,100	(27,846,700)	9,261,131,100	9,471,351,400	210,220,300
Budget Lapse / Savings		(97,688,100)	(97,688,100)		(15,000,000)	(57,000,000)	(42,000,000)	(20,000,000)	(54,565,000) (1)	(34,565,000)
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	7,710,706,500	8,468,507,300	8,445,606,500	(22,900,800)	8,808,240,800	8,738,394,100	(69,846,700)	9,241,131,100	9,416,786,400	175,655,300
BALANCE	570,265,600	679,764,100	726,986,700	47,222,600	429,024,900	636,298,900	207,274,000	63,379,300	183,274,100	119,894,800
Continued Appropriations Reserve					, ,					
Branch Regular	41,957,300	20,528,300	23,792,300	3,264,000	15,260,800	15,588,100	327,300	11,952,000	5,984,300	(5,967,700)
Tobacco Settlement	30,664,100	12,305,200	39,305,200	27,000,000	9,508,700	32,508,700	23,000,000		20,000,000	20,000,000
Budget Reserve Trust	28,764,800	119,015,100	119,015,100	20.264.000	119,015,100	154,015,100 (2)	35,000,000	119,015,100	146,724,800 (2)	
Total Reserve	101,386,200	151,848,600	182,112,600	30,264,000	143,784,600	202,111,900	58,327,300	130,967,100	172,709,100	41,742,000
UNDESIGNATED BALANCE	468,879,400	527,915,500	544,874,100	16,958,600	285,240,300	434,187,000	148,946,700	(67,587,800)	10,565,000	78,152,800

<sup>(1)</sup> Per the Governor's Office of Policy and Management \$11,565,000 of this amount is associated with line items vetoed by the Governor and shall lapse to the credit of the General Fund.

<sup>(2)</sup> Balances do not reflect contingent appropriations from the Budget Reserve Trust Fund. HB 380 Part III section 38 provides that in FY 2007 and FY 2008 the first \$2.2 million of receipts from voluntary assignment of escrow payments by nonparticipating tobacco manufacturers shall be appropriated to the Department for Public Health to be used for smoking prevention and cessation programs.



#### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OTHER BUDGETARY RESOURCES

		FY 2005-2006			FY 2006-2007			FY 2007-2008	
TABLE I - OTHER BUDGETARY RESOURCES	Branch	General Assembly	Difference	Branch	General Assembly	Difference	Branch	General Assembly	Difference
Source									
Public Service Commission Adjustment				1,224,800	1,624,800	400,000	2,006,000	2,006,000	
Revenue Collections				4,800,000	4,800,000		9,600,000	9,600,000	
Abandoned Property - Sale of Aged Securities				6,000,000	6,000,000		17,500,000	17,500,000	
Abandoned Property - Travelers' Checks					2,400,000	2,400,000		300,000	300,000
Economic Development Growth Impact					6,450,000	6,450,000		13,590,000	13,590,000
Revenue Enhancement Initiative					20,349,500	20,349,500		42,926,400	42,926,400
Voluntary Assignment of Non-participating									
Manufacturers Escrow Funds					35,000,000	35,000,000		20,000,000	20,000,000
State's Increased Portion of TVA In-lieu of Taxes		1,147,000	1,147,000		1,949,000	1,949,000		1,369,000	1,369,000
Lottery Dividend		20,000,000	20,000,000						
<b>Total Other Budgetary Resources</b>		21,147,000	21,147,000	18,474,800	78,573,300	60,098,500	42,696,000	107,291,400	64,595,400

		FY 2005-2006		1	FY 2006-2007			FY 2007-2008	
TABLE II - REVENUE MEASURES	Branch	Conference	Difference	Branch	Conference	Difference	Branch	Conference	Difference
Source		·		·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Small Business AMC Relief (Part XIII)				(3,170,000)	(1,870,000)	1,300,000	(9,680,000)	(6,080,000)	3,600,000
Continuation of Revenue Measures				7,600,000	7,600,000		7,900,000	7,900,000	
Small Winery Sales Tax Exemption (SB 82)					(135,800)	(135,800)		(344,000)	(344,000)
Cigarrette Papers Excise Tax (Part XXXIII)					750,000	750,000		750,000	750,000
Military Family Income Tax Exemption (Part XXVIII)					(45,000)	(45,000)		(45,000)	(45,000)
<b>Total Revenue Measures</b>				4,430,000	6,299,200	1,869,200	(1,780,000)	2,181,000	3,961,000
					-				
TOTAL TABLES I AND II		21,147,000	21,147,000	22,904,800	84,872,500	61,967,700	40,916,000	109,472,400	68,556,400



#### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY BUDGET LAPSES AND OTHER SAVINGS

FY 2005-2006 FY 2006-2007 FY 2007-2008

		General			General			General	
Budget Lapses	Branch	Assembly	Difference	Branch	Assembly	Difference	Branch	Assembly	Difference
Debt Service - Finance	(40,605,400)	(40,605,400)	_			-			-
Debt Service - SFCC	(19,616,000)	(19,616,000)	-			-			-
Double budgeting of local education projects	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)	-			-			-
Public Service Commission Lapse			-		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)		(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)
Lapses due to Line Item Vetos									
Military Affairs - 2nd year of grant to Patton									
Museum			-			-		(500,000) *	(500,000)
GOLD - capital project (debt service)			-			-		(718,000) *	(718,000)
Agriculture - capital project (debt service)			_			-		(462,000) *	(462,000)
Kentucky River Authority - capital project									
(debt service)			-			-		(1,630,000) *	(1,630,000)
Parks - capital project (debt service)			-			-		(373,000) *	(373,000)
State Fair Board - capital project (debt									
service)			-			-		(96,000) *	(96,000)
Department of Education - Operations and									
Support Services - capital project (debt									
service)			-			-		(1,273,000) *	(1,273,000)
Community Based Services - capital project (debt service)								(0< 000) *	(0< 000)
Council on Postsecondary Education - capital			-			-		(96,000) *	(96,000)
project (debt service)								(6,417,000) *	(6,417,000)
	(64 = 24 400)	(64 501 400)			(1.000.000)	(1.000.000)			
Total Budget Lapse	(64,721,400)	(64,721,400)	-	<del>-</del>	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-	(12,565,000)	(12,565,000)
ou s :									
Other Savings General Fund Base Deductions	(32,966,700)	(32,966,700)							
Finance Debt Service surplus bond proceed	(32,900,700)	(32,900,700)	-	(15,000,000)	(15,000,000)	-			-
Executive Branch Efficiencies			-	(13,000,000)	(38,500,000)	(38,500,000)	(20,000,000)	(39,500,000)	(19,500,000)
Judicial Branch Efficiencies			_		(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)	(20,000,000)	(2,500,000)	(2,500,000)
	(22.066.700)	(32,966,700)		(15 000 000)			(20,000,000)		
Total Other Savings	(32,966,700)	(32,900,700)	-	(15,000,000)	(56,000,000)	(41,000,000)	(20,000,000)	(42,000,000)	(22,000,000)
Total Budget Lapse / Savings	(97,688,100)	(97,688,100)		(15,000,000)	(57,000,000)	(42,000,000)	(20,000,000)	(54,565,000)	(34,565,000)
· •				<u> </u>				<del></del>	<del></del>

<sup>\* -</sup> Per the Governor's Office of Policy and Management these amounts are associated with line items vetoed by the Governor and shall lapse to the credit of the General Fund.



### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 4:10:46 PM FUND TRANSFERS PART V

_	Fis	scal Year 2005-200	)6	Fisc	cal Year 2006-200	07	Fis	cal Year 2007-2008	3
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
General Government									
Office of the Governor									
<sup>1</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	5,600	5,600							
<sup>2</sup> Other Special Revenue Fund	25,200	25,200							
Office of State Budget Dir	ector								
<sup>3</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	75,400	75,400							
Homeland Security									
<sup>4</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 65.7631)	351,400	351,400							
Department of Veterans A	Affairs								
<sup>5</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	1,756,100	1,756,100							
Kentucky Infrastructure A	uthority								
<sup>6</sup> Solid Waste and Environmental Protection Revolving Loan Fund Program		3,600,000	3,600,000						
Military Affairs									
<sup>7</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	300,000	300,000		400,000	4,900,000	4,500,000	300,000	300,000	
Commission on Women									
<sup>8</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	1,800	1,800							
Governors Office for Loca	al Development								
<sup>9</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	1,817,800		(1,817,800)						
Local Government Econo	mic Developmer	nt Fund							
<sup>10</sup> Multi-County Fund (KRS 42.4588)				7,450,000	7,450,000		7,450,000	15,599,000	8,149,000
Secretary of State									
11 Agency Revenue Fund	350,000	350,000		900,000	900,000		900,000	900,000	
Attorney General									
12 Agency Revenue Fund	521,200	521,200							
Treasury									
13 Agency Revenue Fund	92,900	92,900							
Agriculture									
<sup>14</sup> Agency Revenue Fund					479,500	479,500		337,800	337,800

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 4:10:46 Pt FUND TRANSFERS PART V

	Fis	Fiscal Year 2005-2006 Fiscal Year 2006-2007 Fiscal Year 2006				iscal Year 2007-20	008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
Accountancy									
<sup>15</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 325.250)	20,000		(20,000)						
Chiropractic Examiners									
<sup>16</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	20,000		(20,000)						
Dentistry									
17 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 313.350(1))	30,000		(30,000)						
Embalmers and Funeral D	irectors								
<sup>18</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 316.125 and 316.210)	5,000		(5,000)						
Examiners and Registration	on of Landscape	Architects							
<sup>19</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 323A.060(2))	5,000		(5,000)						
Examiners of Psychology									
<sup>20</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 319.131)	50,000		(50,000)						
Licensed Professional Co	unselors								
21 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 335.520(1) and (2))	50,000		(50,000)						
Licensure for Occupation	al Therapy								
<sup>22</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	25,000		(25,000)						
Licensure for Massage Th	nerapy								
23 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 309.356(1))	50,000		(50,000)						
Licensure for Professiona	al Engineers and	d Land Surveyo	rs						
<sup>24</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 322.420)	50,000		(50,000)						
Medical Licensure									
<sup>25</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 311.610)	20,000		(20,000)						
Nursing									
<sup>26</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 314.161)	50,000		(50,000)						

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FUND TRANSFERS PART V

	Fise	cal Year 2005-20	06	F	iscal Year 2006-20	007	F	Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
Pharmacy										
<sup>27</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 315.195)	20,000		(20,000)							
Podiatry										
<sup>28</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 311.450(3))	7,000		(7,000)							
Real Estate Appraisers										
<sup>29</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 324A.065(4))	10,000		(10,000)							
Real Estate Commission										
<sup>30</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 324.286 and 324.410)	50,000		(50,000)							
Registration for Profession	nal Geologists									
<sup>31</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 322A.050)	35,000		(35,000)							
Social Work										
32 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 335.140)	20,000		(20,000)							
Veterinary Examiners										
33 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 321.320)	45,000		(45,000)							
<b>Emergency Medical Servic</b>	es									
34 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 311A.145(2))	82,500	162,500	80,000							
Commerce Cabinet										
Secretary										
35 Agency Revenue Fund	190,700	190,700								
Artisans Center										
<sup>36</sup> Other Special Revenue Fund	307,100	307,100								
Energy Policy										
<sup>37</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 132.020(5))	506,300	506,300								
Tourism										
38 Agency Revenue Fund	204,000	204,000								

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 4:10:47 PF FUND TRANSFERS PART V

Horse Park Commission  39 Kentucky Horse Park Fund	Branch Budget 40,800	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	cal Year 2006-200 General		Branch	General	
39 Kentucky Horse Park	40,800			Duuget	Assembly	Difference	Budget	Assembly	Difference
•	40,800								
		40,800							
State Fair Board									
<sup>40</sup> State Fair Board Fund	234,000	234,000							
Historical Society									
<sup>41</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	120,000	120,000							
Arts Council									
<sup>42</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 153.220(8))	20,000	20,000							
<b>Economic Development Cal</b>	binet								
Secretary									
<sup>43</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	200,000	200,000							
Financial Incentives									
44 Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority								700,000	700,000
(KRS 154.20-010 to 154.20-150	))								
Department of Education									
<b>Operations and Support Ser</b>	vices								
<sup>45</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	150,000	150,000							
Department of Education									
46 School Districts Flexible Spending Account Expendable Trust Fund	7,000,000	7,000,000		12,000,000	12,000,000		12,000,000	12,000,000	
Education Cabinet									
<b>General Administration and</b>	Program Supp	port							
<sup>47</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	53,000	53,000		75,000	75,000		89,600	89,600	
<b>Environmental Education Co</b>	uncil								
<sup>48</sup> Agency Revenue Fund		874,600	874,600						
(KRS 224.43-505(2)(b))									
Career and Technical Educat	tion								
<sup>49</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	656,800	656,800							

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 4:10:47 PF FUND TRANSFERS PART V

	Fise	cal Year 2005-200	6	Fise	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008			
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
<b>Environmental and Public</b>	Protection Cal	oinet								
Natural Resources										
<sup>50</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 149.280(2) and 149.670	247,900 D)	247,900								
<b>Public Protection Commiss</b>	sioner									
<sup>51</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	400,000	400,000		175,000	175,000		150,000	150,000		
Petroleum Storage Tank Ei	nvironmental A	ssurance Fund								
52 Insurance Administration Fund	626,500	626,500		41,997,300	41,997,300		17,564,100	17,564,100		
(KRS 224.60-140, 224.60-145	and 224.60-150)									
Alcoholic Beverage Contro	ı									
<sup>53</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 243.025)	3,011,700	3,011,700		836,200	836,200		457,600	457,600		
Charitable Gaming										
54 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 238.570(2))	1,100,000	1,100,000								
Financial Institutions										
55 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 287.485)	3,295,100	3,295,100		1,851,300	1,851,300		1,900,900	1,900,900		
Insurance										
<sup>56</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 304.2-300, 304.2-400 a	8,659,700 nd 304.2-440)	8,659,700		9,000,000	9,000,000		10,750,000	10,750,000		
Workers Compensation Fu	unding Commis	sion								
57 Insurance Administration Fund (KRS 342.1227)					3,735,500	3,735,500		1,618,900	1,618,900	
Environmental and Public F	Protection									
58 Kentucky Pride Trust Fund				18,000,000	18,000,000					
(KRS 224.43-505(1))										
<sup>59</sup> Kentucky Pride Trust Fund	45.4.55			2,006,300	2,006,300		2,006,300	2,006,300		
Pursuant to KRS 224.43-505 Fund debt service on the bor Budget, A. Government Ope Projects.	nds sold as appropri	ated by 2003 Ky. Act	s ch. 156, Part II, Cap	oital Project:						

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FUND TRANSFERS PART V

_	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	06	Fise	cal Year 2006-200	07	Fisc	cal Year 2007-200	8
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
Finance and Administrati	on Cabinet								
General Administration									
<sup>60</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	58,800	58,800			3,779,800	3,779,800		3,784,800	3,784,800
Controller									
<sup>61</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	1,200,000	1,200,000			204,300	204,300		215,800	215,800
Facilities and Support Ser	vices								
62 Agency Revenue Fund	232,500	232,500			200,800	200,800		583,400	583,400
Commonwealth Office of	Technology								
63 Agency Revenue Fund (VETOED BY GOVERNOR)							L	1,000,000	
Revenue									
64 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 45.238(3), 132.320(3),	1,000,000 134.400, 160.6154(	1,000,000 2) and 365.390(2))							
Finance and Administration	on								
65 Capital Construction and Equipment Purchase Contingency Fund (KRS 45.770)				2,000,000	2,000,000				
66 Capital Construction Investment Income (KRS 42.500)				5,000,000	6,200,000	1,200,000	5,000,000	5,330,000	330,000
67 Statewide Deferred Maintenance Fund (KRS 45.782)					332,000	332,000			
68 Capital Construction Emergency Repair and Maintenance Fund (KRS 45.780)					1,000,000	1,000,000			
Health and Family Service									
General Administration a		•							
<sup>69</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 212.025(2))	5,723,000	5,723,000							
<sup>70</sup> Malt Beverage Education Fund	350,000	350,000		350,000	350,000		350,000	350,000	

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 4:10:47 PM FUND TRANSFERS PART V

	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	06	Fis	cal Year 2006-200	)7	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	2008	
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
Children with Special Heal	Ith Care Needs									
71 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 212.025(2))	500	500								
Public Health										
72 Agency Revenue Fund	4,657,000	4,657,000		542,800	542,800		483,000	483,000		
(KRS 194A.050(4), 211.350( 221.020(2))	(7), 211.848(2), 212.0	025(2), 213.141(3), 217	7.125(2), 219.071 and							
Health Policy										
<sup>73</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 212.025(2))	351,700	351,700								
Human Support Services										
<sup>74</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 212.025(2))	156,500	156,500								
Ombudsman										
<sup>75</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 212.025(2))	1,600	1,600								
<b>Disability Determination S</b>	ervices									
<sup>76</sup> Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 212.025(2))	2,400	2,400								
Justice and Public Safety	/ Cabinet									
Justice Administration										
77 Agency Revenue Fund	109,100	109,100								
<b>Criminal Justice Training</b>										
78 Kentucky Law Enforcement Foundation Program Fund (KRS 15.430)							2,000,000	2,000,000		
Juvenile Justice										
<sup>79</sup> Agency Revenue Fund	6,520,000	6,520,000								
Community Services and I	Local Facilities									
80 Agency Revenue Fund	80,100	80,100								
Public Advocacy										
81 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 31.211(8) and 189A.08	162,700 50(3)(f))	162,700								

## FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FUND TRANSFERS PART V

_	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	)6	Fise	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	8
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
Personnel									
General Operations									
82 Flexible Spending Account (KRS 18A.225(2)(g))	323,000	323,000		1,000,000	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000	
83 Other Special Revenue Fund	333,300	333,300							
84 Agency Revenue Fund (KRS 18A.225(2)(g))	922,500	922,500							
Workers Compensation E	Benefits and Res	serve							
85 Risk Management Fund (KRS 18A.375(3))	3,028,500	4,028,500	1,000,000						
Postsecondary Educatio	n								
Council on Postsecondary									
86 Agency Revenue Fund	300,000	300,000							
Kentucky Higher Education	on Assistance Au	uthority							
<sup>87</sup> Osteopathic Medicine Scholarship Trust Fund	390,000	390,000							
(KRS 164.7891(11))									
<sup>88</sup> Osteopathic Medicine Repayment Fund (KRS 164.7891(11))	440,000	440,000		350,000	350,000				
Kentucky Community and	Technical Colle	ege System							
89 Firefighters Foundation Program Fund (KRS 95A.220)							2,000,000	2,000,000	
Transportation Cabinet									
Aviation									
90 Kentucky Aviation Economic Development Fund Notwithstanding KRS 183.5 debt service on the bonds s Budget, C., 1., 002.					468,000		468,000	468,000	
91 Kentucky Aviation Economic Development Fund					4,000,000	4,000,000		4,000,000	4,000,000

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FUND TRANSFERS PART V

	Fis	Fiscal Year 2005-2006		Fis	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008			
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
Highways										
92 Funds (VETO BY GOVERNOR REMOVED REFERENCE TO FEDERAL FUNDS)					9,000,000	9,000,000				
Vehicle Regulation										
93 Agency Revenue Fund				194,900		(194,900)				
TOTAL TRANSFERS	59,308,700	62,483,500	3,174,800	104,596,800	132,833,800	28,237,000	64,869,500	84,589,200	19,719,700	

Note: Boxed figure denotes enacted amount that was vetoed by the Governor and is not included in the totals.



## GENERAL ASSEMBLY 2006 GENERAL ASSEMBLY - OPERATING BUDGET SUMMARY ROAD FUND SUMMARY

Governmental Branch: Executive Cabinet/Function: Transportation

**Agency: Cabinet Summary** 

EV 2006-2007

EV 2007-2008

Unit:

EV 2005-2006

		FY 2005-2006			FY 2006-2007		FY 2007-2008			
		General			General			General		
	Branch	Assembly	Difference	Branch	Assembly	Difference	Branch	Assembly	Difference	
RESOURCES										
Beginning Undesignated Balance	28,578,100	28,578,100	0	1,493,500	1,493,500	0	0	0	0	
Revenue Receipts/Estimates*	1,169,703,400	1,169,703,400	0	1,223,125,400	1,223,125,400	0	1,239,614,400	1,239,614,400	0	
Road Fund Revenue Initiative	,,,	,,,		0	15,559,900	15,559,900	0	22,317,500	22,317,500	
Spenddown of Continuing Appropriation	(28,578,100)	(28,578,100)	0			, ,		. ,	, ,	
TOTAL RESOURCES	1,169,703,400	1,169,703,400	0	1,224,618,900	1,240,178,800	15,559,900	1,239,614,400	1,261,931,900	22,317,500	
APPROPRIATIONS/EXPENDITURES										
TRANSPORTATION CABINET										
General Administration & Support	66,530,000	66,530,000	0	69,217,100	69,217,100	0	70,072,400	70,072,400	0	
Aviation	0	0	0	0	4,000,000	4,000,000	0	4,000,000	4,000,000	
Revenue Sharing	240,939,000	240,939,000	0	257,668,000	241,886,100	(15,781,900)	252,908,400	244,276,700	(8,631,700)	
Highways	625,672,600	625,672,600	0	668,521,200	667,409,400	(1,111,800)	681,006,700	670,193,200	(10,813,500)	
Vehicle Regulation	16,280,300	16,280,300	0	17,396,100	17,396,100	0	18,269,900	18,269,900	0	
Debt Service	166,840,900	166,840,900	0	150,238,600	162,710,200	12,471,600	159,362,500	181,143,200	21,780,700	
Capital Budget	4,248,000	4,248,000	0	9,035,000	9,035,000	0	6,795,000	6,795,000	0	
TOTAL-TRANSPORTATION	1,120,510,800	1,120,510,800	0	1,172,076,000	1,171,653,900	(422,100)	1,188,414,900	1,194,750,400	6,335,500	
DEPT. OF TREASURY JUSTICE CABINET	250,000	250,000	0	250,000	250,000	0	250,000	250,000	0	
Kentucky State Police	29,769,100	29,769,100	0	35,000,000	50,000,000	15,000,000	35,000,000	50,000,000	15,000,000	
Motor Vehicle Enforcement	12,999,000	12,999,000	0	13,974,900	13,974,900	0	13,881,500	13,881,500	0	
FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION CABINET			•	_			_			
Debt Service	2,505,000	2,505,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Department of Administration	283,000	283,000	0	300,000	400,000	100,000	300,000	400,000	100,000	
Department of Revenue	1,418,000	1,418,000	0	1,418,000	2,000,000	582,000	1,418,000	2,000,000	582,000	
Department of Revenue - Capital	405.000	405.000	0	1,250,000	1,250,000	0	•	•		
Comm. Office of Technology	125,000	125,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
GOV.'S OFF. OF HOMELAND SECURITY ENVIRONMENTAL & PUB. PROT. CAB.	350,000	350,000	0	350,000	350,000 300,000	0	350,000	350,000 300,000	0	
TOTAL APPROP./EXPENDITURES	1,168,209,900	1,168,209,900	0	1,224,618,900	1,240,178,800	15,259,900	1,239,614,400	1,261,931,900	22,017,500	
UNDESIGNATED BALANCE	1,493,500	1,493,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

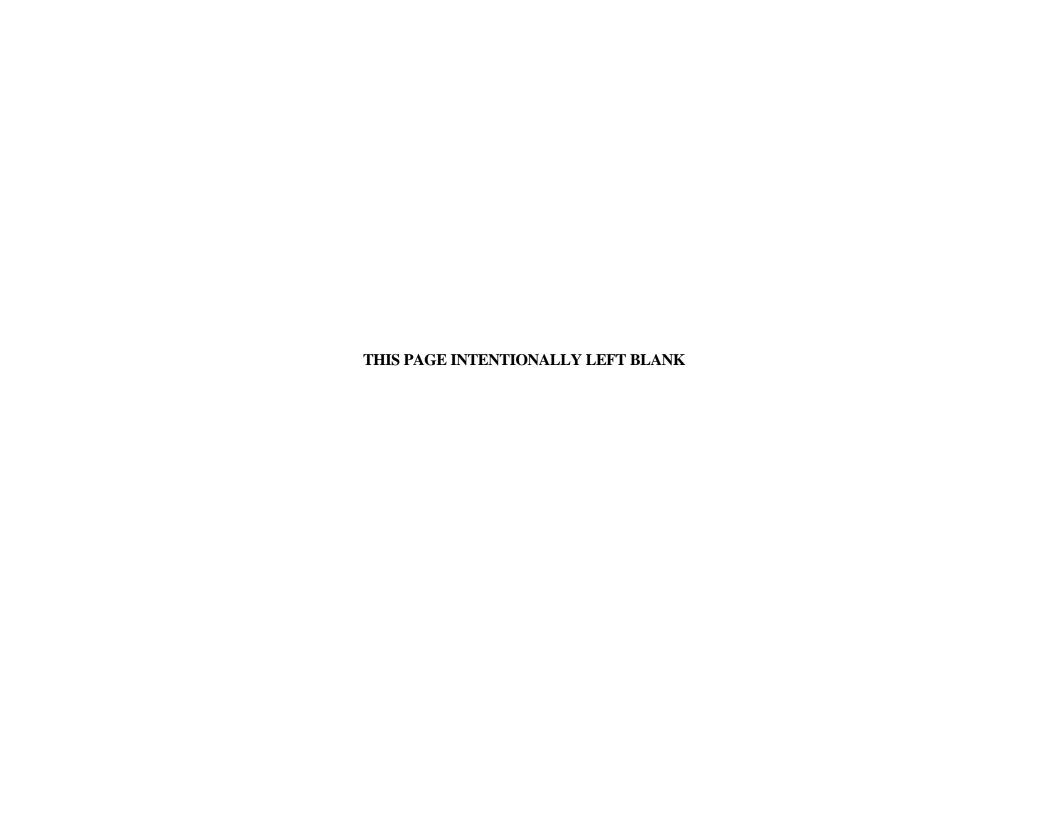
<sup>\*</sup> The effect of House Bill 537 is not included in the above Revenue Receipts/Estimates. House Bill 537 is anticipated to generate \$2 million in FY 2006-2007 and \$3.7 million in FY 2007-2008.



Commonwealth of Kentucky

**Operating Budget** 

Summary Totals									
	F	iscal Year 2005-200	06	F	iscal Year 2006-200	07	F	iscal Year 2007-200	08
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
I. APPROPRIATIONS S	SUMMARY BY FU	IND SOURCE							
General Fund (Tobacco)	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	88,800,000		94,000,000	94,000,000	
General Fund	8,307,933,600	8,332,079,600	24,146,000	8,725,176,800	8,669,047,600	(56,129,200)	9,152,913,600	9,343,735,900	190,822,300
Restricted Funds	4,545,689,300	4,544,734,700	(954,600)	4,868,065,800	4,870,536,000	2,470,200	4,741,508,900	4,747,462,200	5,953,300
Federal Funds	7,450,302,700	7,450,302,700		7,188,730,200	7,175,042,200	(13,688,000)	7,351,884,000	7,337,994,400	(13,889,600)
Road Fund	1,192,540,000	1,192,540,000		1,214,333,900	1,229,893,800	15,559,900	1,232,819,400	1,255,136,900	22,317,500
Highway Bond	462,552,500	462,552,500		75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000			
<b>Regular Total Funds</b>	22,050,894,000	22,074,085,400	23,191,400	22,160,106,700	22,383,319,600	223,212,900	22,573,125,900	22,778,329,400	205,203,500
Use of Continuing	39,787,700	9,523,700	(30,264,000)	8,064,000	15,000,700	6,936,700	12,817,500	22,112,500	9,295,000
TOTAL FUNDS	22,090,681,700	22,083,609,100	(7,072,600)	22,168,170,700	22,398,320,300	230,149,600	22,585,943,400	22,800,441,900	214,498,500
II. EXPENDITURE CAT	EGORY								
Personnel Costs	4,862,944,200	4,862,767,500	(176,700)	5,073,403,900	5,053,220,200	(20,183,700)	5,255,367,300	5,245,165,000	(10,202,300)
Operating Expenses	2,279,533,800	2,276,554,800	(2,979,000)	2,408,326,700	2,423,465,900	15,139,200	2,522,548,900	2,593,067,600	70,518,700
Grants, Loans, Benefits	12,366,273,200	12,362,356,300	(3,916,900)	12,497,566,500	12,442,479,800	(55,086,700)	12,925,721,500	13,024,303,400	98,581,900
Debt Service	646,477,600	646,477,600		739,233,200	755,491,800	16,258,600	779,770,900	846,206,600	66,435,700
Capital Outlay	178,374,100	178,374,100		175,836,600	172,470,600	(3,366,000)	172,401,100	168,879,100	(3,522,000)
Construction	1,757,078,800	1,757,078,800		1,273,803,800	1,551,192,000	277,388,200	930,133,700	922,820,200	(7,313,500)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	22,090,681,700	22,083,609,100	(7,072,600)	22,168,170,700	22,398,320,300	230,149,600	22,585,943,400	22,800,441,900	214,498,500
III. BASE LEVEL BUDG	SET BY FUND SO	URCE							
General Fund (Tobacco)	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	84,800,000	(4,000,000)	92,129,900	89,129,900	(3,000,000)
General Fund	8,218,231,400	8,245,231,400	27,000,000	8,260,545,800	8,206,968,200	(53,577,600)	8,275,655,300	8,224,115,300	(51,540,000)
Restricted Funds	4,537,667,400	4,537,065,400	(602,000)	4,345,935,500	4,343,268,500	(2,667,000)	4,359,808,800	4,354,402,900	(5,405,900)
Federal Funds	7,175,776,500	7,175,776,500		6,841,289,200	6,820,044,700	(21,244,500)	6,826,725,900	6,806,574,400	(20,151,500)
Road Fund	1,179,734,300	1,179,734,300		1,176,450,100	1,170,754,100	(5,696,000)	1,184,875,400	1,175,867,400	(9,008,000)
Highway Bond	462,552,500	462,552,500							
<b>Regular Total Funds</b>	21,665,838,000	21,692,236,000	26,398,000	20,713,020,600	20,625,835,500	(87,185,100)	20,739,195,300	20,650,089,900	(89,105,400)
Use of Continuing	39,787,700	9,523,700	(30,264,000)	8,064,000	15,000,700	6,936,700	12,817,500	22,112,500	9,295,000
TOTAL BASE LEVEL	21,705,625,700	21,701,759,700	(3,866,000)	20,721,084,600	20,640,836,200	(80,248,400)	20,752,012,800	20,672,202,400	(79,810,400)
IV. ADDITIONAL BUDG	GET RECAP BY F	FUND SOURCE							
General Fund (Tobacco)					4,000,000	4,000,000	1,870,100	4,870,100	3,000,000
General Fund	89,702,200	86,848,200	(2,854,000)	464,631,000	462,079,400	(2,551,600)	877,258,300	1,119,620,600	242,362,300
Restricted Funds	8,021,900	7,669,300	(352,600)	522,130,300	527,267,500	5,137,200	381,700,100	393,059,300	11,359,200
Federal Funds	274,526,200	274,526,200		347,441,000	354,997,500	7,556,500	525,158,100	531,420,000	6,261,900
Road Fund	12,805,700	12,805,700		37,883,800	59,139,700	21,255,900	47,944,000	79,269,500	31,325,500
Highway Bond				75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000			
TOTAL ADDITIONAL	385,056,000	381,849,400	(3,206,600)	1,447,086,100	1,757,484,100	310,398,000	1,833,930,600	2,128,239,500	294,308,900



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#### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

5/31/2006 10:19:25 Al

38,483,200

Commonwealth of Kentucky

TOTAL CAPITAL

Capital Budget

Summary Totals									apiai Baaget
	F	iscal Year 2005-200	16	Fis	scal Year 2006-200	7	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	08
- -	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
I. CAPITAL PROJECT RI	ECAP BY FUND	SOURCE							
General Fund				1,200,000	22,145,800	20,945,800	1,400,000	11,103,000	9,703,000
Restricted Funds		4,320,000	4,320,000	1,482,810,000	1,675,005,401	192,195,401	38,550,000	60,762,200	22,212,200
Federal Funds				178,982,000	179,399,100	417,100	16,190,000	22,190,000	6,000,000
Road Fund				10,285,000	10,285,000		6,795,000	6,795,000	
Bond Funds				652,595,000	1,394,691,000	742,096,000	5,000,000		(5,000,000)
Agency Bonds				205,132,000	267,537,000	62,405,000			
Capital Construction Surplus	•			4,107,000	4,107,000		1,045,000	1,045,000	
Investment Income				12,100,000	10,900,000	(1,200,000)	11,140,000	10,810,000	(330,000)
Other Funds				84,240,000	249,138,000	164,898,000	11,970,000	17,868,000	5,898,000
Deferred Maintenance				332,000		(332,000)			
Emergency Repair Maintena and Replacement	nce			2,200,000	1,700,000	(500,000)			

2,633,983,001

3,814,908,302

1,180,925,301

92,090,000

130,573,200

4,320,000

4,320,000



### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 2:23:12 PF **OPERATING BUDGET**

	Fiscal Year 2005-2006		<b>F</b> i	iscal Year 2006-200	)7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008			
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
TOTAL FUNDS									
REGULAR APPROPRIA	TIONS SUMMAR	Y BY CABINET							
<b>Executive Branch</b>									
General Government	935,784,800	959,704,800	23,920,000	917,019,800	925,253,500	8,233,700	926,640,500	993,621,500	66,981,000
Commerce Cabinet	216,001,100	216,126,100	125,000	217,055,900	218,967,300	1,911,400	223,146,600	228,150,400	5,003,800
Economic Development Cabinet	23,977,100	23,977,100		28,883,700	28,883,700		36,000,100	34,709,100	(1,291,000)
Department of Education	4,079,673,000	4,079,673,000		4,253,874,200	4,209,587,900	(44,286,300)	4,450,872,300	4,526,000,200	75,127,900
Education Cabinet	872,212,200	871,337,600	(874,600)	875,179,900	877,152,000	1,972,100	875,720,900	879,877,400	4,156,500
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	608,151,600	608,172,600	21,000	622,181,700	627,007,500	4,825,800	630,425,500	633,368,300	2,942,800
Finance and Administration Cabinet	565,530,100	565,530,100		629,936,300	641,684,800	11,748,500	641,358,100	646,413,700	5,055,600
Health and Family Services Cabinet	6,604,106,400	6,604,106,400		6,567,409,300	6,555,756,700	(11,652,600)	6,755,485,100	6,760,287,800	4,802,700
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	749,455,500	749,455,500		800,910,500	794,065,000	(6,845,500)	823,768,800	822,831,100	(937,700)
Personnel	52,221,000	52,221,000		64,906,900	62,659,200	(2,247,700)	82,821,400	80,570,200	(2,251,200)
Postsecondary Education	4,312,543,700	4,312,543,700		4,539,289,400	4,542,598,700	3,309,300	4,767,351,700	4,832,984,400	65,632,700
Transportation Cabinet	2,729,259,000	2,729,259,000		2,306,627,900	2,584,705,800	278,077,900	1,983,913,500	1,986,249,000	2,335,500
Statewide	6,140,700	6,140,700							
<b>Branch Totals</b>	21,755,056,200	21,778,247,600	23,191,400	21,823,275,500	22,068,322,100	245,046,600	22,197,504,500	22,425,063,100	227,558,600
Judicial Branch									
Judicial Branch	254,202,700	254,202,700		289,972,800	268,139,100	(21,833,700)	325,248,200	302,893,100	(22,355,100)
<b>Branch Totals</b>	254,202,700	254,202,700		289,972,800	268,139,100	(21,833,700)	325,248,200	302,893,100	(22,355,100)
Legislative Branch									
Legislative Branch	41,635,100	41,635,100		46,858,400	46,858,400		50,373,200	50,373,200	
<b>Branch Totals</b>	41,635,100	41,635,100		46,858,400	46,858,400		50,373,200	50,373,200	
Regular Appropriation	22,050,894,000	22,074,085,400	23,191,400	22,160,106,700	22,383,319,600	223,212,900	22,573,125,900	22,778,329,400	205,203,500

## FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPERATING BUDGET

_	Fi	scal Year 2005-200	06	Fis	cal Year 2006-200	)7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
GENERAL FUND (TOBA	CCO)								
REGULAR APPROPRIAT	TONS SUMMAR	Y BY CABINET							
<b>Executive Branch</b>									
General Government	24,541,400	24,541,400		21,469,800	17,469,800	(4,000,000)	23,065,100	20,065,100	(3,000,000)
Department of Education	1,888,400	1,888,400		1,388,400	1,388,400		1,508,400	1,508,400	
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	23,982,600	23,982,600		18,692,700	22,692,700	4,000,000	20,496,000	23,496,000	3,000,000
Finance and Administration Cabinet	8,481,900	8,481,900		18,017,700	18,017,700		18,022,400	18,022,400	
Health and Family Services Cabinet	24,957,300	24,957,300		22,183,400	22,183,400		23,393,500	23,393,500	
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	2,071,600	2,071,600		1,816,800	1,816,800		1,923,400	1,923,400	
Postsecondary Education	5,952,700	5,952,700		5,231,200	5,231,200		5,591,200	5,591,200	
Branch Totals	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	88,800,000		94,000,000	94,000,000	
Regular Appropriation	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	88,800,000		94,000,000	94,000,000	

## FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPERATING BUDGET

	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	6	Fis	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	ear 2007-2008	
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
GENERAL FUND (TOBA	CCO)									
CONTINUED RESERVE S	SPENDING SUMI	MARY BY CABINI	ET							
Executive Branch										
General Government	5,252,400	(21,747,600)	(27,000,000)	2,796,500	6,796,500	4,000,000	9,508,700	12,508,700	3,000,000	
Department of Education	248,900	248,900								
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	5,966,900	5,966,900								
Finance and Administration Cabinet	2,019,100	2,019,100								
Health and Family Services Cabinet	2,828,000	2,828,000								
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	1,979,800	1,979,800								
Postsecondary Education	63,700	63,700								
BranchTotals	18,358,800	(8,641,200)	(27,000,000)	2,796,500	6,796,500	4,000,000	9,508,700	12,508,700	3,000,000	
Reserve Spending	18,358,800	(8,641,200)	(27,000,000)	2,796,500	6,796,500	4,000,000	9,508,700	12,508,700	3,000,000	

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 2:23:12 PF **OPERATING BUDGET**

	Fiscal Year 2005-2006			Fi	scal Year 2006-200	)7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
GENERAL FUND									
REGULAR APPROPRIAT	TIONS SUMMAR	Y BY CABINET							
Executive Branch									
General Government	520,889,700	544,889,700	24,000,000	539,831,000	550,266,300	10,435,300	553,592,600	618,517,500	64,924,900
Commerce Cabinet	56,306,300	56,431,300	125,000	56,205,300	57,821,100	1,615,800	59,037,000	63,914,000	4,877,000
Economic Development Cabinet	19,221,100	19,221,100		24,641,700	24,641,700		31,737,100	30,446,100	(1,291,000)
Department of Education	3,385,590,700	3,385,590,700		3,555,007,600	3,510,721,300	(44,286,300)	3,752,161,200	3,827,289,100	75,127,900
Education Cabinet	85,699,400	85,699,400		86,179,300	87,189,100	1,009,800	86,404,900	89,564,500	3,159,600
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	81,765,400	81,786,400	21,000	98,598,800	99,373,800	775,000	109,547,500	109,122,500	(425,000)
Finance and Administration Cabinet	419,006,300	419,006,300		469,780,500	480,731,900	10,951,400	479,149,000	483,436,600	4,287,600
Health and Family Services Cabinet	1,645,829,500	1,645,829,500		1,690,857,300	1,698,732,600	7,875,300	1,757,951,400	1,777,534,400	19,583,000
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	555,261,700	555,261,700		591,089,700	567,406,300	(23,683,400)	622,448,000	604,549,900	(17,898,100)
Personnel	8,485,400	8,485,400		14,779,300	12,281,600	(2,497,700)	29,659,400	27,408,200	(2,251,200)
Postsecondary Education	1,244,460,400	1,244,460,400		1,277,491,800	1,280,801,100	3,309,300	1,311,808,300	1,377,191,000	65,382,700
Transportation Cabinet	5,203,500	5,203,500		5,203,400	7,703,400	2,500,000	5,203,400	5,203,400	
Statewide	6,140,700	6,140,700							
<b>Branch Totals</b>	8,033,860,100	8,058,006,100	24,146,000	8,409,665,700	8,377,670,200	(31,995,500)	8,798,699,800	9,014,177,200	215,477,400
Judicial Branch									
Judicial Branch	232,703,000	232,703,000		268,722,300	244,588,600	(24,133,700)	304,031,600	279,376,500	(24,655,100)
<b>Branch Totals</b>	232,703,000	232,703,000		268,722,300	244,588,600	(24,133,700)	304,031,600	279,376,500	(24,655,100)
Legislative Branch									
Legislative Branch	41,370,500	41,370,500		46,788,800	46,788,800		50,182,200	50,182,200	
<b>Branch Totals</b>	41,370,500	41,370,500		46,788,800	46,788,800		50,182,200	50,182,200	
Regular Appropriation	8,307,933,600	8,332,079,600	24,146,000	8,725,176,800	8,669,047,600	(56,129,200)	9,152,913,600	9,343,735,900	190,822,300

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 2:23:12 PF **OPERATING BUDGET**

_	Fiscal Year 2005-2006			Fis	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
GENERAL FUND									
CONTINUED RESERVE S	SPENDING SUMI	MARY BY CABIN	ET						
Executive Branch									
General Government	1,322,600	1,322,600							
Commerce Cabinet	99,100	99,100							
Economic Development Cabinet	501,700	501,700		4,076,700	4,076,700		3,123,600	3,123,600	
Department of Education	7,051,700	7,051,700							
Education Cabinet	631,500	631,500							
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	2,173,700	2,173,700		44,000	44,000		44,000	44,000	
Health and Family Services Cabinet		(3,264,000)	(3,264,000)		876,700	876,700		2,387,300	2,387,300
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	229,300	229,300							
Postsecondary Education	356,400	356,400							
Transportation Cabinet	1,894,300	1,894,300							
BranchTotals	14,260,300	10,996,300	(3,264,000)	4,120,700	4,997,400	876,700	3,167,600	5,554,900	2,387,300
Judicial Branch									
Judicial Branch	2,127,900	2,127,900			2,060,000	2,060,000		3,907,700	3,907,700
BranchTotals	2,127,900	2,127,900			2,060,000	2,060,000		3,907,700	3,907,700
Legislative Branch									
Legislative Branch	5,040,700	5,040,700		1,146,800	1,146,800		141,200	141,200	
BranchTotals	5,040,700	5,040,700		1,146,800	1,146,800		141,200	141,200	
Reserve Spending	21,428,900	18,164,900	(3,264,000)	5,267,500	8,204,200	2,936,700	3,308,800	9,603,800	6,295,000

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 2:23:13 PF **OPERATING BUDGET**

	Fis	Fiscal Year 2005-2006 Fiscal Year 2006-2007 Fiscal Year 2007-2008			8				
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
RESTRICTED FUNDS									
REGULAR APPROPRIA	TIONS SUMMARY	Y BY CABINET							
Executive Branch									
General Government	124,003,300	123,923,300	(80,000)	129,594,200	131,392,600	1,798,400	127,786,900	132,843,000	5,056,100
Commerce Cabinet	143,246,500	143,246,500		146,096,400	146,281,400	185,000	149,829,700	149,829,700	
Economic Development Cabinet	4,600,600	4,600,600		4,086,600	4,086,600		4,107,600	4,107,600	
Department of Education	4,943,400	4,943,400		9,831,300	9,831,300		9,831,300	9,831,300	
Education Cabinet	38,942,900	38,068,300	(874,600)	38,673,900	38,906,900	233,000	38,872,500	39,105,500	233,000
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	429,852,100	429,852,100		430,126,400	429,877,200	(249,200)	424,806,500	424,874,300	67,800
Finance and Administration Cabinet	130,673,900	130,673,900		138,557,000	138,672,100	115,100	140,693,700	140,779,700	86,000
Health and Family Services Cabinet	839,050,000	839,050,000		829,515,600	829,515,600		840,161,600	840,161,600	
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	95,733,000	95,733,000		110,762,500	112,600,400	1,837,900	103,015,300	104,975,700	1,960,400
Personnel	43,735,600	43,735,600		50,127,600	50,377,600	250,000	53,162,000	53,162,000	
Postsecondary Education	2,427,310,100	2,427,310,100		2,590,413,000	2,590,413,000		2,747,723,400	2,747,973,400	250,000
Transportation Cabinet	244,870,300	244,870,300		370,731,100	366,731,100	(4,000,000)	81,542,300	77,542,300	(4,000,000)
<b>Branch Totals</b>	4,526,961,700	4,526,007,100	(954,600)	4,848,515,600	4,848,685,800	170,200	4,721,532,800	4,725,186,100	3,653,300
Judicial Branch									
Judicial Branch	18,463,000	18,463,000		19,480,600	21,780,600	2,300,000	19,785,100	22,085,100	2,300,000
<b>Branch Totals</b>	18,463,000	18,463,000		19,480,600	21,780,600	2,300,000	19,785,100	22,085,100	2,300,000
Legislative Branch									
Legislative Branch	264,600	264,600		69,600	69,600		191,000	191,000	
<b>Branch Totals</b>	264,600	264,600		69,600	69,600		191,000	191,000	
Regular Appropriation	4,545,689,300	4,544,734,700	(954,600)	4,868,065,800	4,870,536,000	2,470,200	4,741,508,900	4,747,462,200	5,953,300

## FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPERATING BUDGET

	Fiscal Year 2005-2006		)6	Fi	scal Year 2006-200	)7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
FEDERAL FUNDS									
REGULAR APPROPRIA	TIONS SUMMAR	Y BY CABINET							
Executive Branch									
General Government	265,750,400	265,750,400		225,524,800	225,524,800		221,595,900	221,595,900	
Commerce Cabinet	16,448,300	16,448,300		14,754,200	14,864,800	110,600	14,279,900	14,406,700	126,800
Economic Development Cabinet	155,400	155,400		155,400	155,400		155,400	155,400	
Department of Education	687,250,500	687,250,500		687,646,900	687,646,900		687,371,400	687,371,400	
Education Cabinet	747,569,900	747,569,900		750,326,700	751,056,000	729,300	750,443,500	751,207,400	763,900
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet	72,551,500	72,551,500		74,763,800	74,763,800		75,575,500	75,575,500	
Finance and Administration Cabinet	3,037,000	3,037,000		1,863,100	1,863,100		1,775,000	1,775,000	
Health and Family Services Cabinet	4,094,269,600	4,094,269,600		4,024,853,000	4,005,325,100	(19,527,900)	4,133,978,600	4,119,198,300	(14,780,300)
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	53,621,100	53,621,100		48,266,600	48,266,600		47,500,600	47,500,600	
Postsecondary Education	634,820,500	634,820,500		666,153,400	666,153,400		702,228,800	702,228,800	
Transportation Cabinet	871,791,800	871,791,800		692,652,400	697,652,400	5,000,000	715,547,900	715,547,900	
<b>Branch Totals</b>	7,447,266,000	7,447,266,000		7,186,960,300	7,173,272,300	(13,688,000)	7,350,452,500	7,336,562,900	(13,889,600)
Judicial Branch									
Judicial Branch	3,036,700	3,036,700		1,769,900	1,769,900		1,431,500	1,431,500	
<b>Branch Totals</b>	3,036,700	3,036,700		1,769,900	1,769,900		1,431,500	1,431,500	
Regular Appropriation	7,450,302,700	7,450,302,700		7,188,730,200	7,175,042,200	(13,688,000)	7,351,884,000	7,337,994,400	(13,889,600)

### FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY 5/31/2006 2:23:13 PM **OPERATING BUDGET**

	Fiscal Year 2005-2006			Fiscal Year 2006-2007			Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
ROAD FUND									
REGULAR APPROPRIATIONS SUMMARY BY CABINET									
<b>Executive Branch</b>									
General Government	600,000	600,000		600,000	600,000		600,000	600,000	
Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet					300,000	300,000		300,000	300,000
Finance and Administration Cabinet	4,331,000	4,331,000		1,718,000	2,400,000	682,000	1,718,000	2,400,000	682,000
Justice and Public Safety Cabinet	42,768,100	42,768,100		48,974,900	63,974,900	15,000,000	48,881,500	63,881,500	15,000,000
Transportation Cabinet	1,144,840,900	1,144,840,900		1,163,041,000	1,162,618,900	(422,100)	1,181,619,900	1,187,955,400	6,335,500
<b>Branch Totals</b>	1,192,540,000	1,192,540,000		1,214,333,900	1,229,893,800	15,559,900	1,232,819,400	1,255,136,900	22,317,500
Regular Appropriation	1,192,540,000	1,192,540,000		1,214,333,900	1,229,893,800	15,559,900	1,232,819,400	1,255,136,900	22,317,500

# FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OPERATING BUDGET

_	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	06	Fis	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fiscal Year 2007-2008			
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
HIGHWAY BOND										
REGULAR APPROPRIAT	TIONS SUMMARY	BY CABINET								
Executive Branch										
Transportation Cabinet	462,552,500	462,552,500		75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000				
Branch Totals	462,552,500	462,552,500		75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000				
Regular Appropriation	462,552,500	462,552,500		75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000				



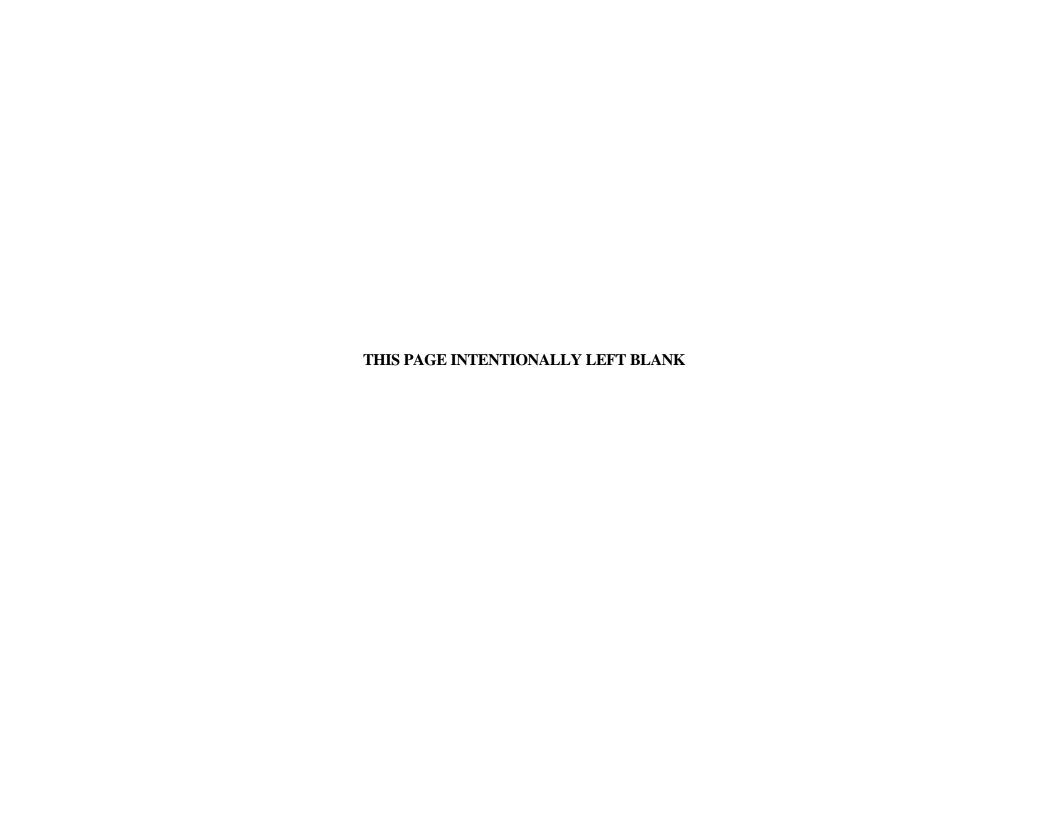




Executive Branch

Summery Totals

Summary Totals									
	F	iscal Year 2005-200	)6	F	iscal Year 2006-200	)7	F	iscal Year 2007-200	08
	Branch	General	D.66	Branch	General	D.66	Branch	General	D.ee
	Budget	Assembly	Difference	Budget	Assembly	Difference	Budget	Assembly	Difference
I. APPROPRIATIONS S	UMMARY BY FU	JND SOURCE							
General Fund (Tobacco)	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	88,800,000		94,000,000	94,000,000	
General Fund	8,033,860,100	8,058,006,100	24,146,000	8,409,665,700	8,377,670,200	(31,995,500)	8,798,699,800	9,014,177,200	215,477,400
Restricted Funds	4,526,961,700	4,526,007,100	(954,600)	4,848,515,600	4,848,685,800	170,200	4,721,532,800	4,725,186,100	3,653,300
Federal Funds	7,447,266,000	7,447,266,000		7,186,960,300	7,173,272,300	(13,688,000)	7,350,452,500	7,336,562,900	(13,889,600)
Road Fund	1,192,540,000	1,192,540,000		1,214,333,900	1,229,893,800	15,559,900	1,232,819,400	1,255,136,900	22,317,500
Highway Bond	462,552,500	462,552,500		75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000			
Regular Total Funds	21,755,056,200	21,778,247,600	23,191,400	21,823,275,500	22,068,322,100	245,046,600	22,197,504,500	22,425,063,100	227,558,600
Use of Continuing	32,619,100	2,355,100	(30,264,000)	6,917,200	11,793,900	4,876,700	12,676,300	18,063,600	5,387,300
TOTAL FUNDS	21,787,675,300	21,780,602,700	(7,072,600)	21,830,192,700	22,080,116,000	249,923,300	22,210,180,800	22,443,126,700	232,945,900
II. EXPENDITURE CATI	EGORY								
Personnel Costs	4,655,099,200	4,654,922,500	(176,700)	4,844,695,200	4,842,305,000	(2,390,200)	5,008,813,900	5,014,935,400	6,121,500
Operating Expenses	2,186,011,700	2,183,032,700	(2,979,000)	2,302,951,700	2,320,021,100	17,069,400	2,398,118,600	2,470,750,900	72,632,300
Grants, Loans, Benefits	12,366,273,200	12,362,356,300	(3,916,900)	12,497,566,500	12,442,479,800	(55,086,700)	12,925,721,500	13,024,303,400	98,581,900
Debt Service	646,477,600	646,477,600		739,233,200	755,491,800	16,258,600	779,770,900	846,206,600	66,435,700
Capital Outlay	176,734,800	176,734,800		171,942,300	168,626,300	(3,316,000)	167,622,200	164,110,200	(3,512,000)
Construction	1,757,078,800	1,757,078,800		1,273,803,800	1,551,192,000	277,388,200	930,133,700	922,820,200	(7,313,500)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,787,675,300	21,780,602,700	(7,072,600)	21,830,192,700	22,080,116,000	249,923,300	22,210,180,800	22,443,126,700	232,945,900
III. BASE LEVEL BUDG	ET RV FIIND SO	UDCE							
General Fund (Tobacco)	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	84,800,000	(4,000,000)	92,129,900	89,129,900	(3,000,000)
General Fund	7,944,157,900	7,971,157,900	27,000,000	7,982,061,000	7,930,543,400	(51,517,600)	7,970,415,200	7,922,782,900	(47,632,300)
Restricted Funds	4,518,939,800	4,518,337,800	(602,000)	4,328,706,300	4,326,039,300	(2,667,000)	4,343,216,600	4,337,810,700	(5,405,900)
Federal Funds	7,172,739,800	7,172,739,800	(002,000)	6,839,654,800	6,818,410,300	(21,244,500)	6,825,456,700	6,805,305,200	(20,151,500)
Road Fund	1,179,734,300	1,179,734,300		1,176,450,100	1,170,754,100	(5,696,000)	1,184,875,400	1,175,867,400	(9,008,000)
Highway Bond	462,552,500	462,552,500		, -,,	, -, - ,	(=,===,===,	, - ,,	, -, ,	(-,,
Regular Total Funds	21,370,000,200	21,396,398,200	26,398,000	20,415,672,200	20,330,547,100	(85,125,100)	20,416,093,800	20,330,896,100	(85,197,700)
Use of Continuing	32,619,100	2,355,100	(30,264,000)	6,917,200	11,793,900	4,876,700	12,676,300	18,063,600	5,387,300
TOTAL BASE LEVEL	21,402,619,300	21,398,753,300	(3,866,000)	20,422,589,400	20,342,341,000	(80,248,400)	20,428,770,100	20,348,959,700	(79,810,400)
IV. ADDITIONAL BUDG	SET RECAP BY F	FUND SOURCE							
General Fund (Tobacco)					4,000,000	4,000,000	1,870,100	4,870,100	3,000,000
General Fund	89,702,200	86,848,200	(2,854,000)	427,604,700	447,126,800	19,522,100	828,284,600	1,091,394,300	263,109,700
Restricted Funds	8,021,900	7,669,300	(352,600)	519,809,300	522,646,500	2,837,200	378,316,200	387,375,400	9,059,200
Federal Funds	274,526,200	274,526,200		347,305,500	354,862,000	7,556,500	524,995,800	531,257,700	6,261,900
Road Fund	12,805,700	12,805,700		37,883,800	59,139,700	21,255,900	47,944,000	79,269,500	31,325,500
Highway Bond				75,000,000	350,000,000	275,000,000			
TOTAL ADDITIONAL	385,056,000	381,849,400	(3,206,600)	1,407,603,300	1,737,775,000	330,171,700	1,781,410,700	2,094,167,000	312,756,300



BR-60

## FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

5/31/2006 10:19:30 Al

Executive Branch
Summary Totals

**Capital Budget** 

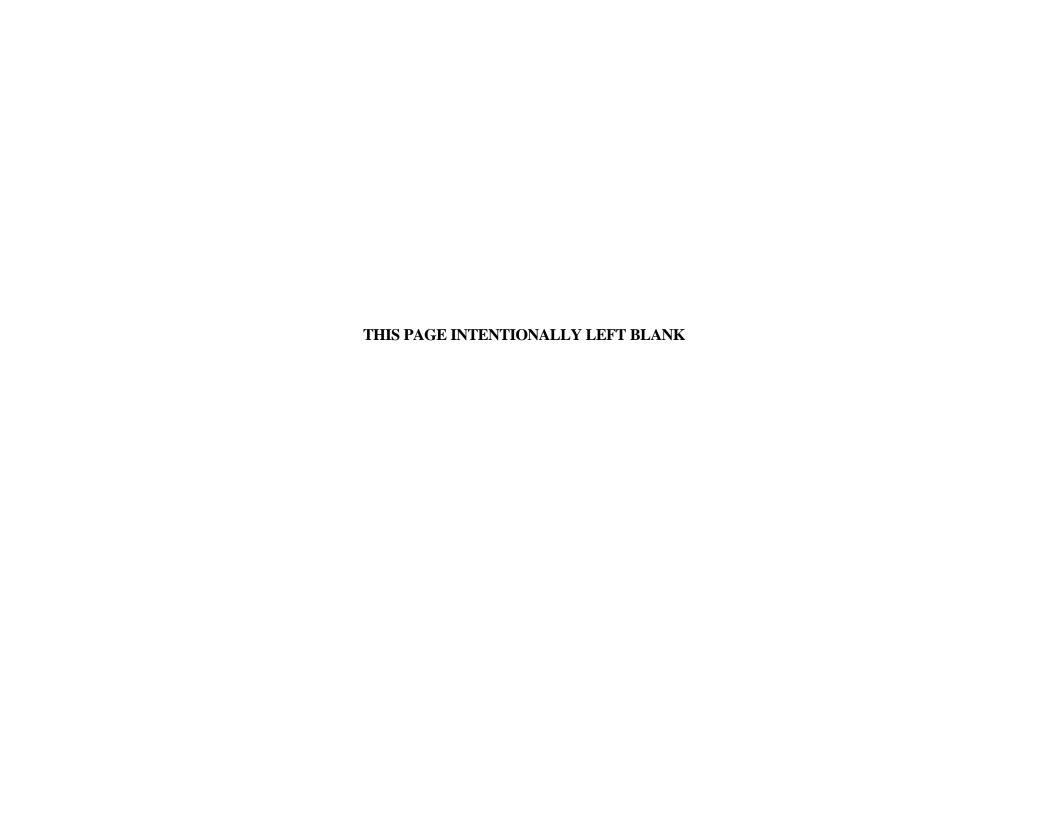
	F	iscal Year 2005-200	6	Fi	scal Year 2006-200	07	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	08
- -	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
I. CAPITAL PROJECT RI	ECAP BY FUND	SOURCE							
General Fund				1,200,000	22,145,800	20,945,800	1,400,000	11,103,000	9,703,000
Restricted Funds		4,320,000	4,320,000	1,482,810,000	1,675,005,401	192,195,401	38,550,000	60,762,200	22,212,200
Federal Funds				178,982,000	179,399,100	417,100	16,190,000	22,190,000	6,000,000
Road Fund				10,285,000	10,285,000		6,795,000	6,795,000	
Bond Funds				652,595,000	1,394,691,000	742,096,000	5,000,000		(5,000,000)
Agency Bonds				205,132,000	267,537,000	62,405,000			
Capital Construction Surplus	;			4,107,000	4,107,000		1,045,000	1,045,000	
Investment Income				12,100,000	10,900,000	(1,200,000)	11,140,000	10,810,000	(330,000)
Other Funds				84,240,000	249,138,000	164,898,000	11,970,000	17,868,000	5,898,000
Deferred Maintenance				332,000		(332,000)			
Emergency Repair Maintena and Replacement	ince			2,200,000	1,700,000	(500,000)			
TOTAL CAPITAL		4,320,000	4,320,000	2,633,983,001	3,814,908,301	1,180,925,301	92,090,000	130,573,200	38,483,200



Judicial Branch

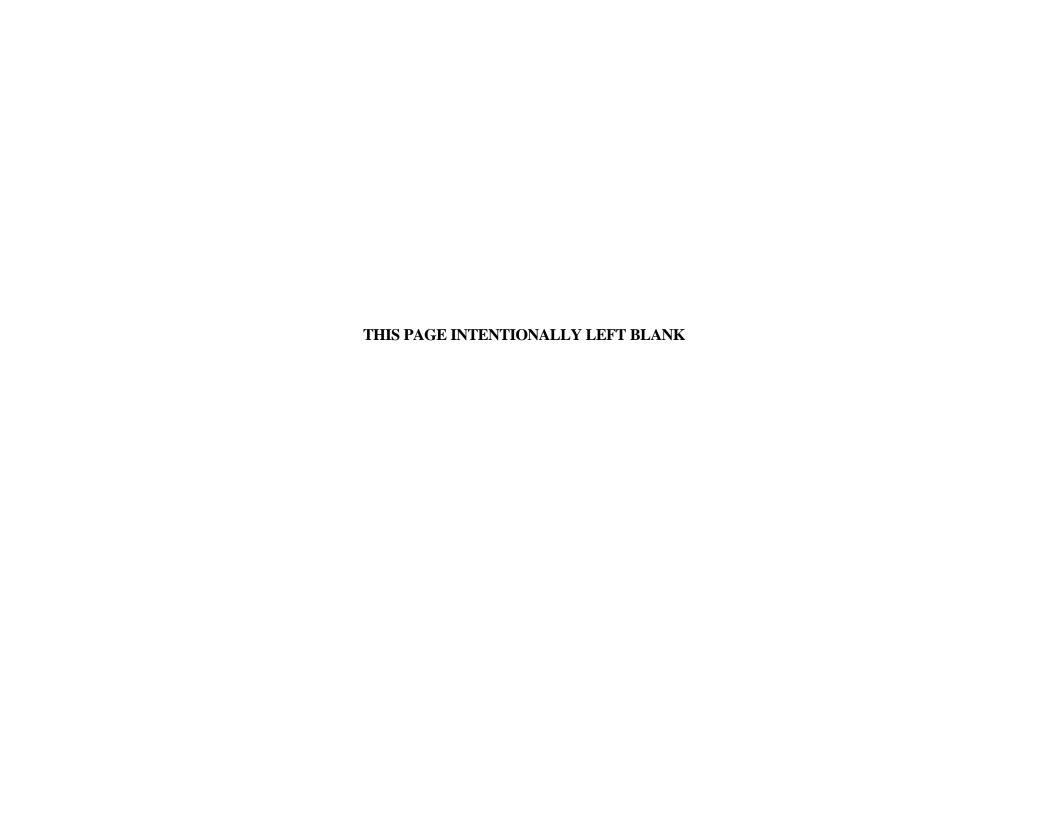
Operating Budget

	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	6	Fise	cal Year 2006-200	7	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	)8
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
I. APPROPRIATIONS SU	JMMARY BY FUN	ND SOURCE							
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700		268,722,300 19,480,600 1,769,900	244,588,600 21,780,600 1,769,900	(24,133,700) 2,300,000	304,031,600 19,785,100 1,431,500	279,376,500 22,085,100 1,431,500	(24,655,100) 2,300,000
Regular Total Funds	254,202,700	254,202,700		289,972,800	268,139,100	(21,833,700)	325,248,200	302,893,100	(22,355,100)
Use of Continuing	2,127,900	2,127,900			2,060,000	2,060,000		3,907,700	3,907,700
TOTAL FUNDS	256,330,600	256,330,600		289,972,800	270,199,100	(19,773,700)	325,248,200	306,800,800	(18,447,400)
II. EXPENDITURE CATE	GORY								
Personnel Costs	170,446,000	170,446,000		190,997,700	173,204,200	(17,793,500)	205,285,300	188,961,500	(16,323,800)
Operating Expenses	84,522,800	84,522,800		97,200,800	95,270,600	(1,930,200)	115,474,000	113,360,400	(2,113,600)
Capital Outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,361,800 <b>256,330,600</b>	1,361,800 <b>256.330.600</b>		1,774,300 <b>289,972,800</b>	1,724,300 <b>270,199,100</b>	(50,000) <b>(19,773,700)</b>	4,488,900 <b>325,248,200</b>	4,478,900 <b>306.800.800</b>	(10,000) <b>(18,447,400</b> )
III. BASE LEVEL BUDGI	ET BY FUND SOU	RCE							
General Fund Restricted Funds	232,703,000 18,463,000	232,703,000 18,463,000		231,696,000 17,159,600 1,634,400	229,636,000 17,159,600 1,634,400	(2,060,000)	255,057,900 16,401,200 1,269,200	251,150,200 16,401,200 1,269,200	(3,907,700)
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700		17,159,600 1,634,400	17,159,600 1,634,400	, , ,	16,401,200 1,269,200	16,401,200 1,269,200	
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds Regular Total Funds	232,703,000 18,463,000	232,703,000 18,463,000		17,159,600	17,159,600	(2,060,000) (2,060,000) 2,060,000	16,401,200	16,401,200	(3,907,700) (3,907,700) 3,907,700
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700 <b>254,202,700</b>	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700 <b>254,202,700</b>		17,159,600 1,634,400	17,159,600 1,634,400 <b>248,430,000</b>	(2,060,000)	16,401,200 1,269,200	16,401,200 1,269,200 <b>268,820,600</b>	(3,907,700)
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds Regular Total Funds Use of Continuing TOTAL BASE LEVEL	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700 <b>254,202,700</b> 2,127,900 <b>256,330,600</b>	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700 <b>254,202,700</b> 2,127,900 <b>256,330,600</b>		17,159,600 1,634,400 <b>250,490,000</b>	17,159,600 1,634,400 <b>248,430,000</b> 2,060,000	(2,060,000)	16,401,200 1,269,200 <b>272,728,300</b>	16,401,200 1,269,200 <b>268,820,600</b> 3,907,700	(3,907,700)
General Fund Restricted Funds Federal Funds Regular Total Funds Use of Continuing	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700 <b>254,202,700</b> 2,127,900 <b>256,330,600</b>	232,703,000 18,463,000 3,036,700 <b>254,202,700</b> 2,127,900 <b>256,330,600</b>		17,159,600 1,634,400 <b>250,490,000</b>	17,159,600 1,634,400 <b>248,430,000</b> 2,060,000	(2,060,000)	16,401,200 1,269,200 <b>272,728,300</b>	16,401,200 1,269,200 <b>268,820,600</b> 3,907,700	(3,907,700



Legislative Branch	Operating Budget
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	Fis	cal Year 2005-200	)6	Fis	cal Year 2006-200	)7	Fis	cal Year 2007-200	)8
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
I. APPROPRIATIONS SU	MMARY BY FUN	ND SOURCE							
General Fund Restricted Funds	41,370,500 264,600	41,370,500 264,600		46,788,800 69,600	46,788,800 69,600		50,182,200 191,000	50,182,200 191,000	
Regular Total Funds	41,635,100	41,635,100		46,858,400	46,858,400		50,373,200	50,373,200	
Use of Continuing	5,040,700	5,040,700		1,146,800	1,146,800		141,200	141,200	
TOTAL FUNDS	46,675,800	46,675,800		48,005,200	48,005,200		50,514,400	50,514,400	
Operating Expenses Capital Outlay	8,999,300 277,500	8,999,300 277,500		8,174,200 2,120,000	8,174,200 2,120,000		8,956,300 290,000	8,956,300 290,000	
		37,399,000 8,999,300 277,500 <b>46,675,800</b>		37,711,000 8,174,200 2,120,000 <b>48,005,200</b>	37,711,000 8,174,200 2,120,000 <b>48,005,200</b>		41,268,100 8,956,300 290,000 <b>50,514,400</b>	41,268,100 8,956,300 290,000 <b>50,514,400</b>	
	,,	,,		,,	,,		,	,	
III. BASE LEVEL BUDGE	T BY FUND SOU	RCE							
General Fund Restricted Funds	41,370,500 264,600	41,370,500 264,600		46,788,800 69,600	46,788,800 69,600		50,182,200 191,000	50,182,200 191,000	
Regular Total Funds	41,635,100	41,635,100		46,858,400	46,858,400		50,373,200	50,373,200	
Use of Continuing	5,040,700	5,040,700		1,146,800	1,146,800		141,200	141,200	
TOTAL BASE LEVEL	46,675,800	46,675,800		48,005,200	48,005,200		50,514,400	50,514,400	



# FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY BOND PROJECT RECORD

					i ocope (bolia te				
•		Branch			General Assem	bly	General Assembly (vetos reflected		
•	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008
Bond Funds		652,595,000	5,000,000		1,558,923,000			1,394,691,000	
General Government		113,000,000			525,415,000			499,415,000	
Veterans' Affairs									
Western KY Veterans Center - Alzheimers/General Care Unit				20	1,757,000		20	1,757,000	
Kentucky Infrastructure Authority									
<sup>2</sup> KIA Fund A - Federally Assisted Wastewater Program-Matching Funds	20	4,000,000		20	4,000,000		20	4,000,000	
<sup>3</sup> KIA Fund F - Drinking Water Revolving Loan Program-Matching Funds	20	4,000,000		20	4,000,000		20	4,000,000	
KIA Infrastructure for Economic     Development - Coal				20	100,000,000		20	100,000,000	
5 KIA Infrastructure for Economic Development - Non Coal				20	150,000,000		20	150,000,000	
Military Affairs									
6 Acquire Land for Wendell H. Ford Training Center				20	4,500,000		20	4,500,000	
Governors Office for Local Development									
7 Community Development Projects				20	75,658,000		20	75,658,000	
8 GOLD-Community Economic Grant     Program	20	5,000,000							
<sup>9</sup> Owenton/Owen County Natural Gas Line Project				20	5,000,000		20	5,000,000	
10 The Louisville Zoo - Glacier Run				20	6,000,000				
11 Warren County Fiscal Court Transpark - Rail Spur				20	4,500,000		20	4,500,000	
Agriculture									
12 Animal Shelters				7	2,500,000				
Kentucky River Authority							_		
13 KRA - Locks and Dams Renovation & Maintenance Pool				20	17,500,000				
School Facilities Construction Commissio	n						_		
14 Additional Offers of Assistance				20	50,000,000		20	50,000,000	
<sup>15</sup> Offers of Assistance	20	100,000,000		20	100,000,000		20	100,000,000	

_			Dicilii	ai i i oject	Scope (bolid tel	ilis liotea)			
		Branch			General Assem	bly	General	Assembly (veto	s reflected
•	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 200
Commerce		45,008,000			108,367,000			98,367,000	
Parks									
<sup>16</sup> E.P. "Tom" Sawyer-Convention Center	20	1,000,000							
17 Parks Development Pool				20	60,000,000		20	60,000,000	
18 Parks Renovation Pool	20	8,000,000		20	8,000,000				
Horse Park Commission									
<sup>19</sup> Horse Park Indoor Arena	20	34,820,000		20	36,500,000		20	36,500,000	
State Fair Board									
20 KY State Fair & Exposition Center- Pavilion Roof	20	1,188,000		20	1,250,000		20	1,250,000	
21 Upgrade HVAC Systems				20	2,000,000				
Historical Society									
22 Perryville Battlefield				20	617,000		20	617,000	
<b>Economic Development</b>		30,000,000			37,500,000			37,500,000	
Secretary									
23 New Economy High Tech Construction/Investment Pool	20	20,000,000		20	20,000,000		20	20,000,000	
Financial Incentives									
24 Economic Development Bond Pool	20	10,000,000		20	17,500,000		20	17,500,000	
Department of Education		37,350,000			90,650,000			72,400,000	
Operation and Support Services									
25 Education Technology Pool				5	50,000,000		5	50,000,000	
26 Kentucky Education Network				10	8,900,000		10	8,900,000	
27 Knowledge Management Portal	10	6,250,000		10	3,250,000				
28 Letcher County Central Vocational Center				20	2,000,000		20	2,000,000	
<sup>29</sup> On-Line Assessment	10	15,000,000		10	15,000,000			·	
30 P-16 Education IT Integration Initiative	10	16,100,000			·				
31 Rockastle County Vocational and Technical Center				20	1,500,000		20	1,500,000	
32 Student Information System				10	10,000,000		10		

			Bienni	iai Project	Scope (bond te	rms notea)			
		Branch			General Assem	bly	General Assembly (vetos reflected)		
	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008
Education Cabinet					15,707,000			15,707,000	
Kentucky Education Television									
33 Replace Master Control & Production Infrastructure				5	15,707,000		5	15,707,000	
Environmental and Public Protection		25,000,000			25,000,000			25,000,000	
Petroleum Storage Tank Environmental A	ssurance	Fund							
34 Petroleum Underground Storage Tank	10	25,000,000		10	25,000,000		10	25,000,000	
Finance and Administration		135,208,000	5,000,000		141,192,000			141,192,000	
General Administration									
35 New Louisville Arena	20	75,000,000		20	75,000,000		20	75,000,000	
Facilities and Support Services									
36 Capital Plaza Tower-Design Renovation Project	20	4,942,000		20	4,942,000		20	4,942,000	
37 Renovate State Office Building Phase II	20	12,699,000		20	13,600,000		20	13,600,000	
38 Statewide Repair, Maintenance and Replacement Pool	10	5,000,000	5,000,000	10	10,000,000		10	10,000,000	
Commonwealth Office of Technology									
39 Data Center Readiness	20	1,317,000		20	1,400,000		20	1,400,000	
40 Public Safety Commission Infrastructure - KEWS-Phase II	10	13,000,000		10	13,000,000		10	13,000,000	
Revenue									
41 Implement a Comprehensive Tax System	10	23,250,000		10	23,250,000		10	23,250,000	
Health and Family Services		5,146,000			25,515,000			23,515,000	
General Administration									
42 TWIST Re-Write-Phase II	10	3,134,000		10	3,134,000		10	3,134,000	
Public Health									
43 Local and District Health Department Construction Pool				20	10,000,000		20	10,000,000	
Mental Health and Mental Retardation Ser									
44 Oakwood-Replace Chillers	20	2,012,000		20	2,131,000		20	2,131,000	
Community Based Services									
<sup>45</sup> Brooklawn Child and Family Services				20	2,000,000				

Bienniai Project Scope (bond terms noted)									
	Branch			General Assem	bly	General Assembly (vetos reflected)			
Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	
			20	8,250,000		20	8,250,000		
	1,607,000			1,697,000			1,697,000		
20	1,607,000		20	1,697,000		20	1,697,000		
	260,276,000			587,880,000			479,898,000		
			7	6,000,000					
20	13,000,000		20	13,927,000					
			7	10,000,000					
			20	54,108,000		20	54,108,000		
20	5,121,000			5,300,000					
			20	3,500,000		20	3,500,000		
			20	4,900,000					
20	4,707,000		20	4,920,000		20	4,920,000		
			20	2,500,000					
20	15,000,000		20	23,000,000		20	23,000,000		
			20	3,400,000		20	3,400,000		
			20	15,000,000		20	15,000,000		
			20	35,500,000		20	35,500,000		
20	14,192,000				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	20 20 20	Term         FY 2007           1,607,000           20         1,607,000           260,276,000           20         13,000,000           20         5,121,000           20         4,707,000           20         15,000,000	Term         FY 2007         FY 2008           1,607,000         20         1,607,000           20         13,000,000         20           20         5,121,000         20           20         4,707,000         20	Term         FY 2007         FY 2008         Term 20           1,607,000         20           260,276,000         7           20         13,000,000         20           20         5,121,000         20           20         20         20           20         4,707,000         20           20         15,000,000         20           20         20         20           20         20         20	Term         FY 2007         FY 2008         Term 20 8,250,000         FY 2007 8,250,000           1,607,000         1,697,000         20 1,697,000         1,697,000           260,276,000         587,880,000         7 6,000,000           20 13,000,000         20 13,927,000         7 10,000,000           20 54,108,000         20 54,108,000         20 5,300,000           20 4,900,000         20 4,900,000         20 4,900,000           20 4,707,000         20 4,920,000         20 2,500,000           20 15,000,000         20 3,400,000         20 3,400,000           20 15,000,000         20 3,400,000         20 3,500,000	Term         FY 2007         FY 2008         Term 20         FY 2007 8,250,000         FY 2008           1,607,000         1,697,000         1,697,000         1,697,000         20         1,697,000           20         1,607,000         587,880,000         7         6,000,000         6,000,000           20         13,000,000         20         13,927,000         7         10,000,000           20         5,121,000         20         5,300,000         20         3,500,000           20         4,707,000         20         4,920,000         20         2,500,000           20         15,000,000         20         23,000,000         20         3,400,000           20         15,000,000         20         3,500,000         20         15,000,000	Term         FY 2007         FY 2008         Term 20         FY 2007 8,250,000         FY 2008 20         Term 20           1,607,000         1,697,000         20         1,697,000         20           260,276,000         587,880,000         7         6,000,000           20         13,000,000         20         13,927,000           20         54,108,000         20           20         5,121,000         20         5,300,000           20         4,900,000         20           20         4,900,000         20           20         4,900,000         20           20         4,900,000         20           20         4,900,000         20           20         3,400,000         20           20         15,000,000         20           20         3,400,000         20           20         15,000,000         20	Term         FY 2007         FY 2008         Term         FY 2007         FY 2008         Term         FY 2007         EY 2008         Term         FY 2007         Ry 2009         Ry 2009	

		Branch			General Assem	bly	General Assembly (vetos reflected)		
·	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008
University of Kentucky									
62 Biological/Pharmaceutical Complex- Phase II	20	75,968,000		20	79,892,000		20	79,892,000	
63 Livestock Disease Diagnostic Center, Phase II				20	13,500,000				
University of Louisville									
64 Health Sciences Center Research Facility-Phase III Addition	20	65,997,000		20	69,680,000		20	69,680,000	
Western Kentucky University									
65 Construct Materials Characterization Center/ICSET-Ph II	20	4,311,000		20	4,500,000				
66 Construct a College of Education Building				20	35,000,000		20	35,000,000	
67 Renovate Science Campus-Phase III	20	6,700,000		20	9,000,000				
Replace Ford College of Business-Grise Hall, Phase I				20	5,800,000				
<b>Kentucky Community and Technical Colle</b>	ge System	1							
69 Advanced Manufacturing Technology Center - Gateway CTC	20	26,607,000		20	28,000,000		20	28,000,000	
70 Advanced Technology Center - Owensboro CTC				20	14,055,000				
71 Bluegrass Advanced Manufacturing Technology Center - Design				20	1,500,000		20	1,500,000	
72 Carrollton Campus - Jefferson CTC				20	12,000,000				
73 Construct Administration Building, - Maysville CTC				20	5,008,000		20	5,008,000	
<ul> <li>74 Construct Central Regional</li> <li>Postsecondary Ed Center Phase II -</li> <li>Elizabethtown CTC</li> </ul>				20	20,000,000		20	20,000,000	
75 Construct Science/Allied Health Bldg - JCTC				20	25,557,000		20	25,557,000	
76 Emerging Tech Center West Ky Comm & Tech	20	15,473,000		20	16,518,000		20	16,518,000	
77 Energy and Advanced Technology Center - Madisonville CC				20	4,000,000				
78 Franklin Technology Center - Project Expansion				20	2,700,000		20	2,700,000	
79 Licking Valley Campus, Phase II - Maysville CTC				20	1,000,000				
80 McCreary Center - Somerset Community College				20	6,500,000		20	6,500,000	

	Branch				General Assembly			General Assembly (vetos reflected)		
	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	
81 Mercer County Technical Center				20	4,000,000		20	4,000,000		
82 Rowan County Campus - Planning and Design - Maysville CTC				20	1,500,000					
83 Somerset CC Laurel-Construct Allied Health/Tech Ed Bldg	20	13,200,000		20	14,015,000		20	14,015,000		
84 Springfield Community and Technical College				20	14,500,000		20	14,500,000		
85 Tech Drive Campus, Phase III - Ashland CTC				20	17,600,000		20	17,600,000		

Agency Bonds		205,132,000		471,901,000		267,537,000		
General Government	ral Government		33,200,000			33,200,000		
Kentucky River Authority								
86 KRA - Locks and Dams Renovation & Maintenance Pool			20	33,200,000	20	33,200,000		
B		005 400 000		400 704 000		004 007 000		
Postsecondary Education		205,132,000		438,701,000		234,337,000		
Eastern Kentucky University								
87 New Student Housing	20	9,961,000	20	10,520,000				
Kentucky State University								
88 Construct Parking Structure			20	7,000,000				
Morehead State University								
89 Construct Student Recreation Center			20	17,000,000				
90 Renovate Student Housing Facilities			20	10,000,000				
Murray State University								
91 New Residential College	20	12,106,000	20	13,077,000	20	13,077,000		
92 Renovate Curris Center and T-Room			20	750,000				
93 Replace Franklin Hall			20	13,077,000				
Northern Kentucky University								
94 Construct Parking Garage # 3			20	15,400,000	20	15,400,000		
95 Construct Student Housing			20	23,000,000				
96 Expand Norse Commons			20	1,400,000				
97 Student Union Building	20	17,360,000	20	17,360,000	20	17,360,000		

		Branch		General Assembly			General Assembly (vetos reflected)		
	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008
University of Kentucky									
98 Construct Patient Care Facility, Phase II - Hospital	20	130,000,000		20	150,000,000		20	150,000,000	
99 Install HVAC - Keeneland Hall				20	7,013,000				
100 Renovate Blazer Hall Cafeteria				20	3,010,000				
University of Louisville									
101 Construct Basketball Practice Facility, Phase II				20	16,140,000				
102 Construct Center for Predictive Medicine	20	11,549,000		20	13,000,000		20	13,000,000	
103 Construct HSC Parking Structure II				20	26,113,000				
<ul><li>104 Renovate Medical Dental Research</li><li>Building, Phase IV</li></ul>				20	19,800,000				
105 Renovate Miller Hall				20	11,541,000				
Western Kentucky University									
<sup>106</sup> Acquire Property & Construct Parking				20	4,000,000				
Lots									
107 Expand Preston Center				20	10,000,000				
108 Ivan Wilson Fine Arts Center Expansion				20	8,000,000				
109 Renovate Academic/Athletic Facility #2	20	24,156,000		20	25,500,000		20	25,500,000	
110 Van Meter Hall Renovation				20	16,000,000				

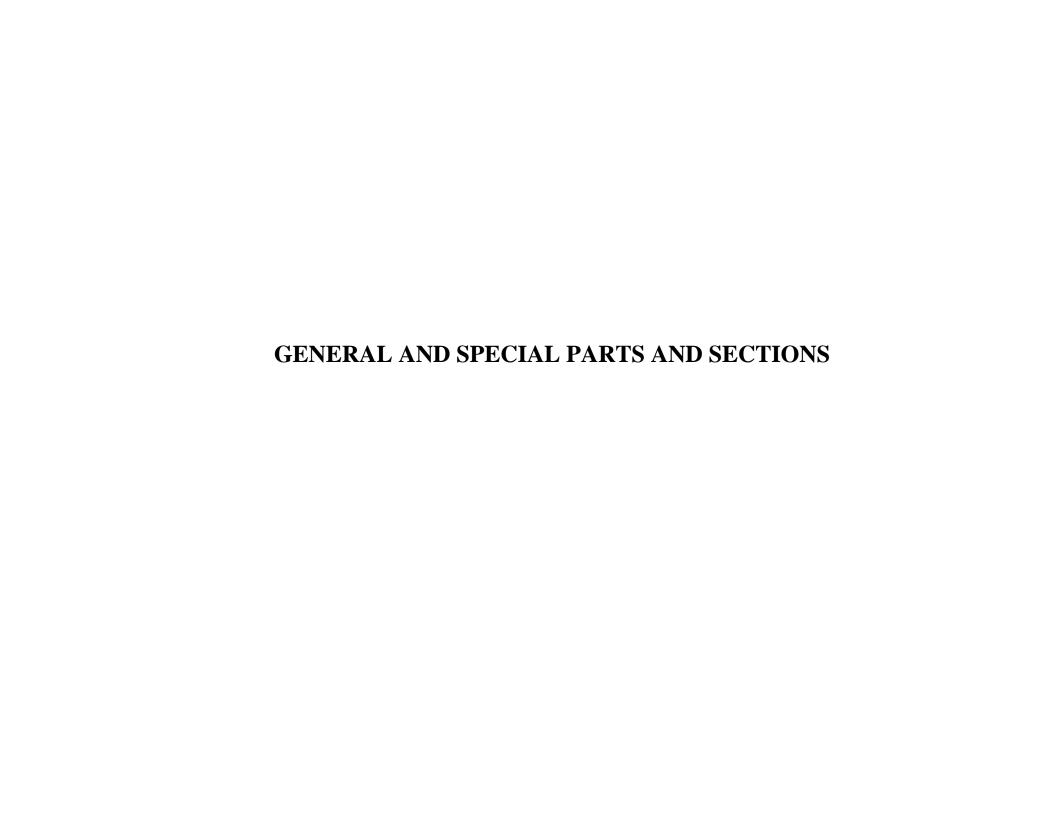
Road Fund Bonds		75,000,000		350,000,000		350,000,000	
Transportation		75,000,000		350,000,000		350,000,000	
Highways							
111 Highway Bonds			20	350,000,000	20	350,000,000	
Revenue Sharing							
112 Highway Bonds-County and Municipal	20	75,000,000					

	Branch			eneral Assem	bly	General Assembly (vetos reflected)			
Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	Term	FY 2007	FY 2008	
Summary									
Bond Funds	652,595,000	5,000,000	1,558,923,000				394,691,000		
<b>Agency Bonds</b>	205,132,000		471,901,000				267,537,000		
<b>Road Fund Bonds</b>	75,000,000			350,000,000			350,000,000		
Totals	932,727,000	5,000,000	2	,380,824,000		2,	012,228,000		

Note 1: The bonds proposed for the High Tech Construction and High Tech Investment Bond Pool within the Cabinet for Economic Development are assumed to be taxable.

Note 2: Included in the Transportation Cabinet's budget is a Federal Fund appropriation in the amount of \$34,963,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and fiscal year 2007-2008 for debt service on GARVEE bonds. The debt service will generate approximately \$290 million in Bond Funds.

Note 3: The governor vetoed two projects within the \$75,658,000 bond authorization for Community Development Projects in the Governor's Office for Local Development. The veto amount was \$1.7 million, debt service of \$157,000 is assumed to lapse.









## Part II - Capital Projects Budget

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part II, Capital Projects Budget, includes the following directives:

- (1) Capital Construction Fund Appropriations and Reauthorizations: Moneys in the Capital Construction Fund are appropriated for the following capital projects subject to the conditions and procedures in this Act. Items listed without appropriated amounts are previously authorized for which no additional amount is required. These items are listed in order to continue their current authorization into the 2006-2008 fiscal biennium. Unless otherwise specified, reauthorized projects shall conform to the original authorization enacted by the General Assembly.
- (2) Expiration of Existing Line-Item Capital Construction Projects: All appropriations to existing line-item capital construction projects expire on June 30, 2006, unless reauthorized in this Act with the following exceptions: (a) A construction contract for the project shall have been awarded by June 30, 2006; (b) Permanent financing or a short-term line of credit sufficient to cover the total authorized project scope shall have been obtained in the case of projects authorized for bonds, provided that the authorized project completes an initial draw on the line of credit within the biennium immediately subsequent to the original authorization; and (c) Grant or loan agreements, if applicable, shall have been finalized and properly signed by all necessary parties. Notwithstanding the criteria set forth in this section, the disposition of 2004-2006 biennium nonstatutory appropriated maintenance pools funded from Capital Construction Investment Income shall remain subject to the provisions of KRS 45.770(4)(c).
- (3) **New Bond Projects:** Bond projects authorized for the first time in this Part which have debt service supported by state General Fund appropriations are authorized in the first year of the biennium. Debt service has been included effective July 1, 2007, for all new bond projects.
- (4) **Bond Proceeds Investment Income:** Investment income earned from bond proceeds beyond that which is required to satisfy Internal Revenue Service arbitrage rebates and penalties and excess bond proceeds upon the completion of a bond-financed capital project may be used to pay debt service according to the Internal Revenue Service Code and accompanying regulations. Notwithstanding KRS 48.010(13)(b), 48.720, or any section of this Act, any funds appropriated but not required to pay debt service because of this fund source substitution shall be credited to the Statewide Deferred Maintenance Fund account each year. Unneeded debt service resulting from any other circumstance shall lapse in accordance with KRS 48.010(13)(b), 48.720, and other provisions of this Act except for the following: if the fund balance in the Emergency Repair, Maintenance, and Replacement Fund falls below \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007, any debt service lapse necessary to bring the fund balance to \$5,000,000 in that fiscal year shall be credited to the Emergency Repair, Maintenance, and Replacement Fund. No transfer to the Emergency Repair, Maintenance, and

## **Part II - Capital Projects Budget**

Replacement Fund, or the Statewide Deferred Maintenance Pool account, shall be made based on the above provisions if the lapse from other General Fund accounts is insufficient to meet appropriations approved in other Parts of this Act.

- Appropriations for Projects Not Line-Itemized: Inasmuch as the identification of specific projects in a variety of areas of the state government cannot be ascertained with absolute certainty at this time, amounts are appropriated for specific purposes to projects which are not individually identified in this Act in the following areas: Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Water and Sewer Projects; Repair of State-Owned Dams; Land Acquisition; Property Demolition; Guaranteed Energy Savings projects; Wetland and Stream Mitigation; Phase I Tobacco Settlement Agricultural Development Initiative; Economic Development projects which shall include authorization for the High-Tech Construction Pool and the High-Tech Investment Pool; Infrastructure projects; the Capital Renewal and Maintenance Bond Pool; Heritage Land Conservation projects; Flood Control projects; the Parks Renovation Pool; the Statewide Repair, Maintenance, and Replacement Pool; and University Major Items of Equipment Pools. Any projects estimated to cost over \$400,000 and equipment estimated to cost over \$100,000 shall be reported to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee. All moneys transferred to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for capital construction from any appropriations, including income from investments, shall be expended, accounted for, and otherwise treated in the same manner as funds appropriated directly to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for capital construction.
- (6) **Jefferson County Medical Society:** Notwithstanding KRS Chapter 45A or any other statute or provision of the law to the contrary, the Commonwealth releases the Medical Foundation of the Jefferson County Medical Society from its Promissory Note dated June 15, 1979, in the principal amount of \$110,000.
- Mansion and notwithstanding KRS 11.027, 41.290, 56.491, and 337.505 to 337.550, KRS Chapter 45A, or any other provision of law to the contrary, the Finance and Administration Cabinet is authorized to enter into an agreement with the Governor's Mansion Preservation Foundation (the foundation) concerning the renovation of the Executive Mansion. All design drawings for the renovation shall be inspected and approved by the Division of Historic Properties for the purpose of ensuring that the work and materials are consistent with the principles of historic preservation and in compliance with all applicable codes and regulations. All work shall be conducted under the supervision of the Finance and Administration Cabinet's Division of Historic Properties, and all such work shall become the property of the Commonwealth. The foundation shall have the authority to select contractors and service providers and to enter into contracts to purchase or receive donations of goods, materials, and services necessary to the renovation; provided, however, that payment and performance bonds in an amount deemed by the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet to be

## **Part II - Capital Projects Budget**

appropriate for the protection of the Commonwealth's interest therein shall be provided with respect to work performed on the Executive Mansion.

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following changes:

- (2) Expiration of Existing Line-Item Capital Construction Projects: All appropriations to existing line-item capital construction projects expire on June 30, 2006, unless reauthorized in this Act with the following exceptions: (a) A construction contract for the project shall have been awarded by June 30, 2006; (b) Permanent financing or a short-term line of credit sufficient to cover the total authorized project scope shall have been obtained in the case of projects authorized for bonds, provided that the authorized project completes an initial draw on the line of credit within the biennium immediately subsequent to the original authorization; (c) Grant or loan agreements, if applicable, shall have been finalized and properly signed by all necessary parties. Notwithstanding the criteria set forth in this section, the disposition of 2004-2006 biennium nonstatutory appropriated maintenance pools funded from Capital Construction Investment Income shall remain subject to the provisions of KRS 45.770(4)(c); and (d) Any capital construction project authorized pursuant to actions approved by the 2005 General Assembly in House Joint Resolution 92 (2005 Ky. Acts ch. 170, Vol. Ia, Part II Coal Severance Tax Projects), unless otherwise provided for in this Act, is deemed to be reauthorized up to the total amount of receipts allocated to the single county account at the end of fiscal year 2005-2006. Notwithstanding the criteria set forth in this section, the disposition of 2004-2006 biennium nonstatutory appropriated maintenance pools funded from Capital Construction Investment Income shall remain subject to the provisions of KRS 45.770(4)(c).
- (3) New Bond Projects: Bond projects authorized for the first time in this Part which have debt service supported by state General Fund appropriations are authorized in the first year of the biennium. The sale of bonds to finance five projects, Western Kentucky Veterans Center Alzheimer's/General Care Unit, Acquire Land for Wendell H. Ford Regional Training Center, School Facilities Construction Commission Offers of Assistance, Louisville Arena, and Highway Bonds, shall occur after July 1, 2006.

The sale of bonds to finance the following projects shall occur after January 1, 2007:

- (a) KIA Infrastructure for Economic Development for Coal Producing Counties;
- (b) KIA Infrastructure for Economic Development for Non-Coal Producing Counties;
- (c) Community Development Projects;
- (d) The Louisville Zoo Glacier Run;

## **Part II - Capital Projects Budget**

- (e) Warren County Fiscal Court Transpark Rail Spur and Infrastructure Improvements;
- (f) Animal Shelters;
- (g) Kentucky River Authority Locks and Dams Renovation and Maintenance Pool;
- (h) New Horse Park Indoor Arena;
- (i) Rockcastle County Vocational and Technical Center;
- (j) Petroleum Underground Storage Tank;
- (k) CPE Capital Renewal and Maintenance Pool;
- (l) KCTCS Franklin Technology Center Project Expansion; and
- (m) All Agency Bond funded projects.

The sale of all other bonds to finance the remaining projects shall occur after July 1, 2007.

- **Appropriations for Projects Not Line-Itemized:** Inasmuch as the identification of specific projects in a variety of **(5)** areas of the state government cannot be ascertained with absolute certainty at this time, amounts are appropriated for specific purposes to projects which are not individually identified in this Act in the following areas: Kentucky Infrastructure Authority Water and Sewer Projects; Kentucky River Authority Locks and Dams Renovation and Maintenance Pool; Repair of State-Owned Dams; Land Acquisition; Property Demolition; Guaranteed Energy Savings projects; Wetland and Stream Mitigation; Phase I Tobacco Settlement Agricultural Development Initiative; Community Development projects; Economic Development projects which shall include authorization for the High-Tech Construction Pool and the High-Tech Investment Pool; Infrastructure projects; the Capital Renewal and Maintenance Bond Pool; Heritage Land Conservation projects; Flood Control projects; the Parks Renovation Pool; Parks Development Pool; the Statewide Repair, Maintenance, and Replacement Pool; the Education Technology Pool; the Postsecondary Education Institutions Technology and Equipment Pool; the Postsecondary Education Institutions Research Support/Lab Renovation and Equipment Pool; the Local District Health Departments Construction Pool; and University Major Items of Equipment Pools. Any projects estimated to cost over \$400,000 and equipment estimated to cost over \$100,000 shall be reported to the Capital Projects and Bond Oversight Committee. All moneys transferred to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for capital construction from any appropriations, including income from investments, shall be expended, accounted for, and otherwise treated in the same manner as funds appropriated directly to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for capital construction.
- (8) Bond Issues for Tobacco and Non-Coal Producing Counties: Any authorized bond project from the Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Tobacco Counties, Water and Sewer Resource Development Fund for Tobacco Counties, and Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Non-Coal Producing Counties may be financed from any associated bond issue for

## **Part II - Capital Projects Budget**

the Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Tobacco Counties, Water and Sewer Resource Development Fund for Tobacco Counties, and Infrastructure for Economic Development Fund for Non-Coal Producing Counties.

The Governor of the Commonwealth vetoes, in part, the following:

Partial Veto #4 of HB 380 - "I, Ernie Fletcher, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 88 of the Kentucky Constitution, do hereby veto the following parts:

...Page 153, lines 3 through 6, in their entirety.

Page 153, line 10 in its entirety.

Page 154, line 15, after the second character ";" delete "the Capital Renewal and Maintenance Bond".

Page 154, line 18, after the second character ";" delete "the Postsecondary Education Institutions".

Page 154, line 19, in its entirety.

Page 154, line 20, delete "Support/Lab Renovation and Equipment Pool;"....

These parts represent capital projects authorized for bond financing. I am vetoing these projects because it is my belief that the Commonwealth cannot afford to sustain the debt that would have to be incurred to fund them without jeopardizing its credit rating and financial future. To fund these projects would limit the Commonwealth's ability to adequately fund its operating expenses in the short and long term. The overall level of debt of the Commonwealth has ballooned in recent years. Record levels of debt were approved in both the 2005 General Assembly and the 2006 General Assembly. In comparison to other states, the debt per capita for Kentucky has increased substantially while most states have held constant or reduced their relative debt levels. I do not take issue with the merit of any one of these projects, or their ability to have a positive impact on our Commonwealth. My concern is the overall level of debt that we will rely on our children and grandchildren to honor.

The credit rating services closely review the degree to which the Commonwealth can meet recurring expenditures with recurring revenues. I am concerned about the structural imbalance in the operating budget. However, due to the structure of the appropriations Act, there is limited ability to impact the appropriation levels in the budget without jeopardizing entire programs. Many of the projects vetoed herein were only provided with a half year of debt service in the biennium, adding to the structural imbalance that will have to be addressed in the succeeding biennial budget. The debt service for these capital projects represents \$11,076,000 in General Fund appropriations in fiscal year 2007-2008. These appropriations will lapse to the General Fund Surplus account."



#### **Part III - General Provisions**

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part III, General Provisions, includes the following directives:

1. Funds Designations and Sources: Restricted Funds designated in the biennial budget bills are classified in the state financial records and reports as the Agency Revenue Fund, State Enterprise Funds (State Parks, State Fair Board, Insurance Administration, and Kentucky Horse Park), Internal Services Funds (Fleet Management, Computer Services, Correctional Industries, Central Printing, Risk Management, and Property Management), and selected Fiduciary Funds (Other Expendable Trust Funds). Separate funds records and reports shall be maintained in a manner consistent with the branch budget bills.

The sources of Restricted Funds appropriations in this Act shall include all fees (which includes fees for room and board, athletics, and student activities) and rentals, admittances, sales, bond proceeds, licenses collected by law, gifts, subventions, contributions, income from investments, and other miscellaneous receipts produced or received by a budget unit, except as otherwise specifically provided, for the purposes, use, and benefit of the budget unit as authorized by law. Restricted Funds receipts shall be credited and allotted to the respective fund or account out of which a specified appropriation is made in this Act. All receipts of Restricted Funds shall be deposited in the State Treasury and credited to the proper account as provided in KRS Chapters 12, 42, 45, and 48.

The sources of Federal Funds appropriations in this Act shall include federal subventions, grants, contracts, or other Federal Funds received, income from investments, and other miscellaneous federal receipts received by a budget unit, the Unemployment Compensation Fund, except as otherwise provided, for the purposes, use, and benefit of the budget unit as authorized by law. Federal Funds receipts shall be credited and allotted to the respective fund account out of which a specified appropriation is made in this Act. All Federal Funds receipts shall be deposited in the State Treasury and credited to the proper account as provided in KRS Chapters 12, 42, 45, and 48.

**2. Expenditure of Excess Restricted Funds or Federal Funds Receipts:** If receipts received or credited to the Restricted Funds accounts or Federal Funds accounts of a budget unit during fiscal year 2006-2007 or fiscal year 2007-2008, and any balance forwarded to the credit of these same accounts from the previous fiscal year, exceed the appropriation made by specific sum for these accounts of the budget unit as provided in Part I, Operating Budget, of this Act, for the fiscal year in which the excess occurs, the excess funds in the accounts of the budget unit shall become available for expenditure for the purpose of the account during the fiscal year only upon compliance with the conditions and procedures specified in KRS 48.400, 48.500, 48.600, 48.605, 48.610, 48.620, 48.630, 48.700, 48.705, 48.710, 48.720, 48.730, 48.800, and 48.810 and this Act, and with the authorization of the State Budget Director and approval of the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet.

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

Prior to authorizing the appropriation of any excess, unbudgeted Restricted Funds pursuant to this section, the State Budget Director and the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review the adequacy of the General Fund Surplus Account with respect to its availability to support Necessary Government Expenses. In the event that General Fund Surplus Account moneys are determined by this review to be adequate to meet known or anticipated Necessary Government Expenses during fiscal year 2006-2007 or fiscal year 2007-2008, respectively, then the appropriation increase may be approved. In the event that the review indicates that there are insufficient funds available or reasonably estimated to become available to the General Fund Surplus Account to meet known or projected Necessary Government Expenses for the fiscal years enumerated above, the State Budget Director, with the concurrence of the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, may disapprove the request for additional Restricted Funds expenditure authority and may direct the excess Restricted Funds identified to the General Fund Surplus Account in order to meet Necessary Government Expense obligations. The results of any review shall be reported to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue in accordance with KRS 48.400, 48.500, 48.600, 48.605, 48.610, 48.620, 48.630, 48.700, 48.705, 48.710, 48.720, 48.730, 48.800, and 48.810.

Any request made by a budget unit pursuant to KRS 48.630 that relates to Restricted Funds or Federal Funds shall include documentation showing a comparative statement of revised estimated receipts by fund source and the proposed expenditures by proposed use, with the appropriated sums specified in the Budget of the Commonwealth, and statements which explain the cause, source, and use for any variances which may exist.

Each budget unit shall submit its reports in print and electronic format consistent with the Restricted Funds and Federal Funds records contained in the fiscal biennium 2006-2008 Branch Budget Request Manual and according to the following schedule in each fiscal year: (a) On or before the beginning of each fiscal year; (b) On or before October 1; (c) On or before January 1; and (d) On or before April 1.

**3. Interim Appropriation Increases:** No appropriation from any fund source shall exceed the sum specified in this Act until the agency has documented the necessity, purpose, use, and source, and the documentation has been submitted to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue for its review and action in accordance with KRS 48.630. Proposed revisions to an appropriation contained in the enacted State/Executive Budget or allotment of an unbudgeted appropriation shall conform to the conditions and procedures of KRS 48.630 and this Act.

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

Notwithstanding KRS 48.630(3), (4), and (5), any proposed and recommended actions to increase appropriations for funds specified in Section 2 of this Part shall be scheduled consistent with the timetable contained in that section in order to provide continuous and timely budget information.

- **4. Revision of Appropriation Allotments:** Allotments within appropriated sums for the activities and purposes contained in the enacted State/Executive Budget shall conform to KRS 48.610 and may be revised pursuant to KRS 48.605 and this Act.
- **5. Appropriations Expenditure Purpose and Transfer Restrictions:** Funds appropriated in this Act shall not be expended for any purpose not specifically authorized by the General Assembly in this Act nor shall funds appropriated in this Act be transferred to or between any cabinet, department, board, commission, institution, agency, or budget unit of state government unless specifically authorized by the General Assembly in this Act and the provisions of KRS 48.400, 48.500, 48.600, 48.605, 48.610, 48.620, 48.630, 48.700, 48.705, 48.710, 48.720, 48.730, 48.800, and 48.810. Compliance with the provisions of this section shall be reviewed and determined by the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue.
- **6. Permitted Appropriation Obligations:** No state agency, cabinet, department, office, or program shall incur any obligation against the General Fund or Road Fund appropriations contained in this Act unless the obligation may be reasonably determined to have been contemplated in the enacted budget and is based upon supporting documentation considered by the General Assembly, legislative and executive records, and the statutory budget memorandum.
- **7. Lapse of General Fund or Road Fund Appropriations Supplanted by Federal Funds:** Any General Fund or Road Fund appropriation made in anticipation of a lack, loss, or reduction of Federal Funds shall lapse to the General Fund or Road Fund Surplus Account, respectively, to the extent the Federal Funds otherwise become available.
- **8. Federally Funded Agencies:** A state agency entitled to Federal Funds, which would represent 100 percent of the cost of a program, shall conform to KRS 48.730.
- **9. Lapse of General Fund or Road Fund Excess Debt Service Appropriations:** Pursuant to KRS 48.720, any excess General Fund or Road Fund debt service shall lapse to the respective surplus account unless otherwise directed in this Act.
- **10. Continuing Appropriations:** All statutes and portions of statutes in conflict with any of the provisions of this Act, to the extent of the conflict, are suspended unless otherwise provided by this Act.

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

- 11. Construction of Budget Provisions on Statutory Budget Administration Powers and Duties: Nothing in this Act is to be construed as amending or altering the provisions of Chapters 42, 45, and 48 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes pertaining to the duties and powers of the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet except as otherwise provided in this Act.
- **12. Interpretation of Appropriations:** All questions that arise in interpreting any appropriation in this Act as to the purpose or manner for which the appropriation may be expended shall be decided by the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet pursuant to KRS 48.500, and the decision of the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall be final and conclusive.
- 13. Publication of the Budget of the Commonwealth: The State Budget Director shall cause the Governor's Office for Policy and Management, within 60 days of adjournment of the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly, to publish a final enacted budget document, styled the Budget of the Commonwealth, based upon the Legislative Budget, State/Executive Budget, and Judicial Budget as enacted by the 2006 Regular Session, as well as other Acts which contain appropriation provisions for the 2006-2008 fiscal biennium, and based upon supporting documentation and legislative records as considered by the 2006 Regular Session, and the statutory budget memorandum. This document shall include, for each agency and budget unit, a consolidated budget summary statement of available regular and continuing appropriated revenue by fund source, corresponding appropriation allocations by program or subprogram as appropriate, budget expenditures by principal budget class and for the State/Executive Budget, and any other fiscal data and commentary considered necessary for budget execution by the Governor's Office for Policy and Management and oversight by the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue. The enacted State/Executive Budget shall be revised or adjusted only upon approval by the Governor's Office for Policy and Management as provided in each Part of this Act and by KRS 48.400, 48.500, 48.600, 48.605, 48.610, 48.620, 48.630, 48.700, 48.705, 48.710, 48.720, 48.730, 48.800, and 48.810, and upon review and action by the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue.
- **14. State Financial Condition:** Pursuant to KRS 48.400, the State Budget Director shall monitor and report on the financial condition of the Commonwealth.
- **15. Prorating Administrative Costs:** The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet is authorized to establish a system or formula or a combination of both for prorating the administrative costs of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, the Department of Treasury, and the Office of the Attorney General relative to the administration of programs in which there is joint participation by the state and federal governments for the purpose of receiving the maximum amount of participation permitted under the appropriate

## **Part III - General Provisions**

federal laws and regulations governing the programs. The receipts and allotments under this section shall be reported to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue prior to any transfer of funds.

- 16. Construction of Budget Provisions Regarding Executive Reorganization Orders: Nothing in this Act shall be construed to confirm or ratify, under KRS 12.027 or 12.028, any executive reorganization order unless the executive order was confirmed or ratified by appropriate amendment to the Kentucky Revised Statutes in another Act of the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly. If any executive reorganization order issued from sine die adjournment of the 2005 Regular Session to sine die adjournment of the 2006 Regular Session was not confirmed by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly, the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall, in consultation with agency heads and with notification to the Legislative Research Commission, transfer the balance of funds for any affected program or function for fiscal year 2005-2006 and any related appropriations and funds for each of the next two fiscal years from the budget unit in which the program or function was placed by the executive reorganization order to the budget unit in which the program or function resided prior to the reorganization action or in which it was placed by action of the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.
- **17. Budget Planning Report:** By August 15, 2007, the State Budget Director, in conjunction with the Consensus Forecasting Group, shall provide to each branch of government, pursuant to KRS 48.117, a budget planning report.
- **18. Tax Expenditure Revenue Loss Estimates:** By October 15, 2007, the Office of State Budget Director shall provide to each branch of government detailed estimates for the General Fund and Road Fund for the current and next two fiscal years of the revenue loss effected by tax expenditures. The Department of Revenue shall provide assistance and furnish data which is not restricted by KRS 131.190. "Tax expenditure" means an exemption, exclusion, or deduction from the base of a tax, a credit against the tax, a deferral of a tax, or a preferential tax rate. The estimates shall include for each tax expenditure the amount of revenue loss, a citation of the legal authority for the tax expenditure, the year in which it was enacted, and the tax year in which it became effective.
- **19. Duplicate Appropriations:** Any appropriation item and sum in Parts I to X of this Act and in an appropriation provision in any Act of the 2006 Regular Session which constitutes a duplicate appropriation shall be governed by KRS 48.312.
- **20. Priority of Individual Appropriations:** KRS 48.313 shall control when a total or subtotal figure in this Act conflicts with the sum of the appropriations of which it consists.

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

- **21. Severability of Budget Provisions:** Appropriation items and sums in Parts I to X of this Act shall conform to KRS 48.311. If any section, any subsection, or any provision is found by a court of competent jurisdiction in a final, unappealable order to be invalid or unconstitutional, the decision of the courts shall not affect or impair any of the remaining sections, subsections, or provisions.
- 22. Unclaimed Lottery Prize Money: For fiscal year 2006-2007 and fiscal year 2007-2008, all unclaimed lottery prize money under KRS 154A.110(3) shall be credited to the Kentucky Educational Excellence Scholarship (KEES) Reserve Account within the Finance and Administration Cabinet for the purpose of funding the KEES Program as appropriated in this Act. If the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority certifies to the State Budget Director that the appropriations in this Act for the KEES Program under the existing award schedule are insufficient to meet funds required for eligible applicants, then the State Budget Director shall provide the necessary allotment of funds in the balance of the Subsidiary Account to fund the KEES Program. Actions taken under this section shall be reported to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue on a timely basis.
- **23. Sales and Use Tax Collection and Remittance Compensation:** Notwithstanding KRS 139.570, for the periods after June 30, 2006, the total reimbursement allowed per taxpayer in any month shall not exceed \$1,500. Notwithstanding KRS 139.240, 139.250, or 139.700, after the effective date of this Act, separate permit numbers for a taxpayer with different business locations shall not be issued.
- **24. Abandoned Property Held by Financial Institutions:** Notwithstanding KRS 393.060, the dormancy period for property held or owing by a banking or financial institution, other than traveler's checks, shall be three years rather than seven years.
- **25. Sale of Abandoned Property by Treasury Department:** Pursuant to KRS 393.125, the department, within three years of the receipt of abandoned property that are securities, shall sell the securities. Unclaimed securities received by the department before June 30, 2004, shall be sold by June 30, 2007, with the receipts, net of estimated claims to be paid, available for appropriation to the General Fund. Unclaimed securities received by the department after June 30, 2004, and on or before June 30, 2005, shall be sold by June 30, 2008, with the receipts, net of estimated claims to be paid, available for appropriation to the General Fund.
- **26. Premium and Retaliatory Taxes:** Notwithstanding KRS 304.17B-021(4)(d), premium taxes collected under KRS Chapter 136 from any insurer and retaliatory taxes collected under KRS 304.3-270 from any insurer shall be credited to the General Fund.
- 27. Reallocation of Appropriations Among Budget Units: The Executive Branch shall implement appropriate actions necessary to operate within the appropriations authorized in this Act. The General Assembly recognizes that Executive Branch agency heads may

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

determine it to be necessary to modify the actual budget unit expenditure totals within each cabinet and agency in order to manage within the available resources provided in this Act in order to execute prescribed administrative and program directives. Notwithstanding KRS 48.140(7), the Secretary of any cabinet, the Commissioner of the Department of Education, and other agency heads are authorized to request revisions or reallocations in appropriation authority among budget units under their administrative authority for the purpose of implementing this Act. Prior to requesting any reallocation between appropriation units, the Secretary of any cabinet, the Commissioner of the Department of Education, and other agency heads shall submit a request to the Office of State Budget Director to transfer General Fund and Restricted Funds appropriation authority within their respective cabinet or agency. Such requests shall specify the need for the transfer of the authority. Any transfers made within the respective cabinet or agency under this section for any cabinet, agency, or the Department of Education shall result in no change to the total amounts appropriated. Any transfers made within the respective cabinet or agency under this section shall be made pursuant to KRS 48.500 and shall be reported, in writing, to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue.

- 28. Undesignated General Fund and Road Fund Carry Forward: Notwithstanding KRS 48.700 and 48.705 and other Parts of this Act, the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall determine and certify, within 30 days of the close of fiscal year 2006-2007, the actual amount of undesignated balance of the General Fund and the Road Fund for the year just ended. The amounts from the undesignated fiscal year 2006-2007 General Fund and Road Fund balances that are designated and carried forward for budgeted purposes in the 2006-2008 fiscal biennium shall be determined by the State Budget Director during the close of the respective fiscal year and shall be reported to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue within 30 days of the close of the fiscal year. The General Fund undesignated balance in excess of the amount designated for budgeted purposes under this section shall be made available for the General Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan contained in Part VII of this Act unless otherwise provided in this Act. The Road Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan contained in Part IX of this Act unless otherwise provided in this Act.
- **29. Workers' Compensation Surety Bond:** Notwithstanding KRS 342.340(1) or any other provision of law, public sector self-insured employers are not required to deposit funds as security, indemnity, or bond to secure the payment of compensation liabilities, provided that each public sector employer has the authority to impose taxes in an amount sufficient to recoup payments of compensation liabilities as they are incurred.

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following changes:

The General Assembly makes the following language changes to the State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part III, General Provisions:

Provision number 27, Reallocation of Appropriations Among Budget Units, is removed.

Provision number 28, Undesignated General Fund and Road Fund Carryforward, is renumbered to number 27.

Provision number 29, **Workers' Compensation Surety Bond,** is renumbered to number 28. The language in this provision is also changed to "Notwithstanding KRS 342.340(1) or any other provision of law, public sector self-insured employers are not required to deposit funds as security, indemnity, or bond to secure the payment of compensation liabilities, provided that each public sector employer has the authority to impose taxes or raise tuition in an amount sufficient to recoup payments of compensation liabilities as they are incurred."

The General Assembly adds language provisions as follows:

- **29. Reduction In State Utility Costs:** The Finance and Administration Cabinet is hereby directed to continue to review current practices to reduce energy costs to achieve a government-wide savings of total utility costs. The Cabinet is empowered to utilize expertise in the Department of Natural Resources, the Public Service Commission, and other agencies to accomplish this goal.
- **30. Cellular Telephones/Electronic Devices:** By 90 days after the effective date of this Act, the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review the use of cellular telephones and other types of electronic communication devices and issue guidelines to state agencies specifying criteria to document the need for such equipment. A copy of the guidelines shall be transmitted to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue at the time of issuance.
- **31. Printing:** The General Assembly declares that the financial condition of the Commonwealth requires that the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review all state printing, including publications and the associated cost of storage, distribution, and advertising and direct all state agencies to use Internet and other electronic technology to provide public access to the fullest extent possible in order to reduce costs.

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

- **32. Travel Expenditures:** All state agencies shall continue to monitor all travel expenditures and shall utilize state parks or other state facilities to the fullest extent feasible. The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall review all out-of-state travel requests for three or more state employees to attend the same destination or event and shall approve the requests if deemed necessary.
- **33. Horse Cave Repertory Theatre:** The Horse Cave Repertory Theatre located in Hart County, Kentucky is named and designated as the official state repertory theatre.
- **34. Fiscal Year 2007-2008 Funds Expenditure Restriction:** Except in the case of a declared emergency, the Governor, all agency heads, and all other constitutional officers shall not expend or encumber in the aggregate more than 55 percent of the funds appropriated by this Act during the first half of fiscal year 2007-2008.
- **35. Appropriation of Budget Reserve Trust Fund:** Pursuant to KRS 48.705, \$25,000,000 from the Budget Reserve Trust Fund is available in fiscal year 2007-2008 to be appropriated by the General Assembly in this Act.
- **36. Civil War Reenactors:** Notwithstanding KRS 38.440, Civil War reenactors may associate, drill, and parade with firearms and/or swords without permission from the Governor before, during, and after Civil War reenactments and events.
- **37. Voluntary Assignment of Escrow Payments:** Funds totaling \$35,000,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008 from the voluntary assignment of escrow payments by nonparticipating manufacturers shall be appropriated to the Budget Reserve Trust Fund.
- **38. General Fund Expenditure Reductions Through Efficiencies:** The Executive Office of the Governor shall reduce General Fund expenditures appropriated in this Act by \$38,500,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and by \$19,500,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008, by continuing to reduce waste, fraud, and abuse, and by creating additional savings through increased efficiencies. The biennial savings are in addition to the revenue measures directed by the Executive Branch.
- **39. Abandonment of Traveler's Checks:** Notwithstanding KRS 393.060, traveler's checks held or owing by a banking or financial organization shall be presumed abandoned when the period of time the traveler's checks have been outstanding exceeds seven years, unless the owner has within seven years corresponded in writing with the banking or financial organization concerning the traveler's checks, or otherwise indicated an interest as evidenced by a memorandum on file with the banking or financial organization."

#### **Part III - General Provisions**

- **40. Kentucky Wine and Vine Fest:** The Kentucky Wine and Vine Fest of Nicholasville, Kentucky, is named and designated as the official state wine festival.
- **41. Lottery Receipt Dividend Payment:** Notwithstanding KRS 154.A.130(4), the additional net lottery receipt dividend payment declared in March 2006 which exceeded the Consensus Forecast Group lottery funds estimate in December 2005 shall be credited to the General Fund.

#### ADDITIONAL ACTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

House Bill 557, Section 91, provides the following:

"The \$25,000,000 Budget Reserve Trust Fund amount on page 422, line 13 of the 2006 Regular Session HB 380/EN shall be adjusted by the Legislative Research Commission to take into account legislation enacted subsequent to the passage of 2006 Regular Session HB 380/EN."

The Governor of the Commonwealth vetoes, in part, the following:

Partial Veto #5 of HB 557 - I, Ernie Fletcher, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 88 of the Kentucky Constitution, do hereby veto the following part:

Page 48, line 14, after the word "the" delete "by the Legislative Research". Page 48, line 15, delete "Commission".

This part directs the Legislative Research Commission to adjust the General Assembly's appropriation of \$25,000,000 from the Budget Reserve Trust Fund in House Bill 380 to take into account legislation enacted subsequent to the passage of House Bill 380. I am vetoing this part because the Kentucky Constitution vests legislative power in the General Assembly, not the Legislative Research Commission. The General Assembly may not delegate, during the interim between sessions, its appropriations power to the Legislative Research Commission. As the Supreme Court of Kentucky ruled in Legislative Research Commission v. Brown: 'The legislative power shall be vested in a House of Representatives and a Senate, which, together, shall be styled the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Whatever else the LRC may constitutionally do, it may not legislate.'

### Part IV - State Salary/Compensation and Employment Policy

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part IV, State Salary/Compensation and Employment Policy includes the following directives:

"Maximum Filled Permanent Positions: Notwithstanding KRS 18A.010(2), for the 2006-2008 fiscal biennium, the total number of filled permanent positions in the agencies of the Executive Branch is limited to the number authorized in the enacted State/Executive Budget of the Commonwealth for the 2006-2008 fiscal biennium. The provisions of this section do not apply to the employees of the General Assembly, the Legislative Research Commission, or the Court of Justice."

"Authorized Personnel Complement: On July 1, 2006, the Personnel Cabinet and the Office of State Budget Director shall establish a record for each budget unit of authorized permanent and other positions based upon the enacted State/Executive Budget of the Commonwealth and any adjustments authorized by provisions in this Act. The total number of filled and vacant positions of permanent full-time, permanent part-time, and all other positions shall not exceed the authorized complements pursuant to this section. When an agency head certifies that an emergency employment situation exists for a limited time within a fiscal year, the State Budget Director may approve, and the Secretary of the Personnel Cabinet may authorize, the employment of individuals in addition to the authorized complement for the duration of the limited time period so authorized within the fiscal year. A copy of records, certifications, and actions authorized in this section shall be provided to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue on a monthly basis."

"Salary Adjustments: Notwithstanding KRS 18A.355(1), in fiscal year 2006-2007 and in fiscal year 2007-2008 a salary adjustment amounting to an annualized value on the base salary or wages of each eligible full-time and part-time employee on their anniversary date is provided. The amount of the salary adjustment is determined by each eligible employee's annual base salary or wages on their anniversary date, and the following table reflects the annualized values of the salary adjustment for fiscal year 2006-2007 and fiscal year 2007-2008."

"Annual Base Salary or Wages	2006-07	2007-08
\$0 to \$20,000.00	\$1,000	\$1,000
\$20,000.01 to \$30,000.00	\$900	\$900
\$30,000.01 to \$40,000.00	\$800	\$800

### Part IV - State Salary/Compensation and Employment Policy

\$40,000.01 to \$50,000.00	\$600	\$600
\$50,000.01 to \$60,000.00	\$400	\$400
\$60,000.01 and above	\$200	\$200"

"Commencing with an eligible employee's anniversary date, the salary adjustment shall be added to the eligible employee's base salary or wages and shall be disbursed by payroll period in a one-twenty-fourth installment for the duration of the employment. The Secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall determine the pro rata amount of the salary adjustment to be provided to part-time employees. The salary adjustment shall be a part of the salary or wage base of the employee."

"State Salary and Compensation Fund: The State Budget Director shall determine the amount of funds from the appropriation in Part I, Operating Budget, J. Personnel Cabinet, 4. State Salary and Compensation Fund, of this Act by budget unit necessary to provide for the salary adjustments. The State Salary and Compensation Fund shall be supplemented by Restricted Funds, Federal Funds, the Road Fund, and other General Fund amounts otherwise appropriated to state agencies in order to provide for the salary adjustments."

"The State Budget Director shall notify the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet of the respective amount of General Fund from the State Salary and Compensation Fund to transfer to each affected budget unit and such funds shall be transferred. The State Budget Director shall report to the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue the implementation of these provisions."

"Monthly Per Employee Health Insurance Benefits Assessment: The Personnel Cabinet shall collect a benefits assessment per month per employee eligible for health insurance coverage in the state group as contained in Appendix B of the budget instructions promulgated by the Legislative Research Commission pursuant to KRS 48.040 and communicated to agencies by the Office of State Budget Director for duly authorized use by the Personnel Cabinet in administering its statutory and administrative responsibilities, including but not limited to administration of the Commonwealth's health insurance program."

"Employee Cross Reference: The Personnel Cabinet shall permit married couples who are both eligible to participate in the state health insurance plan to be covered under one family health benefit plan and to apply each employer contribution for the single premium of the plan they select toward family coverage, not to exceed the total premium."

### Part IV - State Salary/Compensation and Employment Policy

"Employer Retirement Contribution Rates: Notwithstanding KRS 61.565, the employer contribution rates for the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, shall be no more than 7.30 percent for nonhazardous duty employees and 21.67 percent for hazardous duty employees; for the same period the employer contribution for employees of the State Police Retirement System shall be no more than 24.82 percent. Notwithstanding KRS 61.565, the employer contribution rates for the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2008, shall be no more than 8.10 percent for nonhazardous duty employees and 23.83 percent for hazardous duty employees; for the same period the employer contribution for employees of the State Police Retirement System shall be no more than 27.30 percent."

"Interest Earnings: Interest accruing to the Public Employees Self-Insured Health Insurance Fund shall be credited to the fund."

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following changes:

The General Assembly amends the State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part IV, Operating Budget, to include the following language provisions.

"Salary Adjustments: Notwithstanding KRS 18A.355(1), in fiscal year 2006-2007 and in fiscal year 2007-2008 a salary adjustment amounting to an annualized value on the base salary or wages of each eligible full-time and part-time employee on their anniversary date is provided. The amount of the salary adjustment is determined by each eligible employee's annual base salary or wages on their anniversary date, and the following table reflects the annualized values of the salary adjustment for fiscal year 2006-2007 and fiscal year 2007-2008."

"Annual Base Salary or Wages	2006-07	2007-08
\$0 to \$30,000.00	\$1,350	\$1,350
\$30,000.01 to \$50,000.00	\$1,200	\$1,200
\$50,000.01 to \$60,000.00	\$1,000	\$1,000
\$60,000.01 to \$80,000.00	\$600	\$600

### Part IV - State Salary/Compensation and Employment Policy

\$80,000.01 and above

\$400

\$400"

"Commencing with an eligible employee's anniversary date, the salary adjustment shall be added to the eligible employee's base salary or wages and shall be disbursed by payroll period in a one-twenty-fourth installment for the duration of the employment. The Secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall determine the pro rata amount of the salary adjustment to be provided to part-time employees. The salary adjustment shall be a part of the salary or wage base of the employee."

"Public Employees Self-Insured Health Insurance Premiums: Beginning with the employer premium due for coverage effective July 1, 2006, under the Public Employees Self-Insured Health Insurance Program, the employer rate shall be reduced by 12 percent for the balance of Plan Year 2006. For Plan Year 2007, the increase in employer and employee premiums for coverage under the Public Employees Self-Insured Health Insurance Program shall not exceed 10.4 percent for the Essential Plan and 9 percent for the Enhanced and Premium Plan over the Plan Year 2006 rates as adjusted by this Act."

"Employer Retirement Contribution Rates: Notwithstanding KRS 61.565, the employer contribution rates for the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, shall be 7.75 percent, consisting of 4.83 percent for pension and 2.92 percent for insurance, for nonhazardous duty employees and 22.0 percent, consisting of 8.75 percent for pension and 13.25 percent for insurance, for hazardous duty employees; for the same period the employer contribution for employees of the State Police Retirement System shall be no more than 25.5 percent, consisting of 12.44 percent for pension and 13.06 percent for insurance. Notwithstanding KRS 61.565, the employer contribution rates for the Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2008, shall be 8.5 percent, consisting of 5.47 percent for pension and 3.03 percent for insurance, for nonhazardous duty employees and 24.25 percent, consisting of 9.79 percent for pension and 14.46 percent for insurance for hazardous duty employees; for the same period the employer contribution for employees of the State Police Retirement System shall be no more than 28.0 percent, consisting of 14.23 percent for pension and 13.77 percent for insurance."

"Employee Cross-Reference: The Personnel Cabinet shall permit married couples who are both eligible to participate in the state health insurance plan to be covered under one family health benefit plan. The annual percentage increase for the employee contribution for family coverage for married couples who cross-reference shall not exceed the annual percentage increase in the total premium for that coverage option."

The Governor of the Commonwealth vetoes, in part, the following:

### Part IV - State Salary/Compensation and Employment Policy

**Partial Veto #25 of HB 380 -** "I, Ernie Fletcher, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 88 of the Kentucky Constitution, do hereby veto the following part:

Page 424, line 12 after the word 'KRS 18A.355' delete '(1)'.

KRS 18A.355(1) requires that state employees receive a 5 percent annual increment. By adoption of the salary policy authorized in House Bill 380, providing non-uniform annual increments, the General Assembly's clear and unmistakable intent is to suspend the entirety of the statue. As authorized and intended, lower-paid employees are provided a higher annual increment than higher-paid employees. I am vetoing this part so that the entirety of KRSA.355 is suspended for the fiscal year 2006-2008 biennium, as intended by the General Assembly."



### Part VI - General Fund Budget Reduction Plan

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part VI, General Fund Budget Reduction Plan, includes the following directives:

"Pursuant to KRS 48.130 and 48.600, a General Fund Budget Reduction Plan is enacted for state government in the event of an actual or projected deficit in estimated General Fund revenue receipts of \$8,508,654,300 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$8,873,542,400 in fiscal year 2007-2008 as modified by related Acts and actions of the General Assembly in an extraordinary or regular session. Direct services, obligations essential to the minimum level of constitutional functions, and other items that may be specified in this Act, are exempt from the requirements of this Plan. Each branch head shall prepare a specific plan to address a proportionate share of the General Fund revenue shortfall applicable to the respective branch. No budget revision action shall be taken by a branch head in excess of the actual or projected deficit.

The Governor, the Chief Justice, and the Legislative Research Commission shall direct and implement reductions in allotments and appropriations only for their respective branch budget units as may be necessary as well as take other measures which shall be consistent with the provisions of this Part and general branch budget bills.

In the event of a revenue shortfall under the provisions of KRS 48.120, General Fund budget reduction actions shall be implemented in the following sequence:

- (1) The Local Government Economic Assistance and the Local Government Economic Development Funds shall be adjusted by the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet to equal revised estimates of receipts pursuant to KRS 42.4582 as modified by the provisions of this Act;
- (2) Transfers of excess unappropriated Restricted Funds other than fiduciary funds shall be applied as determined by the head of each branch for its respective budget units;
- (3) Excess General Fund appropriations which accrue as a result of personnel vacancies and turnover, and reduced requirements for operating expenses, grants, and capital outlay shall be determined and applied by the heads of the executive, judicial, and legislative departments of state government for their respective branches. The branch heads shall certify the available amounts which shall be applied to budget units within the respective branches and shall promptly transmit the certification to the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet and the Legislative Research Commission. The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall execute the certified actions as transmitted by the branch heads.

### Part VI - General Fund Budget Reduction Plan

Branch heads shall take care, by their respective actions, to protect, preserve, and advance the fundamental health, safety, legal and social welfare, and educational well-being of the citizens of the Commonwealth;

- (4) Funds available in the Budget Reserve Trust Fund shall be applied in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the trust fund balance in fiscal year 2006-2007 and 50 percent of the trust fund balance in fiscal year 2007-2008; and
- (5) Notwithstanding KRS 48.130 and 48.600, if the actions contained in subsections (1) to (4) of this section are insufficient to eliminate an actual or projected revenue shortfall in the enacted General Fund revenue receipts, then the Governor is empowered and directed to take necessary actions with respect to the Executive Branch budget units to balance the budget by such actions conforming with the criteria expressed in this Part."

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch Budget with the following exceptions:

The estimated General Fund receipts for fiscal year 2006-2007 are \$8,514,872,500. The estimated General Fund receipts for fiscal year 2007-2008 are \$8,879,172,400.

### Part VII - General Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part VII, General Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan, includes the following directives:

- "(1) Pursuant to KRS 48.700 and notwithstanding KRS 48.140, there is established a plan for the expenditure of General Fund surplus moneys pursuant to a General Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan contained in this Part for fiscal years 2006-2007 and 2007-2008. Pursuant to the enactment of the Surplus Expenditure Plan, General Fund moneys in the General Fund undesignated fund balance in excess of the amount specified in Part III, General Provisions, Section 28, of this Act are appropriated to the following:
- (a) Necessary Government Expenses, including but not limited to Emergency Orders formally declared by the Governor in an Executive Order;
  - (b) Increased support to the Budget Reserve Trust Fund;
  - (c) The Kentucky Retirement Systems to address a portion of the actuarially unfunded liability; and
- (d) The Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System's medical insurance fund as established in KRS 161.420 to augment the state medical insurance stabilization contribution as established in KRS 161.550.
- (2) The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall determine, within 30 days after the close of the fiscal year 2005-2006, and the close of fiscal year 2006-2007, based on the official financial records of the Commonwealth, the amount of actual General Fund undesignated fund balance for the General Fund Surplus Account that may be available for expenditure pursuant to the Plan respectively in fiscal year 2005-2006 and fiscal year 2006-2007. The Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall certify the amount of actual General Fund undesignated fund balance available for expenditure to the Legislative Research Commission.

Subsequent to June 30, 2006, funds that are certified as being available in the actual General Fund undesignated fund balance for the General Fund Surplus Account are appropriated for expenditure in fiscal year 2005-2006 pursuant to the Plan."

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch Budget.



### Part VIII - Road Fund Budget Reduction Plan

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part VIII, Road Fund Budget Reduction Plan, includes the following directive:

"There is established a Road Fund Budget Reduction Plan for fiscal year 2006-2007 and fiscal year 2007-2008. Pursuant to KRS 48.130, in the event of an actual or projected shortfall in estimated Road Fund revenue receipts of \$1,223,125,400 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$1,239,614,400 in fiscal year 2007-2008 as determined by KRS 48.120(3), the Governor shall implement sufficient reductions as may be required to protect the highest possible level of service."

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly deletes the entire State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part VIII, language provision relating to the Road Fund Budget Reduction Plan and creates a new Part VIII language provision as follows:

"There is established a Road Fund Budget Reduction Plan for fiscal year 2006-2007 and fiscal year 2007-2008. Pursuant to KRS 48.130, in the event of an actual or projected shortfall in estimated Road Fund revenue receipts of \$1,238,685,300 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$1,261,931,900 in fiscal year 2007-2008 as determined by KRS 48.120(3), the Governor shall implement sufficient reductions as may be required to protect the highest possible level of service."



### Part IX - Road Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part IX, Road Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan, includes the following directive:

"Pursuant to KRS 48.710 and notwithstanding KRS 48.140, there is established a plan for the expenditure of the Road Fund surplus moneys pursuant to a Road Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan contained in this Part for fiscal years 2006-2007 and 2007-2008. Pursuant to the enactment of the Surplus Expenditure Plan, Road Fund moneys in the Road Fund undesignated fund balance in excess of the amount specified in Part III, General Provisions, Section 28, of this Act are appropriated to the State Construction Account and utilized to support projects in the fiscal biennium 2006-2008 Biennial Highway Construction Program."

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly deletes the entire House, Part IX, language provision relating to the Road Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan and creates a new Part IX language provision as follows:

"Pursuant to KRS 48.710 and notwithstanding KRS 48.140, there is established a plan for the expenditure of the Road Fund surplus moneys pursuant to a Road Fund Surplus Expenditure Plan contained in this Part for fiscal years 2006-2007 and 2007-2008. Pursuant to the enactment of the Surplus Expenditure Plan, Road Fund moneys in the Road Fund undesignated fund balance in excess of the amount specified in Part III, General Provisions, Section 27, of this Act are appropriated to the State Construction Account and utilized to support projects in the fiscal biennium 2006-2008 Biennial Highway Construction Program."



### Part X - Phase I Tobacco Settlement

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part X, Phase I Tobacco Settlement, includes the following directives:

"General Purpose: This Part of the Act prescribes the policy implementing aspects of the national settlement agreement between the tobacco industry and the collective states as described in KRS 248.701 to 248.727. In furtherance of that agreement, the General Assembly recognizes that the Commonwealth of Kentucky is a party to the Phase I Master Settlement Agreement (MSA) between the Participating Tobacco Manufacturers and 46 Settling States which provides reimbursement to states for smoking-related expenditures made over time.

**State's MSA Share:** The Commonwealth's share of the MSA is equal to 1.7611586 percent of the total settlement amount. Payments under the MSA are made to the states annually in April of each year.

MSA Payment Amount Variables: The total settlement amount to be distributed each payment date is subject to change pursuant to several variables provided in the MSA, including inflation adjustments, volume adjustments, previously settled states adjustments, and the nonparticipating manufacturers adjustment.

**Distinct Identity of MSA Payment Deposits:** The General Assembly has determined that it shall be the policy of the Commonwealth that all Phase I Tobacco Settlement payments shall be deposited to the credit of the General Fund and shall maintain a distinct identity as Phase I Tobacco Settlement payments that shall not lapse to the credit of the General Fund surplus, but shall continue forward from each fiscal year to the next fiscal year to the extent that any balance is unexpended.

MSA Payment Estimates and Adjustments: Based on the current estimates as reviewed by the Consensus Revenue Forecasting Group, the amount of MSA payments expected to be received in fiscal year 2005-2006 is \$91,300,000 and in fiscal year 2006-2007 is \$88,800,000 and in fiscal year 2007-2008 is \$94,000,000. It is recognized that payments to be received by the Commonwealth are estimated and are subject to change. Any appropriations made from the estimated receipts are subject to adjustments based on actual receipts as received and certified by the Secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet.

**State Enforcement:** Notwithstanding KRS 248.654, a total of \$175,000 of the MSA payments received each fiscal year of the 2006-2008 biennium is appropriated to the Finance and Administration Cabinet, Department of Revenue for the state's enforcement of noncompliant nonparticipating manufacturers.

#### Part X - Phase I Tobacco Settlement

**Agricultural Development Initiatives:** Fifty percent of the MSA payments, less the above enforcement appropriations, received in fiscal year 2006-2007, estimated to be \$44,312,500, and in fiscal year 2007-2008, estimated to be \$46,912,500, is appropriated to the Kentucky Agricultural Development Fund to be used for agricultural development initiatives.

**Early Childhood Development Initiatives:** Twenty-five percent of the MSA payments, less the above enforcement appropriations, received in fiscal year 2006-2007, estimated to be \$22,156,200, and in fiscal year 2007-2008, estimated to be \$23,456,300, is appropriated for Early Childhood Development Initiatives as specified below.

**Health Care Initiatives:** Twenty-five percent of the MSA payments received, less the above enforcement appropriations, in fiscal year 2006-2007, estimated to be \$22,156,300, and in fiscal year 2007-2008, estimated to be \$23,456,200, is appropriated to the Kentucky Health Care Improvement Fund for health care initiatives as specified below.

**MSA Appropriation Adjustment:** The Consensus Forecasting Group reduced the fiscal year 2005-2006 Phase I Master Settlement Agreement revenue forecast from the enacted estimate of \$108,600,000 to \$91,300,000, a reduction of \$17,300,000. The revenue estimate reduction was based on the high probability of an adjustment for nonparticipating manufacturers. To accommodate this reduction in estimated revenues, the following fiscal year 2005-2006 appropriations are hereby reduced in accordance with 2005 Ky. Acts ch. 173, Part X, (5):

### **Agricultural Development**

Finance - Debt Service - \$12,097,700

Natural Resources - Conservation - \$630,000

### **Early Childhood Development**

Community Based Services - Child Care - \$1,041,000

Public Health - HANDS - \$393,000

Public Health - Healthy Start - \$50,000

Public Health - Immunizations - \$250,000

### Part X - Phase I Tobacco Settlement

Commission for Children with Special Health Care Needs - Universal Newborn Hearing Screening - \$104,000

Commission for Children with Special Health Care Needs - Universal Newborn Vision Screening - \$5,000

### **Health Care Improvement**

Insurance - Kentucky Access - \$1,139,100

Public Health - Smoking Cessation - \$184,200

Justice Administration - \$151,100

Council on Postsecondary Education - Lung Cancer Research Fund - \$368,600

### **Enforcement**

Revenue - \$11,900

**MSA Appropriation Adjustments - Prior Year Receipts Received:** In the event that Phase I Master Settlement Agreement revenues due from a prior fiscal year are received in a subsequent fiscal year, those revenues are hereby appropriated as follows: 50 percent to the Agricultural Development Fund, 25 percent to the Early Childhood Development Fund, and 25 percent to the Health Care Improvement Fund.

**Agricultural Development:** From the 50 percent of the Phase I Master Settlement Agreement payments appropriated to the Agricultural Development Fund pursuant to KRS 248.703, 75 percent of the funds shall be appropriated to the Governor's Office of Agricultural Policy and 25 percent of the funds shall be appropriated to Natural Resources - Conservation.

**Early Childhood Development:** From the 25 percent of the Phase I Master Settlement Agreement payments appropriated to the Early Childhood Development Fund, the Early Childhood Development Authority shall recommend to the State Budget Director for approval the specific appropriations to be made to the existing initiatives.

### Part X - Phase I Tobacco Settlement

**Health Care Improvement:** From the 25 percent of the Phase I Master Settlement Agreement payments appropriated to the Health Care Improvement Fund, appropriations shall be made pursuant to KRS 304.17B-003(5).

### B. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS

**Tobacco Settlement Funds - Allocations:** Notwithstanding KRS 248.711(2), and from the allocation provided therein, counties that are allocated in excess of \$20,000 annually may provide up to four percent of the individual county allocation, not to exceed \$15,000 annually, to the county council in that county for administrative costs.

**Environmental Stewardship Program:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$5,000,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$6,000,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for the Environmental Stewardship Program.

**Debt Service:** To the extent that revenues sufficient to support the required debt service appropriations are received from the Tobacco Settlement Program, those revenues shall be made available from those accounts to the appropriate account of the General Fund. All necessary debt service amounts shall be appropriated from the General Fund and shall be fully paid regardless of whether there is a sufficient amount available to be transferred from tobacco-supported funding program accounts to other accounts of the General Fund.

### C. EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT

**Early Childhood Development Program:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$6,970,400 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$7,420,400 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for the Early Childhood Development Program.

HANDS Program, Healthy Start, Universal Children's Immunizations, Folic Acid Program, Early Childhood Mental Health, Early Childhood Oral Health, and Kentucky Early Intervention Services First Steps: Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$7,149,800 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$7,599,900 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for the Health Access Nurturing Development Services (HANDS) Program; \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$1,140,100 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for Healthy Start initiatives; \$1,750,000 in each fiscal year for Universal Children's Immunizations; \$400,000 in each fiscal year for the Folic Acid Program; \$775,000 in each fiscal year for Early Childhood Mental Health; \$210,500 in each fiscal year for Early Childhood Oral Health; and \$500,000 in each fiscal year for the Kentucky Early Intervention Services First Steps Program.

### Part X - Phase I Tobacco Settlement

**Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$800,000 in each fiscal year for substance abuse prevention and treatment.

**Universal Newborn Hearing Screening and Vision Screening:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$310,100 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$350,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for Universal Newborn Hearing Screening and \$2,000 in each fiscal year for Vision Screening.

**Children's Advocacy Centers:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$100,000 in each fiscal year for Children's Advocacy Centers.

**Early Childhood Scholarships:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$800,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$900,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for Early Childhood Scholarships.

### D. HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT APPROPRIATION

**Kentucky Access Program:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$13,692,700 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$14,496,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for the Kentucky Access Program.

**Smoking Cessation Program:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$2,215,600 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$2,345,600 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for the Smoking Cessation Program.

**Office of Drug Control Policy:** Included in the above General Fund (Tobacco) appropriation is \$1,816,800 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$1,923,400 in fiscal year 2007-2008 for the Office of Drug Control Policy.

**Ovarian Cancer Screening:** Notwithstanding KRS 164.476, General Fund (Tobacco) dollars in the amount of \$633,500 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$670,600 in fiscal year 2007-2008 shall be allotted from the Lung Cancer Research Fund to the Ovarian Cancer Screening Outreach Program at the University of Kentucky."

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following changes:

### Part X - Phase I Tobacco Settlement

The General Assembly deletes the following language under, "(7) MSA Appropriation Adjustments - Prior Year Receipts Received:"

"a. Agricultural Development: From the 50 percent of the Phase I Master Settlement Agreement payments appropriated to the Agricultural Development Fund pursuant to KRS 248.703, 75 percent of the funds shall be appropriated to the Governor's Office of Agricultural Policy and 25 percent of the funds shall be appropriated to Natural Resources - Conservation."

The General Assembly amends the following language under, '(7) MSA Appropriation Adjustments - Prior Year Receipts Received:"

"b. Early Childhood Development", changes to "a. Early Childhood Development", and "c. Health Care Improvements" changes to "b. "Health Care Improvements".

The General Assembly adds the following language under, "1. General Government":

- "(2) Partial Phase II Litigation Proceeds: Notwithstanding KRS 45.229, General Fund dollars of \$27,000,000 representing Partial Phase II Litigation proceeds that were appropriated in fiscal year 2005-2006 pursuant to 2005 House Bill 267 (2005 Ky. Acts ch. 173, Part X, Phase I Tobacco Settlement, B.3.a.(4), shall not lapse in fiscal years 2005-2006, 2006-2007, and 2007-2008. To the extent possible, all General Fund dollars shall be expended from the account prior to the expenditure of Tobacco Fund dollars.
- (3) Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation: The Governor's Office of Agricultural Policy shall provide and make available the funds necessary, not to exceed \$4,000,000, for the Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation to carry out the provisions of the Phase II Amnesty Payment Program established in Part XX, Tobacco Amnesty Compensation, of this Act. General Fund and/or General Fund (Tobacco) continuing appropriations from the Governor's Office of Agricultural Policy shall be the source of funds provided to the Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation."

The General Assembly amends the following language under, "4. Postsecondary Education":

"(1) Ovarian Cancer Screening: Notwithstanding KRS 164.476, General Fund (Tobacco) dollars in the amount of \$775,000 in fiscal year 2006-2007 and \$775,000 in fiscal year 2007-2008 shall be allotted from the Lung Cancer Research Fund to the Ovarian Cancer Screening Outreach Program at the University of Kentucky."

# FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## **Summary of Tobacco Settlement Appropriations**

_	Fiscal Year 2005-2006			Fiscal Year 2006-2007			Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
A - General Government									
Governors Office of Agri	icultural Policy								
Tobacco Settlement									
<b>Regular Appropriations</b> Reserve Spending	<b>24,541,400</b> 5,252,400	<b>24,541,400</b> (21,747,600)	(27,000,000)	<b>21,469,800</b> 2,796,500	<b>17,469,800</b> 6,796,500	<b>(4,000,000)</b> 4,000,000	<b>23,065,100</b> 9,508,700	<b>20,065,100</b> 12,508,700	( <b>3,000,000</b> ) 3,000,000
TOTAL	29,793,800	2,793,800	(27,000,000)	24,266,300	24,266,300		32,573,800	32,573,800	
D - Department of Educat	ion								
<b>Learning and Results Ser</b>	rvices								
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	<b>1,888,400</b> 248,900	<b>1,888,400</b> 248,900		1,388,400	1,388,400		1,508,400	1,508,400	
TOTAL	2,137,300	2,137,300		1,388,400	1,388,400		1,508,400	1,508,400	
F - Environmental and Pu	ıblic Protection C	Cabinet							
Natural Resources									
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	<b>8,370,000</b> 5,966,900	<b>8,370,000</b> 5,966,900		5,000,000	9,000,000	4,000,000	6,000,000	9,000,000	3,000,000
TOTAL	14,336,900	14,336,900		5,000,000	9,000,000	4,000,000	6,000,000	9,000,000	3,000,000
Insurance									
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	15,612,600	15,612,600		13,692,700	13,692,700		14,496,000	14,496,000	
TOTAL	15,612,600	15,612,600		13,692,700	13,692,700		14,496,000	14,496,000	
G - Finance and Administ	tration Cabinet								
Debt Service									
Tobacco Settlement									
<b>Regular Appropriations</b> Reserve Spending	<b>8,318,800</b> 2,019,100	<b>8,318,800</b> 2,019,100		17,842,700	17,842,700		17,847,400	17,847,400	
TOTAL	10,337,900	10,337,900		17,842,700	17,842,700		17,847,400	17,847,400	

## FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## **Summary of Tobacco Settlement Appropriations**

_	Fiscal Year 2005-2006			Fis	Fiscal Year 2006-2007			Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	
D	Duuget	Assembly		Duuget	Assembly	Difference	Duuget	Assembly	Difference	
Revenue										
Tobacco Settlement	400 400	400 400		475 000	475.000		475.000	475.000		
Regular Appropriations	163,100	163,100		175,000	175,000		175,000	175,000		
Reserve Spending TOTAL	462 400	462 400		475 000	47E 000		47E 000	475 000		
H - Health and Family Se	163,100	163,100		175,000	175,000		175,000	175,000		
Children with Special He										
Tobacco Settlement	artii Care riccus									
	202.400	202.400		242 400	242 400		252.000	252.000		
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	<b>302,100</b> 48,700	<b>302,100</b> 48,700		312,100	312,100		352,000	352,000		
TOTAL	350,800	350,800		312,100	312,100		352,000	352,000		
Mental Health/Mental Re				3.2,100	5.2,.00		332,000	302,000		
Tobacco Settlement										
Regular Appropriations	900,000	900,000		800,000	800,000		800,000	800,000		
Reserve Spending	,	,		,	•		,	,		
TOTAL	900,000	900,000		800,000	800,000		800,000	800,000		
Public Health										
Tobacco Settlement										
Regular Appropriations	16,495,800	16,495,800		14,000,900	14,000,900		14,721,100	14,721,100		
Reserve Spending	2,651,900	2,651,900								
TOTAL	19,147,700	19,147,700		14,000,900	14,000,900		14,721,100	14,721,100		
<b>Human Support Services</b>										
Tobacco Settlement										
Regular Appropriations				100,000	100,000		100,000	100,000		
Reserve Spending										
TOTAL				100,000	100,000		100,000	100,000		
Community Based Service	es									
<u>Tobacco Settlement</u>										
Regular Appropriations	7,259,400	7,259,400		6,970,400	6,970,400		7,420,400	7,420,400		
Reserve Spending	127,400	127,400								
TOTAL	7,386,800	7,386,800		6,970,400	6,970,400		7,420,400	7,420,400		

# FB 2006-2008 FINAL BUDGET MEMORANDUM - 2006 REGULAR SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

### **Summary of Tobacco Settlement Appropriations**

_	Fiscal Year 2005-2006		Fis	Fiscal Year 2006-2007			Fiscal Year 2007-2008		
_	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference	Branch Budget	General Assembly	Difference
I - Justice and Public Saf	ety Cabinet								
Justice Administration									
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	<b>2,071,600</b> 1,979,800	<b>2,071,600</b> 1,979,800		1,816,800	1,816,800		1,923,400	1,923,400	
TOTAL	4,051,400	4,051,400		1,816,800	1,816,800		1,923,400	1,923,400	
K - Postsecondary Educat	tion								
Council on Postsecondary	<b>Education</b>								
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	5,052,700	5,052,700		4,431,200	4,431,200		4,691,200	4,691,200	
TOTAL	5,052,700	5,052,700		4,431,200	4,431,200		4,691,200	4,691,200	
Kentucky Higher Educat	ion Assistance A	uthority							
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations Reserve Spending	<b>900,000</b> 63,700	<b>900,000</b> 63,700		800,000	800,000		900,000	900,000	
TOTAL	963,700	963,700		800,000	800,000		900,000	900,000	
Statewide Totals									
Tobacco Settlement									
Regular Appropriations	91,875,900	91,875,900		88,800,000	88,800,000		94,000,000	94,000,000	
Reserve Spending	18,358,800	(8,641,200)	(27,000,000)	2,796,500	6,796,500	4,000,000	9,508,700	12,508,700	3,000,000
TOTAL	110,234,700	83,234,700	(27,000,000)	91,596,500	95,596,500	4,000,000	103,508,700	106,508,700	3,000,000







### Part XII - Compensation of General Assembly Employees

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch had a Part XII, Legal Notices, but did not have a part titled, Compensation of General Assembly Employees.

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly deletes Part XII, Legal Notices, and renumbers as Part XXI.

The General Assembly adds Part XII, Compensation of General Assembly Employees, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:Section 1. KRS 6.230 is amended to read as follows: Employees of the General Assembly shall receive a per diem as follows: chief clerk, one hundred *twenty dollars* (\$120)[ten dollars (\$110)]; assistant clerk, one hundred *ten* dollars (\$110)[(\$100)]; enrolling clerk, *one hundred five dollars* (\$105)[ninety five dollars (\$95)]; sergeant-at-arms, *eighty-five dollars* (\$85)[seventy five dollars (\$75)]; doorkeeper, *eighty-five dollars* (\$85)[seventy five dollars (\$75)]; janitors, *seventy-five dollars* (\$75)[sixty five dollars (\$65)]; pages, thirty-five dollars (\$35) each.

Section 2. The provisions of Section 1 of this Part relative to the compensation of employees of the House and Senate shall apply to, and be paid for, covered employees of the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly effective January 3, 2006, provided that there shall be deducted from the amount due to each employee the amount already paid to the employee for services during the 2006 General Assembly which were rendered prior to the effective date of this Act."



### **Part XIII - Income Tax**

### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XVI, Income Tax, includes the following directive:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 141.040 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Every corporation doing business in this state, except those corporations listed in paragraphs (a) to (h) of this subsection, shall pay for each taxable year a tax to be computed by the taxpayer on taxable net income or the alternative minimum calculation computed under this section at the rates specified in this section:
- (a) Financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500, except bankers banks organized under KRS 287.135;
- (b) Savings and loan associations organized under the laws of this state and under the laws of the United States and making loans to members only;
- (c) Banks for cooperatives;
- (d) Production credit associations;
- (e) Insurance companies, including farmers or other mutual hail, cyclone, windstorm, or fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal underwriters;
- (f) Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (g) Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or conducted for pecuniary profit; and
- (h) Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state is located at the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for printing, provided that:
- 1. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed product is produced; and
- 2. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this state as provided in KRS 141.120(8)(b).
- (2) For tax years ending before January 1, 1990, the following rates shall apply:
- (a) Three percent (3%) of the first twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of taxable net income;
- (b) Four percent (4%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), but not in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
- (c) Five percent (5%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), but not in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
- (d) Six percent (6%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), but not in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); and

### **Part XIII - Income Tax**

- (e) Seven and twenty-five one hundredths percent (7.25%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- (3) For tax years beginning after December 31, 1989, and before January 1, 2005, the following rates shall apply:
- (a) Four percent (4%) of the first twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of taxable net income;
- (b) Five percent (5%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but not in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
- (c) Six percent (6%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), but not in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
- (d) Seven percent (7%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), but not in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); and
- (e) Eight and twenty-five one hundredths percent (8.25%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- (4) For tax years beginning before January 1, 1990, and ending after December 31, 1989, the tax shall be the sum of the amounts determined in paragraphs (a) and (b) as follows:
- (a) Apply the tax rates in subsection (2) of this section to the taxable net income for the year and multiply the result by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days from the first day of the taxable year through December 31, 1989, and the denominator of which is the total number of days of the taxable year; and
- (b) Apply the tax rates in subsection (3) of this section to the taxable net income for the year and multiply the result by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days from January 1, 1990, through the last day of the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total number of days of the taxable year.
- (5) For taxable years beginning on or after <u>December 31, 2004, and before</u> January 1, <u>2007[2005]</u>, corporations subject to the tax imposed by this section shall pay the greater of the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the tax computed under paragraph (b)1. or 2. of this subsection, or the minimum tax imposed by subsection (7)[(6)] of this section. The tax computed under this subsection is as follows:
- (a) 1. Four percent (4%) of the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of taxable net income;
- 2. Five percent (5%) of taxable net income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); *and*
- 3. Seven percent (7%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and prior to January 1, 2007; and
- 4. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, six percent (6%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)]; or

### Part XIII - Income Tax

- (b) An alternative minimum calculation of an amount equal to the lesser of the amount computed under subparagraph 1. or 2. of this paragraph:
- 1. Nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's gross receipts. For purposes of this paragraph, "gross receipts" means the numerator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c); or
- 2. Seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's Kentucky gross profits.
- (6) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, corporations subject to the tax imposed by this section shall pay the greater of the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the tax computed under paragraph (b)1. or 2. of this subsection, or the minimum tax imposed by subsection (7) of this section. The tax computed under this subsection is as follows:
- (a) 1. Four percent (4%) of the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of taxable net income;
- 2. Five percent (5%) of taxable net income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); and
- 3. Six percent (6%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); or
- (b) An alternative minimum calculation of an amount equal to the lesser of the amount computed under subparagraph 1. or 2. of this paragraph:
- 1. a. If the corporation's gross receipts are two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or less, the alternative minimum calculation shall be zero;
- b. If the corporation's gross receipts are greater than two million dollars (\$2,000,000) but less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), the alternative minimum calculation shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's gross receipts, reduced by an amount equal to one thousand nine hundred dollars (\$1,900) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's gross receipts for the taxable year, and the denominator of which is eight million dollars (\$8,000,000);
- c. If the corporation's gross receipts are equal to or greater than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), the alternative minimum calculation shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's gross receipts; or
- 2. Seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's Kentucky gross profits. The entire amount of the corporation's gross receipts shall be considered when making the gross profits calculation.
- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, "gross receipts" means the numerator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c).
- (7) A minimum of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) shall be due for the taxable year from each corporation subject to the tax imposed by this section, regardless of the application of any tax credits provided under this chapter or any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for which the business entity may qualify.

### **Part XIII - Income Tax**

(8)[(7)] The alternative minimum calculation portion of the tax computation provided in <u>subsections</u>[subsection] (5) <u>and (6)</u> of this section shall not apply to:

- (a) Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
- (b) Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of this state and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
- (c) Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390; and
- (d) An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910.
- (9)[(8)](a) As used in this subsection, "qualified exempt organization" means an entity listed in subsection (1)(a) to (h) of this section and shall not include any entity whose exempt status has been disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or KRS 141.010, any corporation of the type listed in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) that is owned in whole or in part by a qualified exempt organization shall, in calculating its taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, exclude the proportionate share of its taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization.
- (c) Any corporation that reduces taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection shall disregard the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization in determining the amount of credit available under KRS 141.420.
- (d) The Department of Revenue may promulgate an administrative regulation to further define "qualified exempt organization" to include an entity for which exemption is constitutionally or legally required, or to exclude any entity created primarily for tax avoidance purposes with no legitimate business purpose.
- (10)[(9)] (a) To the extent that a corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) is doing business in this state, any member, shareholder or partner of the corporation may elect to pay, on behalf of the corporation, his, her or its proportionate share of the tax imposed by this section against the corporation. If an election is made, the electing member, shareholder or partner shall be treated in the same manner as the corporation regarding the proportionate part of the tax paid by the member, shareholder or partner. An election made pursuant to this subsection shall not:
- 1. Be used by the Department of Revenue or the taxpayer to assert that the party making the election is doing business in Kentucky;
- 2. Result in an increase of the amount of credit allowable under KRS 141.420; or
- 3. Apply to any corporation that is required to be included in a consolidated return under KRS 141.200(2) to (5) and (9) to (12).
- (b) The Department of Revenue shall prescribe forms and promulgate regulations to execute and administer the provisions of this subsection.
- Section 2. KRS 141.011 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the net operating loss carryback-carryforward deduction, including casualty loss, allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply only to such losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1979, and no such loss shall be carried back to taxable years beginning before January 1, 1980. Any casualty loss carryforward authorized by this section as it existed before January 1, 1980, may be carried forward as an itemized deduction until it has been fully deducted.
- (2) The net operating loss carryback deduction shall not be allowed for losses incurred for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.
- (3) For taxable years when the tax due under KRS 141.040 is based on the alternative minimum calculation provided in KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>, any net operating loss carryforward deduction that is utilized for the taxable year shall be the amount of taxable net income that exceeds the taxable net income equivalent of the alternative minimum calculation. For purposes of this subsection, "taxable net income equivalent" means the taxable net income that would generate an income tax equal to the alternative minimum calculation liability computed under KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>.
- (4) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, the net operating loss carryforward deduction of a corporation shall be reduced by the amount of distributive share income, loss, and deduction distributed to an individual or general partnership as defined in KRS 141.206.
- (5) The portion of a net operating loss that is not used to offset the income of an affiliate according to the limits in KRS 141.200(11) shall be available for carryforward, subject to the limitations contained in this section.
- Section 3. KRS 141.200 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Subsections (2) to (7) of this section shall apply for taxable periods ending before January 1, 2005, and election periods beginning prior to January 1, 2005.
- (2) As used in subsections (2) to (7) of this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Affiliated group" means affiliated group as defined in Section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations;
- (b) "Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section. The determinations and computations required by this chapter shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations, except as required by differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code. Corporations exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040 shall not be included in the return;
- (c) "Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which only the transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in making all determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net income, tax due, and credits allowed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;
- (d) "Corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (e) "Election period" means the ninety-six (96) month period provided for in subsection (4)(d) of this section.

- (3) Every corporation doing business in this state, except those exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040, shall, for each taxable year, file a separate return unless the corporation was, for any part of the taxable year, a member of an affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return in accordance with subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) (a) An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, may elect to file a consolidated return which includes all members of the affiliated group.
- (b) An affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single corporation under the provisions of this chapter. All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated return shall be eliminated in computing net income in accordance with KRS 141.010(13), and in determining the property, payroll, and sales factors in accordance with KRS 141.120. The gross receipts received by a public service company that is a member of an affiliated group shall be excluded from the calculation of the alternative minimum calculation under the provisions of KRS 141.040[(5)(b)]. For purposes of this paragraph, "public service company" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 136.120.
- (c) Any election made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be made on a form prescribed by the department and shall be submitted to the department on or before the due date of the return including extensions for the first taxable year for which the election is made.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsections (9) to (15) of this section, any election to file a consolidated return pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be binding on both the department and the affiliated group for a period beginning with the first month of the first taxable year for which the election is made and ending with the conclusion of the taxable year in which the ninety-sixth consecutive calendar month expires.
- (e) For each taxable year for which an affiliated group has made an election in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection, the consolidated return shall include all corporations which are members of the affiliated group.
- (5) Each corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return shall be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the consolidated return, except that any corporation which was not a member of the affiliated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only for that portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.
- (6) Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one (1) of the following officers of the corporation: the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer. The Department of Revenue may require a further or supplemental report of further information and data necessary for computation of the tax.
- (7) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with stockholders or with other corporations related by stock ownership, by interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require information necessary to make possible accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from sources within this state. To make possible such

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assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the corporation and any or all other related corporations or individuals.

- (8) Subsections (9) to (14) of this section shall apply for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.
- (9) As used in subsections (9) to (14) of this section:
- (a) 1. "Affiliated group" means one (1) or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock ownership, membership interest, or partnership interest with a common parent corporation if:
- a. The common parent owns directly an ownership interest meeting the requirements of subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in at least one (1) other includible corporation; and
- b. An ownership interest meeting the requirements of subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in each of the includible corporations, excluding the common parent, is owned directly by one (1) or more of the other corporations.
- 2. The ownership interest of any corporation meets the requirements of this paragraph if the ownership interest encompasses at least eighty percent (80%) of the voting power of all classes of ownership interests and has a value equal to at least eighty percent (80%) of the total value of all ownership interests;
- (b) "Common parent corporation" means the member of an affiliated group that meets the ownership requirement of paragraph (a)1. of this subsection;
- (c) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under the laws of a country other than the United States and is related to a member of an affiliated group through stock ownership;
- (d) "Includible corporation" means any corporation that is doing business in this state except:
- 1. Corporations exempt from corporation income tax under KRS 141.040(1)(a) to (h);
- 2. Foreign corporations;
- 3. Corporations with respect to which an election under Section 936 of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect for the taxable year;
- 4. Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 5. Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 6. A domestic international sales company as defined in Section 992(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 7. An S corporation as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 8. Any corporation that realizes a net operating loss whose Kentucky property, payroll, and sales factors pursuant to KRS 141.120(8) are de minimis; and
- 9. Any corporation for which the sum of the property, payroll and sales factors described in KRS 141.120(8) is zero;
- (e) "Ownership interest" means stock, a membership interest in a limited liability company, or a partnership interest in a limited partnership or limited liability partnership;

- (f) "Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section. The determinations and computations required by this chapter shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations, except as required by differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (g) "Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which only the transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in making all determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net income, tax due, and credits allowed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
- (10) Every corporation doing business in this state except those exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040(1)(a) to (h) shall, for each taxable year, file a separate return unless the corporation was, for any part of the taxable year:
- (a) An includible corporation in an affiliated group;
- (b) A common parent corporation doing business in this state;
- (c) A qualified subchapter S Subsidiary that is included in the return filed by the Subchapter S parent corporation; or
- (d) A qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary that is included in the return filed by the real estate investment trust parent.
- (11) (a) An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, shall file a consolidated return which includes all includible corporations.
- (b) An affiliated group required to file a consolidated return under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single corporation under the provisions of this chapter. All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated return shall be eliminated in computing net income in accordance with KRS 141.010(13), and in determining the property, payroll, and sales factors in accordance with KRS 141.120. Includible corporations that have incurred a net operating loss shall not deduct an amount that exceeds, in the aggregate, fifty percent (50%) of the income realized by the remaining includible corporations that did not realize a net operating loss. The portion of any net operating loss limited by the application of this subsection shall be available for carryforward in accordance with KRS 141.011. The Department of Revenue shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish the manner and extent to which net operating losses attributable to tax periods ending prior to January 1, 2005, may offset income of affiliated groups. The gross receipts received by a public service company that is a member of an affiliated group shall be excluded from the calculation of the alternative minimum calculation under KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>. For purposes of this paragraph, "public service company" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 136.120.
- (12) Each includible corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return shall be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the consolidated return, except that any includible corporation which was not a member of the affiliated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only for that portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.

- (13) Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one (1) of the following officers or management of the corporation: the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, manager, member, or partner. The Department of Revenue may require a further or supplemental report of further information and data necessary for computation of the tax.
- (14) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with stockholders, members or partners, or with other corporations related by ownership, by interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require that information necessary to make possible an accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from sources within this state be provided. To make possible this assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the corporation and any or all other related corporations or individuals.
- (15) For any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1995, except as provided under this section and KRS 141.205, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as allowing or requiring the filing of:
- (a) A combined return under the unitary business concept; or
- (b) A consolidated return.
- (16) No assessment of additional tax due for any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 1995, made after December 22, 1994, and based on requiring a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return, shall be effective or recognized for any purpose.
- (17) No claim for refund or credit of a tax overpayment for any taxable year ending on or before December, 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22, 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return, shall be effective or recognized for any purpose.
- (18) No corporation or group of corporations shall be allowed to file a combined return under the unitary business concept or a consolidated return for any taxable year ending before December 31, 1995, unless on or before December 22, 1994, the corporation or group of corporations filed an initial or amended return under the unitary business concept or consolidated return for a taxable year ending before December 22, 1994.
- (19) This section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise impair the department's authority under KRS 141.205. Section 4. KRS 141.347 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.22-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.22-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed in KRS 154.22-010 to 154.22-070; and

- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project; and
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project.
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.22-050.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 or a trust not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.22-050.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:

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- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070.

Section 5. KRS 141.390 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Postconsumer waste" means any product generated by a business or consumer which has served its intended end use, and which has been separated from solid waste for the purposes of collection, recycling, composting, and disposition and which does not include secondary waste material or demolition waste;

- (b) "Recycling equipment" means any machinery or apparatus used exclusively to process postconsumer waste material and manufacturing machinery used exclusively to produce finished products composed of substantial postconsumer waste materials;
- (c) "Composting equipment" means equipment used in a process by which biological decomposition of organic solid waste is carried out under controlled aerobic conditions, and which stabilizes the organic fraction into a material which can easily and safely be stored, handled, and used in a environmentally acceptable manner;
- (d) "Recapture period" means:
- 1. For qualified equipment with a useful life of five (5) or more years, the period from the date the equipment is purchased to five (5) full years from that date; or
- 2. For qualified equipment with a useful life of less than five (5) years, the period from the date the equipment is purchased to three (3) full years from that date;
- (e) "Useful life" means the period determined under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (f) "Baseline tax liability" means the tax liability of the taxpayer for the most recent tax year ending prior to January 1, 2005; and
- (g) "Major recycling project" means a project where the taxpayer:
- 1. Invests more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) in recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively in this state;
- 2. Has more than seven hundred fifty (750) full-time employees with an average hourly wage of more than three hundred percent (300%) of the federal minimum wage; and
- 3. Has plant and equipment with a total cost of more than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).
- (2) (a) A taxpayer that purchases recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively within this state for recycling or composting postconsumer waste materials shall be entitled to a credit against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter, including any tax due under the provisions of KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>, in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the installed cost of the recycling or composting equipment. The amount of credit claimed in the tax year during which the recycling equipment is purchased shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of the total credit allowable and shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the total of each tax liability which would be otherwise due.
- (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a taxpayer that has a major recycling project containing recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively within this state for recycling or composting postconsumer waste material shall be entitled to a credit against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter, including any tax due under the provisions of KRS 141.040[(5)(b)], in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the installed cost of the recycling or composting equipment. The credit described in this paragraph shall be limited to a period of ten (10) years commencing with the approval of the recycling credit application. In each taxable year, the amount of credits claimed for all major recycling projects shall be limited to:
- 1. Fifty percent (50%) of the excess of the total of each tax liability over the baseline tax liability of the taxpayer; or
- 2. Two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), whichever is less.

- (c) A taxpayer with one (1) or more major recycling projects shall be entitled to a total credit including the amount computed in paragraph (a) of this subsection plus the amount of credit computed in paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- (d) A taxpayer shall not be permitted to utilize a credit computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection and a credit computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection on the same recycling or composting equipment.
- (3) Application for a tax credit shall be made to the Department of Revenue on or before the first day of the seventh month following the close of the taxable year in which the recycling or composting equipment is purchased. The application shall include a description of each item of recycling equipment purchased, the date of purchase and the installed cost of the recycling equipment, a statement of where the recycling equipment is to be used, and any other information as the Department of Revenue may require. The Department of Revenue shall review all applications received to determine whether expenditures for which credits are required meet the requirements of this section and shall advise the taxpayer of the amount of credit for which the taxpayer is eligible under this section. Any corporation as defined in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) may elect to claim the balance of a recycling credit approved prior to March 18, 2005, against its tax liability imposed under KRS 141.040. The election shall be binding on the taxpayer and the Department of Revenue until the balance of the recycling credit is used.
- (4) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, if a taxpayer that receives a tax credit under this section sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the qualifying recycling or composting equipment before the end of the recapture period, the tax credit shall be redetermined under subsection (5) of this section. If the total credit taken in prior taxable years exceeds the redetermined credit, the difference shall be added to the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for the taxable year in which the sale, transfer, or disposition occurs. If the redetermined credit exceeds the total credit already taken in prior taxable years, the taxpayer shall be entitled to use the difference to reduce the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for the taxable year in which the sale, transfer, or disposition occurs.
- (5) The total tax credit allowable under subsection (2) of this section for equipment that is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of before the end of the recapture period shall be adjusted as follows:
- (a) For equipment with a useful life of five (5) or more years that is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of:
- 1. One (1) year or less after the purchase, no credit shall be allowed.
- 2. Between one (1) year and two (2) years after the purchase, twenty percent (20%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 3. Between two (2) and three (3) years after the purchase, forty percent (40%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 4. Between three (3) and four (4) years after the purchase, sixty percent (60%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 5. Between four (4) and five (5) years after the purchase, eighty percent (80%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- (b) For equipment with a useful life of less than five (5) years that is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of:
- 1. One (1) year or less after the purchase, no credit shall be allowed.
- 2. Between one (1) year and two (2) years after the purchase, thirty-three percent (33%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.

- 3. Between two (2) and three (3) years after the purchase, sixty-seven percent (67%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- (6) Subsections (4) and (5) of this section shall not apply to transfers due to death, or transfers due merely to a change in business ownership or organization as long as the equipment continues to be used exclusively in recycling or composting, or transactions to which Section 381(a) of the Internal Revenue Code applies.
- (7) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of this section. Section 6. KRS 141.400 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.28-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.28-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed in KRS 154.28-090; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) and (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.28-090.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to tax under KRS 141.040, or a trust not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.

- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.28-090.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.

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(9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-090 and this section and the allowable tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-090 and this section.

Section 7. KRS 141.401 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.23-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.23-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed under KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section
- (3) An approved company that is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project; and
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project.
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company that is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2), as follows:
- (a) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made in this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (b) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.

- (c) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (d) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.

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(9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079 and the allowable income tax credit that an approved company may retain under KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.

Section 8. KRS 141.403 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.26-010;
- (b) "Economic revitalization project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.26-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.26-090; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11) or taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic revitalization project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic revitalization project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.26-090.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic revitalization project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.26-090.

- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic revitalization project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic revitalization project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic revitalization project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic revitalization project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility. Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic revitalization project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic revitalization project pursuant to a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic revitalization project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic revitalization project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.

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(9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.26-010 to 154.26-100 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.26-010 to 154.26-100.

Section 9. KRS 141.405 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.12-2084;
- (b) "Skills training investment credit" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.12-2084; and
- (c) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) (a) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall compute the income tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or whichever of KRS 141.040(5)(a) or (b) applies on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, as the case may be;
- (b) The amount of the skills training investment credit that the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation has given final approval for under KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be applied against the amount of the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection; and
- (c) The skills training investment credit payment shall not exceed the amount of the final approval awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation under KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (4) (a) In the case of an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be apportioned among the partners thereof at the same ratio as the partners' distributive shares of income are determined for the tax year during which the final authorization resolution is adopted by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit apportioned to each partner that may be claimed in any tax year of the partner shall be determined in accordance with KRS 154.12-2086.
- (5) (a) In the case of an approved company that is a trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be apportioned to the trust and the beneficiaries on the basis of the income of the trust allocable to each for the tax year during which the final authorizing resolution is adopted by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (b) The amount of tax credit apportioned to each trust or beneficiary that may be claimed in any tax year of the trust or beneficiary shall be determined in accordance with KRS 154.12-2086.
- (6) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A adopting forms and procedures for the reporting of the credit allowed in KRS 154.12-2084 to 154.12-2089.

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Section 10. KRS 141.407 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.24-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as economic development project as set forth in KRS 154.24-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or a trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150.
- (d) If the tax computed herein exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.

- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.24-010 to 154.24-150 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.24-010 to 154.24-150.

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Section 11. KRS 141.410 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 141.410 to 141.414, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Approved costs" means the costs incurred during the taxable year by a qualified farming operation for training and improving the skills of managers and employees involved in a networking project.
- (2) "Business network" means a formalized, collaborative mechanism organized by and operating among three (3) or more qualified farming operations, industrial entities, business enterprises, or private sector firms for the purposes of, but not limited to: pooling expertise; improving responses to changing technology or markets; lowering the risks to individual entities of accelerated modernization; encouraging new technology investments, new market development, and employee skills improvement; and developing a system of collective intelligence among participating entities.
- (3) "Food producing facilities" means establishments that manufacture or process foods and beverages for human consumption, and which are included under the three (3) digit NAICS code three hundred eleven (311).
- (4) "Networking project" means a project by which farmers and other entities involved in the production of food join together to form a network approved by the Cabinet for Economic Development for the purpose of producing or expanding the production of crops or livestock necessary for the establishment or expansion of secondary food-producing facilities in Kentucky.
- (5) "Qualified farming operation" means an individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, corporation, or institution, engaged in farming in Kentucky that provides raw materials for food-producing facilities in Kentucky, and that purchases new buildings or equipment, or that incurs training expenses, to support its participation in a networking project.
- (6) "NAICS code" means the classification system grouping business operations or enterprises as published in the North American Industry Classification System United States Manual published by Convergence Working Group and the United States Office of Management and Budget, 2002 edition.
- (7) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) <u>or (6)(b)</u>. Section 12. KRS 141.414 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A qualified farming operation which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040<del>[(1)]</del> shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the qualified farming operation's participation in a networking project.
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or

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Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the qualified farming operation's participation in a networking project; and

- (c) Be entitled to a tax credit in the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection. The credit shall not exceed the farming operation's approved costs, as defined in KRS 141.410.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a qualified farming operation which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to its participation in a networking project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2), and the amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection. The credit shall not exceed the farming operation's approved costs, as defined in KRS 141.410. If the tax computed in this subsection exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax and the tax credit determined under subsection (2) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a partnership or trust.
- (4) If the networking entity is a separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the project and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (5) If the networking project is an expansion to a previously existing farming operation:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire operation shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the farming operation's participation in the networking project and overhead expenses apportioned to the networking project, and the net income attributable to the networking project for the purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire networking project to the networking project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section shall be determined by

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apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.

- (6) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved farming operation are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the networking project, the approved farming operation shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from its participation in the networking project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (7) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue necessary to effectuate KRS 141.0101 and KRS 141.410 to 141.414 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved farming operation may retain under the provisions of KRS 141.412 and this section. Section 13. KRS 141.415 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.34-010;
- (b) "Reinvestment project" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.34-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.34-080; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from a reinvestment project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to a reinvestment project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.34-080.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to a reinvestment project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).

- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.34-080.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the reinvestment project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the reinvestment project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the reinvestment project for the purposes of subsections (3),
- (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the reinvestment project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.

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- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income or gross receipts from the facility at which the reinvestment project is located, the approved company shall determine net income or gross receipts from the reinvestment project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.34-010 to 154.34-100 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.34-010 to 154.34-100.

Section 14. KRS 141.420 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) Every corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) that is doing business in this state shall, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of its annual accounting period, file a copy of its applicable federal return with the form prescribed and furnished by the department.
- (b) For a corporation filing a return under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the individual partner's, member's, or shareholder's distributive share of net income, gain, loss, or deduction shall be computed as nearly as practicable in a manner identical to that required for federal income tax purposes except to the extent required by differences between this chapter and the federal income tax law and regulations.
- (2) (a) Resident individuals who are members, partners, or shareholders of a corporation required to file a return under subsection (1)(a) of this section shall report and pay tax on the distributive share of net income, gain, loss, or deduction as determined in subsection (1)(b) of this section.
- (b) Nonresident individuals who are members, partners, or shareholders of a corporation required to file a return under subsection (1)(a) of this section shall report and pay tax on the distributive share of net income, gain, loss, or deduction as determined in subsection (1)(b) of this section multiplied by the apportionment fraction in KRS 141.120(8).
- (3) (a) Resident and nonresident individuals who are members, shareholders, or partners of a corporation required to file a return under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section shall be entitled to a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed under KRS 141.020.
- (b) The credit determined under this subsection shall be the member's, shareholder's, or partner's proportionate share of the tax due from the corporation as determined under KRS 141.040, before the application of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205(4) and reduced by the required minimum imposed by KRS 141.040(7)[(6)].
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007, the portion of the credit computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection that exceeds the credit that would have been utilized if the corporation's income were taxed at the rates in KRS 141.020 shall be refundable. The refundable portion of

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the credit shall be the individual member's, shareholder's, or partner's proportionate share of the amount computed by multiplying the amount the corporation's income exceeds two hundred sixteen thousand six hundred dollars (\$216,600) by one percent (1%).

- (d) The credit determined under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection shall not operate to reduce the member's, shareholder's, or partner's tax due to an amount that is less than what would have been payable were the income attributable to doing business in this state by the corporation ignored.
- (4) For purposes of computing the basis of an ownership interest or stock in a corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h), the basis attributable to a member, partner, or shareholder shall be adjusted by the distributive share of the items of net income, gain, loss and deduction as though the items had been passed through to the member, partner, or shareholder.
- (5) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, distributions by or from a corporation shall be treated in the same manner as they are treated for federal tax purposes."

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following exceptions:

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XVI, Income Tax has been renumbered to Part XIII, Income Tax.

The General Assembly replaces Part XIII, Income Tax, language to read as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 141.040 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Every corporation doing business in this state, except those corporations listed in paragraphs (a) to (h) of this subsection, shall pay for each taxable year a tax to be computed by the taxpayer on taxable net income or the alternative minimum calculation computed under this section at the rates specified in this section:
- (a) Financial institutions, as defined in KRS 136.500, except bankers banks organized under KRS 287.135;
- (b) Savings and loan associations organized under the laws of this state and under the laws of the United States and making loans to members only;
- (c) Banks for cooperatives;
- (d) Production credit associations;
- (e) Insurance companies, including farmers or other mutual hail, cyclone, windstorm, or fire insurance companies, insurers, and reciprocal underwriters;

- (f) Corporations or other entities exempt under Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (g) Religious, educational, charitable, or like corporations not organized or conducted for pecuniary profit; and
- (h) Corporations whose only owned or leased property located in this state is located at the premises of a printer with which it has contracted for printing, provided that:
- 1. The property consists of the final printed product, or copy from which the printed product is produced; and
- 2. The corporation has no individuals receiving compensation in this state as provided in KRS 141.120(8)(b).
- (2) For tax years ending before January 1, 1990, the following rates shall apply:
- (a) Three percent (3%) of the first twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of taxable net income;
- (b) Four percent (4%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), but not in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
- (c) Five percent (5%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), but not in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
- (d) Six percent (6%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), but not in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); and
- (e) Seven and twenty-five one hundredths percent (7.25%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- (3) For tax years beginning after December 31, 1989, and before January 1, 2005, the following rates shall apply:
- (a) Four percent (4%) of the first twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) of taxable net income;
- (b) Five percent (5%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) but not in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
- (c) Six percent (6%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), but not in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000);
- (d) Seven percent (7%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), but not in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000); and
- (e) Eight and twenty-five one hundredths percent (8.25%) of the amount of taxable net income in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000).
- (4) For tax years beginning before January 1, 1990, and ending after December 31, 1989, the tax shall be the sum of the amounts determined in paragraphs (a) and (b) as follows:
- (a) Apply the tax rates in subsection (2) of this section to the taxable net income for the year and multiply the result by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days from the first day of the taxable year through December 31, 1989, and the denominator of which is the total number of days of the taxable year; and

- (b) Apply the tax rates in subsection (3) of this section to the taxable net income for the year and multiply the result by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of days from January 1, 1990, through the last day of the taxable year and the denominator of which is the total number of days of the taxable year.
- (5) For taxable years beginning on or after <u>December 31, 2004, and before</u> January 1, <u>2007[2005]</u>, corporations subject to the tax imposed by this section shall pay the greater of the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the tax computed under paragraph (b)1. or 2. of this subsection, or the minimum tax imposed by subsection (7)[(6)] of this section. The tax computed under this subsection is as follows:
- (a) 1. Four percent (4%) of the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of taxable net income;
- 2. Five percent (5%) of taxable net income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); and
- 3. Seven percent (7%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and prior to January 1, 2007; and
- 4. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, six percent (6%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)]; or
- (b) An alternative minimum calculation of an amount equal to the lesser of the amount computed under subparagraph 1. or 2. of this paragraph:
- 1. Nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's gross receipts. For purposes of this paragraph, "gross receipts" means the numerator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c); or
- 2. Seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's Kentucky gross profits.
- (6) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, corporations subject to the tax imposed by this section shall pay the greater of the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the tax computed under paragraph (b)1. or 2. of this subsection, or the minimum tax imposed by subsection (7) of this section. The tax computed under this subsection is as follows:
- (a) 1. Four percent (4%) of the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) of taxable net income;
- 2. Five percent (5%) of taxable net income over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); and
- 3. Six percent (6%) of taxable net income over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000); or
- (b) An alternative minimum calculation of an amount equal to the lesser of the amount computed under subparagraph 1. or 2. of this paragraph:
- 1. a. If the corporation's gross receipts from all sources within and without this state are two million dollars (\$2,000,000) or less, the alternative minimum calculation shall be zero;

- b. If the corporation's gross receipts from all sources within and without this state are greater than two million dollars (\$2,000,000) but less than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), the alternative minimum calculation shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's gross receipts from doing business in this state, reduced by an amount equal to one thousand nine hundred dollars (\$1,900) multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) less the amount of the corporation's gross receipts from doing business in this state for the taxable year, and the denominator of which is eight million dollars (\$8,000,000), but in no case shall the result be less than zero;
- c. If the corporation's gross receipts from all sources within and without this state are equal to or greater than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000), the alternative minimum calculation shall be nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's gross receipts from doing business in this state; or
- 2. Seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the corporation's Kentucky gross profits. The entire amount of the corporation's gross receipts shall be considered when making the gross profits calculation.
- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, "gross receipts" means the numerator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141.120(8)(c).
- (7) A minimum of one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175) shall be due for the taxable year from each corporation subject to the tax imposed by this section, regardless of the application of any tax credits provided under this chapter or any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for which the business entity may qualify.
- (8)[(7)] The alternative minimum calculation portion of the tax computation provided in <u>subsections</u> (5) <u>and (6)</u> of this section shall not apply to:
- (a) Public service corporations subject to tax under KRS 136.120;
- (b) Open-end registered investment companies organized under the laws of this state and registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
- (c) Any property or facility which has been certified as a fluidized bed energy production facility as defined in KRS 211.390; and
- (d) An alcohol production facility as defined in KRS 247.910.
- (9)[(8)](a) As used in this subsection, "qualified exempt organization" means an entity listed in subsection (1)(a) to (h) of this section and shall not include any entity whose exempt status has been disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service.
- Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section or KRS 141.010, any corporation of the type listed in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) that is owned in whole or in part by a qualified exempt organization shall, in calculating its taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, exclude the proportionate share of its taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization.

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- (c) Any corporation that reduces taxable net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits in accordance with paragraph (b) of this subsection shall disregard the ownership interest of the qualified exempt organization in determining the amount of credit available under KRS 141.420.
- (d) The Department of Revenue may promulgate an administrative regulation to further define "qualified exempt organization" to include an entity for which exemption is constitutionally or legally required, or to exclude any entity created primarily for tax avoidance purposes with no legitimate business purpose.
- (10)[(9)] (a) To the extent that a corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) is doing business in this state, any member, shareholder or partner of the corporation may elect to pay, on behalf of the corporation, his, her or its proportionate share of the tax imposed by this section against the corporation. If an election is made, the electing member, shareholder or partner shall be treated in the same manner as the corporation regarding the proportionate part of the tax paid by the member, shareholder or partner. An election made pursuant to this subsection shall not:
- 1. Be used by the Department of Revenue or the taxpayer to assert that the party making the election is doing business in Kentucky;
- 2. Result in an increase of the amount of credit allowable under KRS 141.420; or
- 3. Apply to any corporation that is required to be included in a consolidated return under KRS 141.200(2) to (5) and (9) to (12).
- (b) The Department of Revenue shall prescribe forms and promulgate regulations to execute and administer the provisions of this subsection.

### Section 2. KRS 141.011 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the net operating loss carryback-carryforward deduction, including casualty loss, allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code shall apply only to such losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1979, and no such loss shall be carried back to taxable years beginning before January 1, 1980. Any casualty loss carryforward authorized by this section as it existed before January 1, 1980, may be carried forward as an itemized deduction until it has been fully deducted.
- (2) The net operating loss carryback deduction shall not be allowed for losses incurred for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.
- (3) For taxable years when the tax due under KRS 141.040 is based on the alternative minimum calculation provided in KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>, any net operating loss carryforward deduction that is utilized for the taxable year shall be the amount of taxable net income that exceeds the taxable net income equivalent of the alternative minimum calculation. For purposes of this subsection, "taxable net income equivalent" means the taxable net income that would generate an income tax equal to the alternative minimum calculation liability computed under KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>.

- (4) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, the net operating loss carryforward deduction of a corporation shall be reduced by the amount of distributive share income, loss, and deduction distributed to an individual or general partnership as defined in KRS 141.206.
- (5) The portion of a net operating loss that is not used to offset the income of an affiliate according to the limits in KRS 141.200(11) shall be available for carryforward, subject to the limitations contained in this section.
- Section 3. KRS 141.200 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Subsections (2) to (7) of this section shall apply for taxable periods ending before January 1, 2005, and election periods beginning prior to January 1, 2005.
- (2) As used in subsections (2) to (7) of this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Affiliated group" means affiliated group as defined in Section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations;
- (b) "Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section. The determinations and computations required by this chapter shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 1502 of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations, except as required by differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code. Corporations exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040 shall not be included in the return;
- (c) "Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which only the transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in making all determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net income, tax due, and credits allowed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter;
- (d) "Corporation" means "corporation" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (e) "Election period" means the ninety-six (96) month period provided for in subsection (4)(d) of this section.
- (3) Every corporation doing business in this state, except those exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040, shall, for each taxable year, file a separate return unless the corporation was, for any part of the taxable year, a member of an affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return in accordance with subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) (a) An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, may elect to file a consolidated return which includes all members of the affiliated group.
- (b) An affiliated group electing to file a consolidated return under paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single corporation under the provisions of this chapter. All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated return shall be eliminated in computing net income in accordance with KRS 141.010(13), and in determining the property, payroll, and sales factors in accordance with KRS 141.120. The gross receipts received by a public service company that is a member of an affiliated group shall be excluded from the calculation of the alternative minimum calculation under the provisions of KRS 141.040[(5)(b)]. For purposes of this paragraph, "public service company" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 136.120.

- (c) Any election made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be made on a form prescribed by the department and shall be submitted to the department on or before the due date of the return including extensions for the first taxable year for which the election is made.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsections (9) to (15) of this section, any election to file a consolidated return pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be binding on both the department and the affiliated group for a period beginning with the first month of the first taxable year for which the election is made and ending with the conclusion of the taxable year in which the ninety-sixth consecutive calendar month expires.
- (e) For each taxable year for which an affiliated group has made an election in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection, the consolidated return shall include all corporations which are members of the affiliated group.
- (5) Each corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return shall be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the consolidated return, except that any corporation which was not a member of the affiliated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only for that portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.
- (6) Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one (1) of the following officers of the corporation: the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, or chief accounting officer. The Department of Revenue may require a further or supplemental report of further information and data necessary for computation of the tax.
- (7) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with stockholders or with other corporations related by stock ownership, by interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require information necessary to make possible accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from sources within this state. To make possible such assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the corporation and any or all other related corporations or individuals.
- (8) Subsections (9) to (14) of this section shall apply for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005.
- (9) As used in subsections (9) to (14) of this section:
- (a) 1. "Affiliated group" means one (1) or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock ownership, membership interest, or partnership interest with a common parent corporation if:
- a. The common parent owns directly an ownership interest meeting the requirements of subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in at least one (1) other includible corporation; and
- b. An ownership interest meeting the requirements of subparagraph 2. of this paragraph in each of the includible corporations, excluding the common parent, is owned directly by one (1) or more of the other corporations.

- 2. The ownership interest of any corporation meets the requirements of this paragraph if the ownership interest encompasses at least eighty percent (80%) of the voting power of all classes of ownership interests and has a value equal to at least eighty percent (80%) of the total value of all ownership interests;
- (b) "Common parent corporation" means the member of an affiliated group that meets the ownership requirement of paragraph (a)1. of this subsection;
- (c) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is organized under the laws of a country other than the United States and is related to a member of an affiliated group through stock ownership;
- (d) "Includible corporation" means any corporation that is doing business in this state except:
- 1. Corporations exempt from corporation income tax under KRS 141.040(1)(a) to (h);
- 2. Foreign corporations;
- 3. Corporations with respect to which an election under Section 936 of the Internal Revenue Code is in effect for the taxable year;
- 4. Real estate investment trusts as defined in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 5. Regulated investment companies as defined in Section 851 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 6. A domestic international sales company as defined in Section 992(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 7. An S corporation as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 8. Any corporation that realizes a net operating loss whose Kentucky property, payroll, and sales factors pursuant to KRS 141.120(8) are de minimis; and
- 9. Any corporation for which the sum of the property, payroll and sales factors described in KRS 141.120(8) is zero;
- (e) "Ownership interest" means stock, a membership interest in a limited liability company, or a partnership interest in a limited partnership or limited liability partnership;
- (f) "Consolidated return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return filed by members of an affiliated group in accordance with this section. The determinations and computations required by this chapter shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and related regulations, except as required by differences between this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (g) "Separate return" means a Kentucky corporation income tax return in which only the transactions and activities of a single corporation are considered in making all determinations and computations necessary to calculate taxable net income, tax due, and credits allowed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.
- (10) Every corporation doing business in this state except those exempt from taxation under KRS 141.040(1)(a) to (h) shall, for each taxable year, file a separate return unless the corporation was, for any part of the taxable year:
- (a) An includible corporation in an affiliated group;
- (b) A common parent corporation doing business in this state;

- (c) A qualified subchapter S Subsidiary that is included in the return filed by the Subchapter S parent corporation; or
- (d) A qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary that is included in the return filed by the real estate investment trust parent.
- (11) (a) An affiliated group, whether or not filing a federal consolidated return, shall file a consolidated return which includes all includible corporations.
- (b) An affiliated group required to file a consolidated return under this subsection shall be treated for all purposes as a single corporation under the provisions of this chapter. All transactions between corporations included in the consolidated return shall be eliminated in computing net income in accordance with KRS 141.010(13), and in determining the property, payroll, and sales factors in accordance with KRS 141.120. Includible corporations that have incurred a net operating loss shall not deduct an amount that exceeds, in the aggregate, fifty percent (50%) of the income realized by the remaining includible corporations that did not realize a net operating loss. The portion of any net operating loss limited by the application of this subsection shall be available for carryforward in accordance with KRS 141.011. The Department of Revenue shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish the manner and extent to which net operating losses attributable to tax periods ending prior to January 1, 2005, may offset income of affiliated groups. The gross receipts received by a public service company that is a member of an affiliated group shall be excluded from the calculation of the alternative minimum calculation under KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>. For purposes of this paragraph, "public service company" has the same meaning as provided in KRS 136.120.
- (12) Each includible corporation included as part of an affiliated group filing a consolidated return shall be jointly and severally liable for the income tax liability computed on the consolidated return, except that any includible corporation which was not a member of the affiliated group for the entire taxable year shall be jointly and severally liable only for that portion of the Kentucky consolidated income tax liability attributable to that portion of the year that the corporation was a member of the affiliated group.
- (13) Every corporation return or report required by this chapter shall be executed by one (1) of the following officers or management of the corporation: the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, assistant secretary, assistant treasurer, chief accounting officer, manager, member, or partner. The Department of Revenue may require a further or supplemental report of further information and data necessary for computation of the tax.
- (14) In the case of a corporation doing business in this state that carries on transactions with stockholders, members or partners, or with other corporations related by ownership, by interlocking directorates, or by some other method, the department shall require that information necessary to make possible an accurate assessment of the income derived by the corporation from sources within this state be provided. To make possible this assessment, the department may require the corporation to file supplementary returns showing information respecting the business of any or all individuals and corporations related by one (1) or more of these methods to the corporation. The department may require the return to show in detail the record of transactions between the corporation and any or all other related corporations or individuals.

- (15) For any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1995, except as provided under this section and KRS 141.205, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as allowing or requiring the filing of:
- (a) A combined return under the unitary business concept; or
- (b) A consolidated return.
- (16) No assessment of additional tax due for any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 1995, made after December 22, 1994, and based on requiring a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return, shall be effective or recognized for any purpose.
- (17) No claim for refund or credit of a tax overpayment for any taxable year ending on or before December, 31, 1995, made by an amended return or any other method after December 22, 1994, and based on a change from any initially filed separate return or returns to a combined return under the unitary business concept or to a consolidated return, shall be effective or recognized for any purpose.
- (18) No corporation or group of corporations shall be allowed to file a combined return under the unitary business concept or a consolidated return for any taxable year ending before December 31, 1995, unless on or before December 22, 1994, the corporation or group of corporations filed an initial or amended return under the unitary business concept or consolidated return for a taxable year ending before December 22, 1994.
- (19) This section shall not be construed to limit or otherwise impair the department's authority under KRS 141.205. Section 4. KRS 141.347 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.22-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.22-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed in KRS 154.22-010 to 154.22-070; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project; and
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or

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Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project.

- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.22-050.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 or a trust not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.22-050.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by

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apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and

- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070.

Section 5. KRS 141.390 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Postconsumer waste" means any product generated by a business or consumer which has served its intended end use, and which has been separated from solid waste for the purposes of collection, recycling, composting, and disposition and which does not include secondary waste material or demolition waste;
- (b) "Recycling equipment" means any machinery or apparatus used exclusively to process postconsumer waste material and manufacturing machinery used exclusively to produce finished products composed of substantial postconsumer waste materials;
- (c) "Composting equipment" means equipment used in a process by which biological decomposition of organic solid waste is carried out under controlled aerobic conditions, and which stabilizes the organic fraction into a material which can easily and safely be stored, handled, and used in a environmentally acceptable manner;
- (d) "Recapture period" means:
- 1. For qualified equipment with a useful life of five (5) or more years, the period from the date the equipment is purchased to five (5) full years from that date; or
- 2. For qualified equipment with a useful life of less than five (5) years, the period from the date the equipment is purchased to three (3) full years from that date;
- (e) "Useful life" means the period determined under Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

- (f) "Baseline tax liability" means the tax liability of the taxpayer for the most recent tax year ending prior to January 1, 2005; and
- (g) "Major recycling project" means a project where the taxpayer:
- 1. Invests more than ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) in recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively in this state;
- 2. Has more than seven hundred fifty (750) full-time employees with an average hourly wage of more than three hundred percent (300%) of the federal minimum wage; and
- 3. Has plant and equipment with a total cost of more than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).
- (2) (a) A taxpayer that purchases recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively within this state for recycling or composting postconsumer waste materials shall be entitled to a credit against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter, including any tax due under the provisions of KRS 141.040<del>[(5)(b)]</del>, in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the installed cost of the recycling or composting equipment. The amount of credit claimed in the tax year during which the recycling equipment is purchased shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of the total credit allowable and shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the total of each tax liability which would be otherwise due.
- (b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a taxpayer that has a major recycling project containing recycling or composting equipment to be used exclusively within this state for recycling or composting postconsumer waste material shall be entitled to a credit against the income taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter, including any tax due under the provisions of KRS 141.040[(5)(b)], in an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of the installed cost of the recycling or composting equipment. The credit described in this paragraph shall be limited to a period of ten (10) years commencing with the approval of the recycling credit application. In each taxable year, the amount of credits claimed for all major recycling projects shall be limited to:
- 1. Fifty percent (50%) of the excess of the total of each tax liability over the baseline tax liability of the taxpayer; or
- 2. Two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000), whichever is less.
- (c) A taxpayer with one (1) or more major recycling projects shall be entitled to a total credit including the amount computed in paragraph (a) of this subsection plus the amount of credit computed in paragraph (b) of this subsection.
- (d) A taxpayer shall not be permitted to utilize a credit computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection and a credit computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection on the same recycling or composting equipment.
- (3) Application for a tax credit shall be made to the Department of Revenue on or before the first day of the seventh month following the close of the taxable year in which the recycling or composting equipment is purchased. The application shall include a description of each item of recycling equipment purchased, the date of purchase and the installed cost of the recycling equipment, a statement of where the recycling equipment is to be used, and any other information as the Department of Revenue may require. The Department of Revenue shall review all applications received to determine whether expenditures for which credits are required meet the requirements of this section and shall advise the taxpayer of the amount of credit for which the taxpayer is eligible under this section. Any corporation as defined in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) may elect to claim the balance of a recycling credit approved prior

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to March 18, 2005, against its tax liability imposed under KRS 141.040. The election shall be binding on the taxpayer and the Department of Revenue until the balance of the recycling credit is used.

- (4) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, if a taxpayer that receives a tax credit under this section sells, transfers, or otherwise disposes of the qualifying recycling or composting equipment before the end of the recapture period, the tax credit shall be redetermined under subsection (5) of this section. If the total credit taken in prior taxable years exceeds the redetermined credit, the difference shall be added to the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for the taxable year in which the sale, transfer, or disposition occurs. If the redetermined credit exceeds the total credit already taken in prior taxable years, the taxpayer shall be entitled to use the difference to reduce the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter for the taxable year in which the sale, transfer, or disposition occurs.
- (5) The total tax credit allowable under subsection (2) of this section for equipment that is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of before the end of the recapture period shall be adjusted as follows:
- (a) For equipment with a useful life of five (5) or more years that is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of:
- 1. One (1) year or less after the purchase, no credit shall be allowed.
- 2. Between one (1) year and two (2) years after the purchase, twenty percent (20%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 3. Between two (2) and three (3) years after the purchase, forty percent (40%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 4. Between three (3) and four (4) years after the purchase, sixty percent (60%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 5. Between four (4) and five (5) years after the purchase, eighty percent (80%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- (b) For equipment with a useful life of less than five (5) years that is sold, transferred, or otherwise disposed of:
- 1. One (1) year or less after the purchase, no credit shall be allowed.
- 2. Between one (1) year and two (2) years after the purchase, thirty-three percent (33%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- 3. Between two (2) and three (3) years after the purchase, sixty-seven percent (67%) of the total allowable credit shall be allowed.
- (6) Subsections (4) and (5) of this section shall not apply to transfers due to death, or transfers due merely to a change in business ownership or organization as long as the equipment continues to be used exclusively in recycling or composting, or transactions to which Section 381(a) of the Internal Revenue Code applies.
- (7) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of this section. Section 6. KRS 141.400 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.28-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.28-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed in KRS 154.28-090; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).

- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.28-090.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to tax under KRS 141.040, or a trust not subject to tax under KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.28-090.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:

### **Part XIII - Income Tax**

- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-090 and this section and the allowable tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.22-020 to 154.22-070 and KRS 154.28-010 to 154.28-090 and this section.

Section 7. KRS 141.401 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.23-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.23-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the "tax credit" allowed under KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079; and

- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) and (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company that is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project; and
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040 [(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project.
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company that is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2), as follows:
- (a) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made in this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (b) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.
- (c) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (d) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:

### **Part XIII - Income Tax**

- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079 and the allowable income tax credit that an approved company may retain under KRS 154.23-005 to 154.23-079.

Section 8. KRS 141.403 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.26-010;
- (b) "Economic revitalization project" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.26-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.26-090; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).

- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11) or taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic revitalization project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic revitalization project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.26-090.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic revitalization project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.26-090.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic revitalization project is a totally separate facility:

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- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic revitalization project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic revitalization project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic revitalization project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility. Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic revitalization project for purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic revitalization project pursuant to a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic revitalization project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic revitalization project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.26-010 to 154.26-100 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.26-010 to 154.26-100.

Section 9. KRS 141.405 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.12-2084;
- (b) "Skills training investment credit" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.12-2084; and
- (c) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.

- (3) (a) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall compute the income tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or whichever of KRS 141.040(5)(a) or (b) applies on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, as the case may be;
- (b) The amount of the skills training investment credit that the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation has given final approval for under KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be applied against the amount of the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection; and
- (c) The skills training investment credit payment shall not exceed the amount of the final approval awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation under KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (4) (a) In the case of an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be apportioned among the partners thereof at the same ratio as the partners' distributive shares of income are determined for the tax year during which the final authorization resolution is adopted by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit apportioned to each partner that may be claimed in any tax year of the partner shall be determined in accordance with KRS 154.12-2086.
- (5) (a) In the case of an approved company that is a trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040, the amount of the tax credit awarded by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6) shall be apportioned to the trust and the beneficiaries on the basis of the income of the trust allocable to each for the tax year during which the final authorizing resolution is adopted by the Bluegrass State Skills Corporation in KRS 154.12-2088(6).
- (b) The amount of tax credit apportioned to each trust or beneficiary that may be claimed in any tax year of the trust or beneficiary shall be determined in accordance with KRS 154.12-2086.
- (6) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A adopting forms and procedures for the reporting of the credit allowed in KRS 154.12-2084 to 154.12-2089. Section 10. KRS 141.407 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.24-010;
- (b) "Economic development project" shall have the same meaning as economic development project as set forth in KRS 154.24-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the tax credit as provided in this section.

- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from an economic development project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to an economic development project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or a trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to an economic development project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.24-020 to 154.24-150.
- (d) If the tax computed herein exceeds the credit, the excess shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.
- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the economic development project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and

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- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the economic development project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the facility at which the economic development project is located, the approved company shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the economic development project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.24-010 to 154.24-150 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.24-010 to 154.24-150.

Section 11. KRS 141.410 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 141.410 to 141.414, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Approved costs" means the costs incurred during the taxable year by a qualified farming operation for training and improving the skills of managers and employees involved in a networking project.
- (2) "Business network" means a formalized, collaborative mechanism organized by and operating among three (3) or more qualified farming operations, industrial entities, business enterprises, or private sector firms for the purposes of, but not limited to: pooling expertise; improving responses to changing technology or markets; lowering the risks to individual entities of accelerated modernization; encouraging new technology investments, new market development, and employee skills improvement; and developing a system of collective intelligence among participating entities.

- (3) "Food producing facilities" means establishments that manufacture or process foods and beverages for human consumption, and which are included under the three (3) digit NAICS code three hundred eleven (311).
- (4) "Networking project" means a project by which farmers and other entities involved in the production of food join together to form a network approved by the Cabinet for Economic Development for the purpose of producing or expanding the production of crops or livestock necessary for the establishment or expansion of secondary food-producing facilities in Kentucky.
- (5) "Qualified farming operation" means an individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, joint venture, trust, unincorporated organization, association, corporation, or institution, engaged in farming in Kentucky that provides raw materials for food-producing facilities in Kentucky, and that purchases new buildings or equipment, or that incurs training expenses, to support its participation in a networking project.
- (6) "NAICS code" means the classification system grouping business operations or enterprises as published in the North American Industry Classification System United States Manual published by Convergence Working Group and the United States Office of Management and Budget, 2002 edition.
- (7) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) <u>or (6)(b)</u>. Section 12. KRS 141.414 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A qualified farming operation which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040<del>[(1)]</del> shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the qualified farming operation's participation in a networking project.
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the qualified farming operation's participation in a networking project; and
- (c) Be entitled to a tax credit in the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection. The credit shall not exceed the farming operation's approved costs, as defined in KRS 141.410.
- Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a qualified farming operation which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to its participation in a networking project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2), and the amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection. The credit shall not exceed the farming operation's

### **Part XIII - Income Tax**

approved costs, as defined in KRS 141.410. If the tax computed in this subsection exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.

- (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax and the tax credit determined under subsection (2) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a partnership or trust.
- (4) If the networking entity is a separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the project and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (5) If the networking project is an expansion to a previously existing farming operation:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire operation shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under this chapter directly attributable to the farming operation's participation in the networking project and overhead expenses apportioned to the networking project, and the net income attributable to the networking project for the purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire networking project to the networking project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (6) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved farming operation are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from the networking project, the approved farming operation shall determine net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from its participation in the networking project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.

- (7) The Department of Revenue may promulgate administrative regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue necessary to effectuate KRS 141.0101 and KRS 141.410 to 141.414 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved farming operation may retain under the provisions of KRS 141.412 and this section. Section 13. KRS 141.415 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, unless the context requires otherwise:
- (a) "Approved company" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.34-010;
- (b) "Reinvestment project" has the same meaning as set forth in KRS 154.34-010;
- (c) "Tax credit" means the tax credit allowed in KRS 154.34-080; and
- (d) "Gross receipts" means gross receipts as defined in KRS 141.040(5)(b) *and* (6)(b).
- (2) An approved company shall determine the income tax credit as provided in this section.
- (3) An approved company which is an individual sole proprietorship subject to tax under KRS 141.020 or a corporation subject to tax under KRS 141.040(1) shall:
- (a) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] including income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits from a reinvestment project;
- (b) Compute the [income] tax due at the applicable tax rates as provided by KRS 141.020 or [whichever of KRS] 141.040[(5)(a) or (b) applies] on net income as defined by KRS 141.010(11), taxable net income as defined by KRS 141.010(14), gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits, [as the case may be,] excluding net income, gross receipts, or Kentucky gross profits attributable to a reinvestment project; and
- (c) The tax credit shall be the amount by which the tax computed under paragraph (a) of this subsection exceeds the tax computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection; however, the credit shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.34-080.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, an approved company which is a general partnership not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 or trust not subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 shall be subject to income tax on the net income attributable to a reinvestment project at the rates provided in KRS 141.020(2).
- (b) The amount of the tax credit shall be the same as the amount of the tax computed in this subsection or, upon the annual election of the approved company, in lieu of the tax credit, an amount shall be applied as an estimated tax payment equal to the tax computed in this section. Any estimated tax payment made pursuant to this paragraph shall be in satisfaction of the tax liability of the partners or beneficiaries of the general partnership or trust, and shall be paid on behalf of the partners or beneficiaries.
- (c) The tax credit or estimated payment shall not exceed the limits set forth in KRS 154.34-080.
- (d) If the tax computed in this section exceeds the tax credit, the difference shall be paid by the general partnership or trust at the times provided by KRS 141.160 for filing the returns.

- (e) Any estimated tax payment made by the general partnership or trust in satisfaction of the tax liability of partners or beneficiaries shall not be treated as taxable income subject to Kentucky income tax by the partner or beneficiary.
- (5) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, the net income subject to tax, the tax credit, and the estimated tax payment determined under subsection (4) of this section shall be excluded in determining each partner's or beneficiary's distributive share of net income or credit of a general partnership or trust.
- (6) If the reinvestment project is a totally separate facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility.
- (7) If the reinvestment project is an expansion to a previously existing facility:
- (a) Net income attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross income, deductions, expenses, gains, and losses allowed under KRS Chapter 141 directly attributable to the facility and overhead expenses apportioned to the facility, and the net income attributable to the reinvestment project for the purposes of subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting net income of the entire facility to the reinvestment project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue; and
- (b) Gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the entire facility shall be determined under the separate accounting method reflecting only the gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits directly attributable to the facility, and gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits attributable to the economic development project for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section shall be determined by apportioning the separate accounting gross receipts or Kentucky gross profits of the entire facility to the economic development project by a formula approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (8) If an approved company can show to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that the nature of the operations and activities of the approved company are such that it is not practical to use the separate accounting method to determine the net income or gross receipts from the facility at which the reinvestment project is located, the approved company shall determine net income or gross receipts from the reinvestment project using an alternative method approved by the Department of Revenue.
- (9) The Department of Revenue may issue administrative regulations and require the filing of forms designed by the Department of Revenue to reflect the intent of KRS 154.34-010 to 154.34-100 and the allowable income tax credit which an approved company may retain under KRS 154.34-010 to 154.34-100.
- Section 14. KRS 141.420 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) Every corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h) that is doing business in this state shall, on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of its annual accounting period, file a copy of its applicable federal return with the form prescribed and furnished by the department.
- (b) For a corporation filing a return under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the individual partner's, member's, or shareholder's distributive share of net income, gain, loss, or deduction shall be computed as nearly as practicable in a manner identical to that required for federal income tax purposes except to the extent required by differences between this chapter and the federal income tax law and regulations.
- (2) (a) Resident individuals who are members, partners, or shareholders of a corporation required to file a return under subsection (1)(a) of this section shall report and pay tax on the distributive share of net income, gain, loss, or deduction as determined in subsection (1)(b) of this section.
- (b) Nonresident individuals who are members, partners, or shareholders of a corporation required to file a return under subsection (1)(a) of this section shall report and pay tax on the distributive share of net income, gain, loss, or deduction as determined in subsection (1)(b) of this section multiplied by the apportionment fraction in KRS 141.120(8).
- (3) (a) Resident and nonresident individuals who are members, shareholders, or partners of a corporation required to file a return under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section shall be entitled to a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed under KRS 141.020.
- (b) The credit determined under this subsection shall be the member's, shareholder's, or partner's proportionate share of the tax due from the corporation as determined under KRS 141.040, before the application of any credits identified in KRS 141.0205(4) and reduced by the required minimum imposed by KRS 141.040(7)[(6)].
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and before January 1, 2007, the portion of the credit computed under paragraph (b) of this subsection that exceeds the credit that would have been utilized if the corporation's income were taxed at the rates in KRS 141.020 shall be refundable. The refundable portion of the credit shall be the individual member's, shareholder's, or partner's proportionate share of the amount computed by multiplying the amount the corporation's income exceeds two hundred sixteen thousand six hundred dollars (\$216,600) by one percent (1%).
- (d) The credit determined under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection shall not operate to reduce the member's, shareholder's, or partner's tax due to an amount that is less than what would have been payable were the income attributable to doing business in this state by the corporation ignored.
- (4) For purposes of computing the basis of an ownership interest or stock in a corporation identified in KRS 141.010(24)(b) to (h), the basis attributable to a member, partner, or shareholder shall be adjusted by the distributive share of the items of net income, gain, loss and deduction as though the items had been passed through to the member, partner, or shareholder.

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(5) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, distributions by or from a corporation shall be treated in the same manner as they are treated for federal tax purposes."

### ADDITIONAL ACTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

House Bill 557, Section 46, provides the following: "On page 454, line 2 of 2006 Regular Session HB380/EN, after "<u>receipts</u>" insert "<u>from doing business in this state</u>".

House Bill 557, Section 47, provides the following: "On page 454, line 4 of 2006 Regular Session HB380/EN, after "141.120(8)(c)" insert ", and "gross receipts from all sources within and without this state" means the denominator of the sales factor under the provisions of KRS 141,120 (8)(c)".

#### **Part XIV - Sales and Use Tax**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XVII, Sales and Use Tax, includes the following directive:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 139 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) The county clerk shall collect any applicable sales and use tax from the owner of the following tangible personal property at the time the property is offered for titling or first registration:
  - (a) Recreational vehicles as defined in KRS 186.650;
  - (b) Manufactured homes as defined in KRS 186.650;
  - (c) Motorboats as defined in KRS 235.010;
  - (d) Vessels as defined in KRS 235.010; and
  - (e) Any other tangible personal property offered for titling or first registration in Kentucky.
- (2) The tax shall be collected unless the owner:
  - (a) Presents a tax receipt from the seller verifying that the tax has been previously paid;
  - (b) Demonstrates that the transfer of the property is exempt under KRS 139.470(4); or
  - (c) Provides a properly executed resale certificate of exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270.
- (3) The tax collected by the county clerk shall be reported and remitted to the department on forms provided by the department.
- (4) For services provided in collecting the tax, the county clerk shall deduct a fee of three percent (3%) of the tax collected and remit the balance to the department as provided in Section 2 of this Part.

Section 2. KRS 138.464 is amended to read as follows:

The county clerk shall report each Monday to the Department of Revenue all moneys collected during the previous week, together with a duplicate of all receipts issued by him during the same period. The clerk shall deposit motor vehicle usage tax <u>and sales and use tax</u> collections not later than the next business day following receipt in a Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department of Revenue account in a bank designated as a depository for state funds. The clerk may be required to then cause the funds to be transferred from the local depository bank to the State Treasury in whatever manner and at times prescribed by the commissioner of the Department of Revenue or his designee. Failure to forward duplicates of all receipts issued during the reporting period or failure to file the weekly report of moneys collected shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount of moneys collected during the reporting period for each month or fraction thereof until the documents are filed. Failure to deposit or, if required, transfer collections as required above shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount not deposited or, if required, not transferred for each day until the collections are deposited or transferred as required above. The penalty for failure to

### Part XIV - Sales and Use Tax

deposit or transfer money collected shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per day. The penalties provided in this section shall not apply if the failure of the clerk is due to reasonable cause. The department may in its discretion grant a county clerk a reasonable extension of time to file his report or make any transfer of deposits as required above. The extension, however, must be requested prior to the end of the seven (7) day period and shall begin to run at the end of said period. All penalties collected under this provision shall be paid into the State Treasury as a part of the revenue collected under KRS 138.450 to 138.729 and Section 1 of this Part.

Section 3. KRS 186.655 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Before any owner or operator of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle may operate upon the highways, the owner shall apply for registration to the county clerk of the county in which he resides or in which the vehicles are principally operated. The application shall be retained by the clerk and shall be accompanied by:
  - (a) A manufacturer's certificate of origin, if the application is for the registration of a new trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle:
  - (b) The owner's registration receipt, if the trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle was last registered in this state;
  - (c) A bill of sale and the previous registration receipt, if last registered in another state that does not require the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
  - (d) A certificate of title, if last registered in another state that requires the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
  - (e) An affidavit from the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle assembled or constructed for his personal use on the highways; or
  - (f) An affidavit from the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle where the bill of sale for the vehicle has been lost, destroyed, or stolen.
- (2) The affidavit required in paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of this section shall contain the owner's name, address, date, brief description, and a statement that the trailer was constructed by the owner for use on the highways and additional information the cabinet may require by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A.
- (3) The affidavit required in paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of this section shall contain the owner's name, address, date, make, year made, serial or identification number, name of the person from whom purchased, date of purchase, a statement that the person making the affidavit is the sole owner, the circumstances under which the bill of sale was lost, destroyed, or stolen, and additional information the cabinet may require by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A.
- (4) After initial registration of his vehicles in this state, the owner shall register his trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle on or before April 1 of each year. Registration with the clerk shall be deemed to be registration with the cabinet.

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[(5) A county clerk or other officer shall not issue license tags to the owner of a recreational vehicle when it is offered for registration in this state, unless the owner presents a tax receipt from the seller verifying that the Kentucky sales tax has been paid. If the owner is unable to present evidence of payment of tax, he shall furnish to the clerk a bill of sale indicating the purchase price of the recreational vehicle on which price the sales tax shall be assessed. If he cannot furnish a bill of sale indicating the purchase price, the clerk shall assess the value in accordance with information prescribed by the Department of Revenue. The clerk shall collect the tax, deduct a fee of five percent (5%) of the amount collected and remit the balance to the Department of Revenue.]

Section 4. The provisions of this Part shall be effective January 1, 2007."

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly deletes the entire State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XVII, language provision relating to Sales and Use Tax and creates a new Part XIV language provision as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 139 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) The county clerk shall collect any applicable sales and use tax for the following tangible personal property purchased out of state at the time the property is offered for titling or first registration:
  - (a) Recreational vehicles as defined in KRS 186.650;
  - (b) Manufactured homes as defined in KRS 186.650;
  - (c) Motorboats as defined in KRS 235.010;
  - (d) Vessels as defined in KRS 235.010; and
  - (e) Any other tangible personal property offered for titling or first registration in Kentucky.
- (2) The tax shall be collected unless the owner:
  - (a) Presents a tax receipt from the seller verifying that the tax has been previously paid;
  - (b) Demonstrates that the transfer of the property is exempt under KRS 139.470(4); or
  - (c) Provides a properly executed resale certificate or certificate of exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270.
- (3) The tax collected by the county clerk shall be reported and remitted to the department on forms provided by the department.
- (4) For services provided in collecting the tax, the county clerk shall deduct a fee of three percent (3%) of the tax collected and remit the balance to the department as provided in Section 2 of this Part.

Section 2. KRS 138.464 is amended to read as follows:

### Part XIV - Sales and Use Tax

The county clerk shall report each Monday to the Department of Revenue all moneys collected during the previous week, together with a duplicate of all receipts issued by him during the same period. The clerk shall deposit motor vehicle usage tax and sales and use tax collections not later than the next business day following receipt in a Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department of Revenue account in a bank designated as a depository for state funds. The clerk may be required to then cause the funds to be transferred from the local depository bank to the State Treasury in whatever manner and at times prescribed by the commissioner of the Department of Revenue or his designee. Failure to forward duplicates of all receipts issued during the reporting period or failure to file the weekly report of moneys collected shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount of moneys collected during the reporting period for each month or fraction thereof until the documents are filed. Failure to deposit or, if required, transfer collections as required above shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount not deposited or, if required, not transferred for each day until the collections are deposited or transferred as required above. The penalty for failure to deposit or transfer money collected shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per day. The penalties provided in this section shall not apply if the failure of the clerk is due to reasonable cause. The department may in its discretion grant a county clerk a reasonable extension of time to file his report or make any transfer of deposits as required above. The extension, however, must be requested prior to the end of the seven (7) day period and shall begin to run at the end of said period. All penalties collected under this provision shall be paid into the State Treasury as a part of the revenue collected under KRS 138.450 to 138.729 and Section 1 of this Part.

Section 3. KRS 186.655 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Before any owner or operator of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle may operate upon the highways, the owner shall apply for registration to the county clerk of the county in which he resides or in which the vehicles are principally operated. The application shall be retained by the clerk and shall be accompanied by:
  - (a) A manufacturer's certificate of origin, if the application is for the registration of a new trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle;
  - (b) The owner's registration receipt, if the trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle was last registered in this state;
  - (c) A bill of sale and the previous registration receipt, if last registered in another state that does not require the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
  - (d) A certificate of title, if last registered in another state that requires the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
  - (e) An affidavit from the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle assembled or constructed for his personal use on the highways; or
  - (f) An affidavit from the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle where the bill of sale for the vehicle has been lost, destroyed, or stolen.

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- (2) The affidavit required in paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of this section shall contain the owner's name, address, date, brief description, and a statement that the trailer was constructed by the owner for use on the highways and additional information the cabinet may require by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A.
- (3) The affidavit required in paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of this section shall contain the owner's name, address, date, make, year made, serial or identification number, name of the person from whom purchased, date of purchase, a statement that the person making the affidavit is the sole owner, the circumstances under which the bill of sale was lost, destroyed, or stolen, and additional information the cabinet may require by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A.
- (4) After initial registration of his vehicles in this state, the owner shall register his trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle on or before April 1 of each year. Registration with the clerk shall be deemed to be registration with the cabinet.
- [(5) A county clerk or other officer shall not issue license tags to the owner of a recreational vehicle when it is offered for registration in this state, unless the owner presents a tax receipt from the seller verifying that the Kentucky sales tax has been paid. If the owner is unable to present evidence of payment of tax, he shall furnish to the clerk a bill of sale indicating the purchase price of the recreational vehicle on which price the sales tax shall be assessed. If he cannot furnish a bill of sale indicating the purchase price, the clerk shall assess the value in accordance with information prescribed by the Department of Revenue. The clerk shall collect the tax, deduct a fee of five percent (5%) of the amount collected and remit the balance to the Department of Revenue.]

  Section 4. The provisions of this Part shall be effective January 1, 2007."



### **Part XV - Apportioned Vehicles**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XV, Prevailing Wage, includes the following directive:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows or repealed and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 12.020 is amended to read as follows:

Departments, program cabinets and their departments, and the respective major administrative bodies that they include are enumerated in this section. It is not intended that this enumeration of administrative bodies be all-inclusive. Every authority, board, bureau, interstate compact, commission, committee, conference, council, office, or any other form of organization shall be included in or attached to the department or program cabinet in which they are included or to which they are attached by statute or statutorily authorized executive order; except in the case of the Personnel Board and where the attached department or administrative body is headed by a constitutionally elected officer, the attachment shall be solely for the purpose of dissemination of information and coordination of activities and shall not include any authority over the functions, personnel, funds, equipment, facilities, or records of the department or administrative body.

- I. Cabinet for General Government Departments headed by elected officers:
  - 1. The Governor.
  - 2. Lieutenant Governor.
  - 3. Department of State.
    - (a) Secretary of State.
    - (b) Board of Elections.
    - (c) Registry of Election Finance.
  - 4. Department of Law.
    - (a) Attorney General.
  - 5. Department of the Treasury.
    - (a) Treasurer.
  - 6. Department of Agriculture.
    - (a) Commissioner of Agriculture.
    - (b) Kentucky Council on Agriculture.
    - Auditor of Public Accounts.
- II. Program cabinets headed by appointed officers:
  - 1. Justice Cabinet:

- (a) Department of State Police.
- (b) Department of Criminal Justice Training.
- (c) Department of Corrections.
- (d) Department of Juvenile Justice.
- (e) Office of the Secretary.
- (f) Offices of the Deputy Secretaries.
- (g) Office of General Counsel.
- (h) Division of Kentucky State Medical Examiners Office.
- (i) Parole Board.
- (j) Kentucky State Corrections Commission.
- (k) Commission on Correction and Community Service.
- 2. Education, Arts, and Humanities Cabinet:
  - (a) Department of Education.
    - (1) Kentucky Board of Education.
  - (b) Department for Libraries and Archives.
  - (c) Kentucky Educational Television.
  - (d) Kentucky Commission on the Deaf and Hard of Hearing.
  - (e) Operations and Development Office.
  - (f) Board of Directors for the Center for School Safety.
- 3. Environmental and Public Protection Cabinet:
  - (a) Office of the Secretary.
    - 1. Office of Legislative and Intergovernmental Affairs.
    - 2. Office of Communications and Public Outreach.
    - 3. Office of Regulatory Affairs.
    - 4. Office of Legal Services.
    - 5. Office of Administrative and Information Services.
    - 6. Office of Administrative Hearings.
    - 7. Office of Inspector General.
    - 8. Mine Safety Review Commission.
    - 9. Workers' Compensation Board.
    - 10. Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission.

- 11. Kentucky Environmental Quality Commission.
- 12. Kentucky Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission.
- (b) Department for Environmental Protection.
  - 1. Office of the Commissioner.
  - 2. Division of Air Quality.
  - 3. Division of Water.
  - 4. Division of Environmental Services.
  - 5. Division of Waste Management.
  - 6. Division of Enforcement.
  - 7. Division of Compliance Assistance.
- (c) Department for Natural Resources.
  - 1. Office of the Commissioner.
  - 2. Office of Technical and Administrative Support.
  - 3. Division of Mine Permits.
  - 4. Division of Mine Reclamation and Enforcement.
  - 5. Division of Abandoned Mine Lands.
  - 6. Division of Oil and Gas Conservation.
  - 7. Office of Mine Safety and Licensing.
  - 8. Division of Forestry.
  - 9. Division of Conservation.
- (d) Department of Public Protection.
  - 1. Office of the Commissioner.
  - 2. Division of Administrative Services.
  - 3. Crime Victims Compensation Board.
  - 4. Board of Claims.
  - 5. Board of Tax Appeals.
  - 6. Kentucky Boxing and Wrestling Authority.
  - 7. Kentucky Horse Racing Authority.
  - 8. Kentucky Public Service Commission.
  - 9. Office of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
  - 10. Office of Charitable Gaming.

- 11. Office of Financial Institutions.
- 12. Office of Housing, Buildings and Construction.
- 13. Office of Insurance.
- (e) Department of Labor.
  - 1. Office of the Commissioner.
  - 2. Office of Occupational Safety and Health.
  - 3. Office of Labor Management Relations and Mediation.
  - 4. Office of Workplace Standards.
  - 5. Office of Workers' Claims.
  - 6. Workers' Compensation Funding Commission.
  - 7. Kentucky Labor Management Advisory Council.
  - 8. Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board.
  - 9. Prevailing Wage Review Board.
  - 10.] Kentucky Employees Insurance Association.
  - <u>10</u>[11]. Apprenticeship and Training Council.
  - 11[12]. State Labor Relations Board.
  - <u>12[13]</u>. Workers' Compensation Advisory Council.
  - <u>13</u>[14]. Workers' Compensation Nominating Commission.
  - <u>14[15]</u>. Employers' Mutual Insurance Authority.
  - 15[16]. Division of Administrative Services.
- 4. Transportation Cabinet:
  - (a) Department of Highways.
    - 1. Office of Program Planning and Management.
    - 2. Office of Project Development.
    - 3. Office of Construction and Operations.
    - 4. Office of Intermodal Programs.
    - 5. Highway District Offices One through Twelve.
  - (b) Department of Vehicle Regulation.
  - (c) Department of Administrative Services.
  - (d) Department of Aviation.
  - (e) Department of Intergovernmental Programs.

- 1. Office of Transportation Enhancement Programs.
- 2. Office of Rural and Secondary Roads.
- (f) Office of the Secretary.
  - 1. Office of Legislative and Intergovernmental Affairs.
  - 2. Office of Public Affairs.
  - 3. Office of Transportation Delivery.
  - 4. Office for Business and Occupational Development.
  - 5. Office of Budget and Fiscal Management.
  - 6. Office of Legal Services.
  - 7. Office of Inspector General.
  - 8. Office of the Transportation Operations Center.
  - 9. Office of Personnel Management.
- 5. Cabinet for Economic Development:
  - (a) Office of Administration and Support.
  - (b) Department for New Business Development.
  - (c) Department of Financial Incentives.
  - (d) Department for Existing Business Development.
  - (e) Department for Regional Development.
  - (f) Tobacco Research Board.
  - (g) Kentucky Economic Development Finance Authority.
  - (h) Office of Research and Information Technology.
  - (i) Department of Innovation and Commercialization for a Knowledge Based Economy.
  - (j) Office of Legal Services.
  - (k) Commission on Small Business Advocacy.
- 6. Cabinet for Health and Family Services:
  - (a) Department for Public Health.
  - (b) Department for Medicaid Services.
  - (c) Department for Mental Health and Mental Retardation Services.
  - (d) Kentucky Commission for Children with Special Health Care Needs.
  - (e) Office of Certificate of Need.
  - (f) Office of the Secretary.

- (g) Office of Legal Services.
- (h) Office of Inspector General.
- (i) Office of Legislative and Public Affairs.
- (j) Department for Community Based Services.
- (k) Department for Disability Determination Services.
- (1) Office of the Ombudsman.
- (m) Department for Human Support Services.
- (n) Kentucky Commission on Community Volunteerism and Service.
- (o) Office of Fiscal Services.
- (p) Office of Human Resource Management.
- (q) Office of Technology.
- (r) Office of Contract Oversight.
- 7. Finance and Administration Cabinet:
  - (a) Office of General Counsel.
  - (b) Office of the Controller.
  - (c) Office of Administrative Services.
  - (d) Office of Public Information.
  - (e) Department for Facilities and Support Services.
  - (f) Department of Revenue.
  - (g) Commonwealth Office of Technology.
  - (h) State Property and Buildings Commission.
  - (i) Kentucky Savings Bond Authority.
  - (j) Office of Equal Employment Opportunity and Contract Compliance.
  - (k) County Officials Compensation Board.
  - (l) Kentucky Employees Retirement Systems.
  - (m) Commonwealth Credit Union.
  - (n) State Investment Commission.
  - (o) Kentucky Housing Corporation.
  - (p) Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority.
  - (q) Kentucky Turnpike Authority.
  - (r) Historic Properties Advisory Commission.

- (s) Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation.
- (t) Eastern Kentucky Exposition Center Corporation.
- (u) State Board for Proprietary Education.
- (v) Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority.
- (w) Kentucky River Authority.
- (x) Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees.
- 8. Commerce Cabinet:
  - (a) Department of Tourism.
    - (1) Division of Tourism Services.
    - (2) Division of Marketing and Advertising.
    - (3) Division of Parks Marketing.
  - (b) Kentucky Department of Parks.
    - (1) Division of Information Technology.
    - (2) Division of Personnel and Payroll.
    - (3) Division of Financial Operations.
    - (4) Division of Facilities Management.
    - (5) Division of Project Administration.
    - (6) Division of Customer Services.
    - (7) Division of Recreation.
    - (8) Division of Golf Courses.
    - (9) Division of Food Services.
    - (10) Division of Rangers.
    - (11) Division of Eastern Parks.
    - (12) Division of Southern Parks.
    - (13) Division of Western Parks.
  - (c) Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources.
    - (1) Division of Law Enforcement.
    - (2) Division of Administrative Services.
    - (3) Division of Engineering.
    - (4) Division of Fisheries.
    - (5) Division of Information and Education.

- (6) Division of Wildlife.
- (7) Division of Public Affairs.
- (d) Kentucky Horse Park.
  - (1) Division of Support Services.
  - (2) Division of Buildings and Grounds.
  - (3) Division of Operational Services.
- (e) Kentucky State Fair Board.
  - (1) Division of Expositions and Admission.
  - (2) Division of Kentucky Fair and Exposition Center Operations.
  - (3) Division of Commonwealth Convention Center.
  - (4) Division of Public Relations and Media.
  - (5) Division of Administrative Services.
  - (6) Division of Personnel Management and Staff Development.
  - (7) Division of Sales.
  - (8) Division of Security and Traffic Control.
- (f) Office of the Secretary.
- (g) Office of Finance and Administration.
- (h) Office of Legal Affairs.
- (i) Office of Intergovernmental Affairs.
- (j) Office of Human Resources.
- (k) Office of Public Affairs and Constituent Services.
- (l) Office of Information Technology.
- (m) Office of Purchase and Procurement.
- (n) Office of Creative Services.
- (o) Office of Capital Plaza Operations.
- (p) Office of Energy Policy.
- (q) Coal Marketing and Export.
- (r) Kentucky Coal Council.
- (s) Kentucky Foundation for the Arts.
- (t) Kentucky Humanities Council.
- (u) Kentucky Heritage Council.

- (v) Kentucky Arts Council.
- (w) Kentucky Historical Society.
  - (1) Division of Museums.
  - (2) Division of Oral History and Educational Outreach.
  - (3) Division of Research and Publications.
  - (4) Division of Administration.
- (x) Kentucky Center for the Arts.
  - (1) Division of Governor's School for the Arts.
- (y) Kentucky Artisans Center at Berea.
- 9. Cabinet for Workforce Development:
  - (a) Department for Adult Education and Literacy.
  - (b) Department for Technical Education.
  - (c) Department of Vocational Rehabilitation.
  - (d) Department for the Blind.
  - (e) Department for Employment Services.
  - (f) Kentucky Technical Education Personnel Board.
  - (g) The Foundation for Adult Education.
  - (h) Department for Training and Reemployment.
  - (i) Office of General Counsel.
  - (j) Office of Communication Services.
  - (k) Office of Workforce Partnerships.
  - (l) Office of Workforce Analysis and Research.
  - (m) Office of Budget and Administrative Services.
  - (n) Office of Technology Services.
  - (o) Office of Quality and Human Resources.
  - (p) Unemployment Insurance Commission.
- 10. Personnel Cabinet:
  - (a) Office of the Secretary.
  - (b) Department for Personnel Administration.
  - (c) Office for Employee Relations.
  - (d) Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority.

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- (e) Office of Administrative Services.
- (f) Office of Legal Services.
- (g) Office of Government Training.
- (h) Department for Employee Insurance.
- III. Other departments headed by appointed officers:
  - 1. Department of Military Affairs.
  - 2. Council on Postsecondary Education.
  - 3. Department for Local Government.
  - 4. Kentucky Commission on Human Rights.
  - 5. Kentucky Commission on Women.
  - 6. Department of Veterans' Affairs.
  - 7. Kentucky Commission on Military Affairs.
  - 8. Education Professional Standards Board.
  - 9. Office of Minority Empowerment.

Section 2. KRS 99.480 is amended to read as follows:

Before the agency enters into any contracts for work of demolition, grading, clearing or construction of utilities or other facilities or site improvements, it shall satisfy all requirements of the law, applicable to similar contracts of the community, relating to the advertisement and acceptance of bids, execution of bonds, and award of contracts. [The agency shall also attach to and make a part of the specifications for a contract for said work, a schedule of prevailing wages, and shall conform to all of the requirements of KRS 337.510 to 337.540, inclusive.]

Section 3. KRS 227.487 is amended to read as follows:

Except where other rules are adopted by a city or county, the following reporting and fee requirements shall apply to electrical inspections of residential buildings and single-family dwellings:

- (1) The inspector shall complete a report for each inspection. One (1) copy of the report shall be given to the owner of the electrical installation or his representative at the time the inspection fees are paid. A second copy of the report shall be sent to the Office of Housing, Buildings and Construction no later than one (1) week after the inspection is completed. The report shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (a) The address of the dwelling inspected;
  - (b) The number of rooms, number of receptacles and number of switch boxes inspected;
  - (c) Number of code violations, if any;
  - (d) A description of each code violation, and recommended change to correct the violation;

- (e) The date and time of day the inspection commenced;
- (f) The time, in hours and minutes, required for the inspection;
- (g) The number of miles and hours and minutes of travel time incurred by the inspector for that inspection, if mileage and travel charges are added to the inspection fee;
- (h) The amount charged for the inspection, separated into an amount for mileage, if any, and the amount for travel time, if any, and the amount charged for the actual inspection.
- (2) The maximum inspection fee shall be an amount equal to the <u>wage paid to a majority of</u>[prevailing wage for a] master <u>electricians</u>[electrician] in the region in which the inspection is made, multiplied by the time required to conduct the inspection. This rate shall not be applied to travel time to and from the inspection.
- (3) An inspector may charge, in addition to the inspection fee, an amount for necessary travel to and from the inspection site. The mileage rate charged shall not exceed the amount per mile allowed to state employees, and the inspector shall charge no more than ten dollars (\$10) per hour for travel time. If two (2) or more inspections are made during one (1) trip, then the cost of travel shall be divided between the inspections made. In no case shall an inspector charge more than once for the same trip, or charge for mileage or time not actually expended.
- (4) Each inspector shall furnish bond of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) with surety satisfactory to the Office of Housing, Buildings and Construction.
- (5) The Office of Housing, Buildings and Construction shall design reporting forms which meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, and provide these forms to electrical inspectors. The office shall adopt regulations to administer the requirements of this section.
- (6) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the right of cities or counties to set fees or adopt rules for electrical inspections which are different from those specified in subsections (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section.

  Section 4. KRS 337.010 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:
  - (a) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Office of Workplace Standards under the direction and supervision of the commissioner of the Department of Labor;
  - (b) "Office" means the Office of Workplace Standards in the Department of Labor;
  - (c) "Wages" includes any compensation due to an employee by reason of his employment, including salaries, commissions, vested vacation pay, overtime pay, severance or dismissal pay, earned bonuses, and any other similar advantages agreed upon by the employer and the employee or provided to employees as an established policy. The wages shall be payable in legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face value, subject to the allowances made in this chapter;

- (d) "Employer" is any person, either individual, corporation, partnership, agency, or firm who employs an employee and includes any person, either individual, corporation, partnership, agency, or firm acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee; and
- (e) "Employee" is any person employed by or suffered or permitted to work for an employer.
- (2) As used in KRS 337.275 to 337.325, 337.345, and KRS 337.385 to 337.405, unless the context requires otherwise:
  - (a) "Employee" is any person employed by or suffered or permitted to work for an employer, but shall not include:
    - 1. Any individual employed in agriculture;
    - 2. Any individual employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, supervisory, or professional capacity, or in the capacity of outside salesman, or as an outside collector as the terms are defined by administrative regulations of the executive director;
    - 3. Any individual employed by the United States;
    - 4. Any individual employed in domestic service in or about a private home. The provisions of this section shall include individuals employed in domestic service in or about the home of an employer where there is more than one (1) domestic servant regularly employed;
    - 5. Any individual classified and given a certificate by the executive director showing a status of learner, apprentice, worker with a disability, sheltered workshop employee, and student under administrative procedures and administrative regulations prescribed and promulgated by the executive director. This certificate shall authorize employment at the wages, less than the established fixed minimum fair wage rates, and for the period of time fixed by the executive director and stated in the certificate issued to the person;
    - 6. Employees of retail stores, service industries, hotels, motels, and restaurant operations whose average annual gross volume of sales made for business done is less than ninety-five thousand dollars (\$95,000) for the five (5) preceding years exclusive of excise taxes at the retail level or if the employee is the parent, spouse, child, or other member of his employer's immediate family;
    - 7. Any individual employed as a baby-sitter in an employer's home, or an individual employed as a companion by a sick, convalescing, or elderly person or by the person's immediate family, to care for that sick, convalescing, or elderly person and whose principal duties do not include housekeeping;
    - 8. Any individual engaged in the delivery of newspapers to the consumer;
    - 9. Any individual subject to the provisions of KRS Chapters 7, 16, 27A, 30A, and 18A provided that the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall have the authority to prescribe by administrative regulation those emergency employees, or others, who shall receive overtime pay rates necessary for the efficient operation of government and the protection of affected employees;

- 10. Any employee employed by an establishment which is an organized nonprofit camp, religious, or nonprofit educational conference center, if it does not operate for more than seven (7) months in any calendar year;
- 11. Any employee whose function is to provide twenty-four (24) hour residential care on the employer's premises in a parental role to children who are primarily dependent, neglected, and abused and who are in the care of private, nonprofit childcaring facilities licensed by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services under KRS 199.640 to 199.670; or
- 12. Any individual whose function is to provide twenty-four (24) hour residential care in his or her own home as a family caregiver and who is approved to provide family caregiver services to an adult with a disability through a contractual relationship with a community mental health-mental retardation board established under KRS 210.370 to 210.460, or is certified or licensed by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to provide adult foster care.
- (b) "Agriculture" means farming in all its branches, including cultivation and tillage of the soil; dairying; production, cultivation, growing, and harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodity; raising of livestock, bees, furbearing animals, or poultry; and any practice, including any forestry or lumbering operations, performed on a farm in conjunction with farming operations, including preparation and delivery of produce to storage, to market, or to carriers for transportation to market;
- (c) "Gratuity" means voluntary monetary contribution received by an employee from a guest, patron, or customer for services rendered;
- (d) "Tipped employee" means any employee engaged in an occupation in which he customarily and regularly receives more than thirty dollars (\$30) per month in tips; and
- (e) "U.S.C." means the United States Code.
- [(3) As used in KRS 337.505 to 337.550, unless the context requires otherwise:
  - (a) "Construction" includes construction, reconstruction, improvement, enlargement, alteration, or repair of any public works project by contract fairly estimated to cost more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). No public works project, if procured under a single contract and subject to the requirements of this section, may be divided into multiple contracts of lesser value to avoid compliance with the provisions of this section;
  - (b) "Contractor" and "subcontractor" include any superintendent, foreman, or other authorized agent of any contractor or subcontractor who is in charge of the construction of the public works or who is in charge of the employment or payment of the employees of the contractor or subcontractor who are employed in performing the work to be done or being done by the contractor or subcontractor under the particular contract with any public authority;
  - (c) 1. "Locality" shall be determined by the executive director. The executive director may designate more than one (1) county as a single locality, but if more than one (1) county is designated, the multicounty locality shall not extend

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- beyond the boundaries of a state Senatorial district. The executive director shall not designate less than an entire county as a locality. If there is not available in the locality a sufficient number of competent, skilled laborers, workmen, and mechanics to efficiently and properly construct the public works, "locality" shall include any other locality nearest the one in which the work of construction is to be performed and from which such available skilled laborers, workmen, and mechanics may be obtained in sufficient number to perform the work; and
- 2. "Locality" with respect to contracts advertised or awarded by the Transportation Cabinet of this state shall be determined by the secretary of the Transportation Cabinet. The secretary may designate any number of counties as constituting a single locality. The secretary may also designate all counties of the Commonwealth as a single locality, but he shall not designate less than an entire county as a locality;
- (d) "Public authority" means any officer, board, or commission of this state, or any political subdivision or department thereof in the state, or any institution supported in whole or in part by public funds, including publicly owned or controlled corporations, authorized by law to enter into any contract for the construction of public works and any nonprofit corporation funded to act as an agency and instrumentality of the government agency in connection with the construction of public works, and any "private provider", as defined in KRS 197.500, which enters into any contract for the construction of an "adult correctional facility", as defined in KRS 197.500; and
- (e) "Public works" includes all buildings, roads, streets, alleys, sewers, ditches, sewage disposal plants, waterworks, and all other structures or work, including "adult correctional facilities", as defined in KRS 197.500, constructed under contract with any public authority.
- (4) If the federal government or any of its agencies furnishes by loans or grants any part of the funds used in constructing public works, and if the federal government or its agencies prescribe predetermined prevailing minimum wages to be paid to mechanics, workmen, and laborers employed in the construction of the public works, and if KRS 337.505 to 337.550 is also applicable, those wages in each classification which are higher shall prevail.]

  Section 5. KRS 337.990 is amended to read as follows:

The following civil penalties shall be imposed, in accordance with the provisions in KRS 336.985, for violations of the provisions of this chapter:

- (1) Any firm, individual, partnership, or corporation that violates KRS 337.020 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense. Each failure to pay an employee the wages when due him under KRS 337.020 shall constitute a separate offense.
- (2) Any employer who violates KRS 337.050 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

- (3) Any employer who violates KRS 337.055 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense and shall make full payment to the employee by reason of the violation. Each failure to pay an employee the wages as required by KRS 337.055 shall constitute a separate offense.
- (4) Any employer who violates KRS 337.060 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and shall also be liable to the affected employee for the amount withheld, plus interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum.
- (5) Any employer who violates the provisions of KRS 337.065 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense and shall make full payment to the employee by reason of the violation.
- (6) Any person who fails to comply with KRS 337.070 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense and each day that the failure continues shall be deemed a separate offense.
- (7) Any employer who violates any provision of KRS 337.275 to 337.325, KRS 337.345, and KRS 337.385 to 337.405, or willfully hinders or delays the executive director or his authorized representative in the performance of his duties under KRS 337.295, or fails to keep and preserve any records as required under KRS 337.320 and 337.325, or falsifies any record, or refuses to make any record or transcription thereof accessible to the executive director or his authorized representative shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). A civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) shall be assessed for any subsequent violation of KRS 337.285(4) to (9) and each day the employer violates KRS 337.285(4) to (9) shall constitute a separate offense and penalty.
- (8) Any employer who pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the rate applicable under KRS 337.275 and 337.285, or any wage order issued pursuant thereto shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (9) Any employer who discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any employee because the employee has made any complaint to his employer, to the executive director, or to his authorized representative that he has not been paid wages in accordance with KRS 337.275 and 337.285 or regulations issued thereunder, or because the employee has caused to be instituted or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to KRS 337.385, or because the employee has testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding, shall be deemed in violation of KRS 337.275 to 337.325, KRS 337.345, and KRS 337.385 to 337.405 and shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (10) Any employer who violates KRS 337.365 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

- (11)[ Any person who violates KRS 337.530 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- (12) Any contractor or subcontractor who violates any wage or work hours provision in any contract under KRS 337.505 to 337.550 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense, and the contractor or subcontractor shall make full restitution to all employees to whom he is legally indebted by reason of said violation. The prime contractor shall be jointly and severally liable with a subcontractor for wages due an employee of the subcontractor. For a flagrant or repeated violation the offending contractor or subcontractor shall be barred from bidding on, or working on, any and all public works contracts, either in his name or in the name of any other company, firm, or other entity in which he might be interested for a period of two (2) years from the date of the last offense. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense, and the violation as affects each individual worker shall constitute a separate offense.
- (13) Any public authority, public official, or member of a public authority who willfully fails to comply or to require compliance with KRS 337.505 to 337.550 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate offense. If a public authority, public official or member of a public authority willfully or negligently fails to comply with KRS 337.505 to 337.550 and the failure results in damages, injury or loss to any person, the public authority, public official, or member of a public authority may be held liable in a civil action.
- (14)] A person shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) when that person discharges or in any other manner discriminates against an employee because the employee has:
  - (a) Made any complaint to his employer, the executive director, or any other person; or
  - (b) Instituted, or caused to be instituted, any proceeding under or related to KRS 337.420 to 337.433; or
  - (c) Testified, or is about to testify, in any such proceedings.
  - Section 6. KRS 337.420 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) "Employee" means any individual employed by any employer, including but not limited to individuals employed by the state or any of its political subdivisions, instrumentalities, or instrumentalities of political subdivisions.
- (2) "Employer" means a person who has two (2) or more employees within the state in each of twenty (20) or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year and an agent of such a person.
- (3) "Wage rate" means all compensation for employment, including payment in kind and amounts paid by employers for employee benefits, as defined by the executive director in regulations issued under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)].
- (4) "Employ" includes to suffer or permit to work.
- (5) "Occupation" includes any industry, trade, business, or branch thereof, or any employment or class of employment.

- (6) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Office of Workplace Standards under the direction and supervision of the commissioner of the Department of Labor.
- (7) "Person" includes one (1) or more individuals, partnerships, corporations, legal representatives, trustees in bankruptcy, or voluntary associations.

  Section 7. KRS 337.423 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No employer shall discriminate between employees in the same establishment on the basis of sex, by paying wages to any employee in any occupation in this state at a rate less than the rate at which he pays any employee of the opposite sex for comparable work on jobs which have comparable requirements relating to skill, effort and responsibility. Differentials which are paid pursuant to established seniority systems or merit increase systems, which do not discriminate on the basis of sex, shall not be included within this prohibition. Nothing in KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11){(14)} shall apply to any employer who is subject to the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, when that act imposes comparable or greater requirements than contained in KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11){(14)} and when the employer files with the executive director of the Office of Workplace Standards a statement that the employer is covered by the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended.
- (2) An employer who is paying a wage differential in violation of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)] shall not, in order to comply with it, reduce the wage rates of any employee.
- (3) No person shall cause or attempt to cause an employer to discriminate against any employee in violation of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)].
- (4) No employer may discharge or discriminate against any employee by reason of any action taken by such employee to invoke or assist in any manner the enforcement of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)(14)]. Section 8. KRS 337.425 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) For this purpose, the executive director, or his authorized representative, may enter the place of employment of any employer to inspect and copy payrolls and other employment records, to compare character of work and operations on which persons employed by him are engaged, to question such persons, and to obtain other information necessary to the administration and enforcement of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)].
- (2) The executive director or his authorized representative may examine witnesses under oath, and require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any documentary evidence relating to the subject matter of any investigation undertaken pursuant to KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)]. If a person fails to attend, testify or produce documents under or in response to a subpoena, the Circuit Court in the judicial circuit where the hearing is being held, on application of the executive director or his representative, may issue an order requiring the person to appear before the

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- executive director or his authorized representative, or to produce documentary evidence, and any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt.
- (3) The executive director may endeavor to eliminate pay practices unlawful under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)] by informal methods of conference, conciliation and persuasion, and supervise the payment of wages owing to any employee under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)].
- (4) The executive director may issue regulations not inconsistent with the purpose of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)], necessary or appropriate to carry out its provisions. Section 9. KRS 337.427 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any employer who violates the provisions of KRS 337.423 shall be liable to the employee or employees affected in the amount of their unpaid wages, and in instances of willful violation in employee suits under subsection (2) of this section, up to an additional equal amount as liquidated damages.
- (2) Action to recover the liability may be maintained in any court of competent jurisdiction by any one (1) or more employees for and in behalf of himself or themselves and other employees similarly situated. The court in the action shall, in cases of violation in addition to any judgment awarded to the plaintiff or plaintiffs, allow a reasonable attorney's fee to be paid by the defendant, and costs of the action.
- (3) An agreement by any employee to work for less than the wage to which the employee is entitled under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)] shall not be a bar to any such action, or to a voluntary wage restitution of the full amount due under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)].
- (4) At the written request of any employee claiming to have been paid less than the wage to which he may be entitled under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)], the executive director may bring any legal action necessary in behalf of the employee to collect the claim for unpaid wages. The executive director shall not be required to pay the filing fee, or other costs, in connection with the action. The executive director shall have power to join various claims against the employer in one (1) cause of action.
- (5) In proceedings under this section, the court may order other affirmative action as appropriate, including reinstatement of employees discharged in violation of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)<del>[(14)]</del>.
- (6) The executive director may on his own motion petition any court of competent jurisdiction to restrain violations of KRS 337.423, and petition for such affirmative relief as the court may deem appropriate, including restoration of unpaid wages and reinstatement of employees, consistent with the purpose of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)]. Section 10. KRS 337.430 is amended to read as follows:

Court action under KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)(14) may be commenced no later than six (6) months after the cause of action occurs.

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Section 11. KRS 337.433 is amended to read as follows:

Every person subject to KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)] shall keep an abstract or copy of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)] posted in a conspicuous place in or about the premises where any employee is employed. Employers shall be furnished copies or abstracts of KRS 337.420 to 337.433 and 337.990(11)[(14)] by the state on request without charge.

Section 12. KRS 336.015 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) The commissioner of the Department of Labor shall have the duties, responsibilities, power, and authority relating to labor, wages and hours, occupational safety and health of employees, child labor, apprenticeship, workers' compensation, and all other matters previously under the jurisdiction of the Labor Cabinet.
- (2) The Department of Labor shall consist of the Office of Occupational Safety and Health, the Office of Labor Management Relations and Mediation, the Office of Workplace Standards, and the Division of Administrative Services. Each of the offices shall be headed by an executive director and each division shall be headed by a division director. Executive directors and division directors shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor as required by KRS 12.050.
- (3) The following agencies are attached to the department for administrative purposes only:
  - (a) Kentucky Labor Management Advisory Council;
  - (b) Kentucky Employees' Insurance Association;
  - (c) State Labor Relations Board;
  - (d) Workers' Compensation Funding Commission;
  - (e) Workers' Compensation Advisory Council;
  - (f) Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board;
  - (g) Prevailing Wage Review Board;
  - (h)] Apprenticeship and Training Council;
  - (h)[(i)] Employers' Mutual Insurance Authority;
  - (*i*)<del>[(j)]</del> Workers' Compensation Nominating Commission; and
  - (i) [(k)] Office of Workers' Claims.

Section 13. KRS 224.10-020 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) There is established within the cabinet a Department for Natural Resources, a Department for Environmental Protection, a Department of Labor, and a Department of Public Protection. Each department shall be headed by a commissioner appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor as required by KRS 12.050. The commissioners shall be directly responsible to the secretary and shall perform such functions, powers, and duties as provided by law and as the secretary may prescribe.
- (2) There is established within the Department for Natural Resources a Division of Forestry, a Division of Conservation, an Office of Technical and Administrative Support, a Division of Mine Reclamation and Enforcement, a Division of Mine Permits, a

## **Part XV - Apportioned Vehicles**

Division of Abandoned Mine Lands, a Division of Oil and Gas Conservation, and an Office of Mine Safety and Licensing. There shall be established within the Office of Mine Safety and Licensing a Division of Safety Inspection and Licensing, a Division of Explosives and Blasting, a Division of Investigation, and a Division of Safety Analysis, Training, and Certification. Each division shall be headed by a director and each office shall be headed by an executive director. Directors and executive directors shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor as required by KRS 12.050 and, as appropriate, KRS 353.530, except for the director of the Division of Conservation, who shall be appointed in accordance with KRS 146.100. Both directors and executive directors shall be directly responsible to the commissioner and shall perform the functions, powers, and duties as provided by law and as prescribed by the secretary.

- (3) (a) There is established within the Department of Labor an Office of Occupational Safety and Health, an Office of Labor-Management Relations and Mediation, an Office of Workplace Standards, and a Division of Administrative Services. Each division shall be headed by a director and each office shall be headed by an executive director who shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor as required by KRS 12.050. The directors and the executive directors shall be directly responsible to the commissioner and shall perform the functions, powers, and duties as provided by law and as prescribed by the secretary.
  - (b) The following agencies are attached to the Department of Labor for administrative purposes only:
    - 1. Kentucky Labor Management Advisory Council;
    - 2. Kentucky Employees' Insurance Association;
    - 3. State Labor Relations Board;
    - 4. Workers' Compensation Funding Commission;
    - 5. Workers' Compensation Advisory Council;
    - 6. Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board;
    - 7. Prevailing Wage Review Board;
    - 8.] Apprenticeship and Training Council;
    - 8[9]. Employers' Mutual Insurance Authority;
    - <u>**9**[10]</u>. Workers' Compensation Nominating Commission; and
    - <u>10</u>[11]. Office of Workers' Claims.
- (4) (a) There is established within the Department of Public Protection a Division of Administrative Services, an Office of Financial Institutions, an Office of Insurance, an Office of Housing, Buildings and Construction, an Office of Charitable Gaming, and an Office of Alcoholic Beverage Control. Each division shall be headed by a division director and each office shall be headed by an executive director. Division directors and executive directors shall be appointed by the secretary with the approval of the Governor as required by KRS 12.050. Division directors and executive directors shall be directly

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responsible to the commissioner and shall perform the functions, powers, and duties as provided by law and as prescribed by the secretary.

- (b) The following agencies are attached to the Department of Public Protection for administrative purposes only:
  - 1. Kentucky Public Service Commission;
  - 2. Crime Victims Compensation Board;
  - 3. Board of Claims;
  - 4. Board of Tax Appeals;
  - 5. Kentucky Boxing and Wrestling Authority; and
  - 6. Kentucky Horse Racing Authority.

Section 14. The following KRS sections are repealed:

- 337.505 Definition of "prevailing wage," fringe benefits included.
- 337.510 Public authority's duties as to inclusion of prevailing wage in proposals and contracts.
- 337.512 Duties of individual officers with respect to prevailing wage law.
- 337.520 Determination of prevailing wages -- Administrative regulations -- Filing wage contract.
- 337.522 Hearings -- Publication of determination -- Revisions -- Prevailing wage review boards attached to Department of Labor for administrative purposes.
- 337.524 Which rates to apply while review is pending.
- 337.525 Judicial review.
- 337.530 Contractor to pay prevailing wages and post rates -- Payroll records -- On-site inspections.
- 337.540 Limitation of working hours -- Exceptions -- Overtime.
- 337.548 Injunction of violation of prevailing wage law.
- 337.550 Office to aid in enforcement -- Remedies of laborer."

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly deletes the entire State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XV, Prevailing Wage, and creates a new Part XV, Apportioned Vehicles, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 132 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) There shall be exempt from ad valorem tax for state and local purposes trucks, tractors, and buses used on routes or in systems that are partly within and partly outside Kentucky, and that are subject to the fee imposed by Section 2 of this Part.
- (2) There shall be exempt from ad valorem tax for state and local purposes semitrailers as defined in KRS 189.010(12) and trailers as defined in KRS 189.010(17) that are used on a route or in a system that is partly within and partly outside Kentucky. Semitrailers or trailers required to be registered under KRS 186.655 that are used only in Kentucky shall be subject to the ad valorem tax imposed by KRS 132.487.
  - SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 136 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) Notwithstanding KRS 132.487, any truck, tractor, or bus which is operated on a route or as part of a system that is partly within and partly outside Kentucky shall be subject to an annual fee at the time the vehicle is registered with and the registration fee is paid to the Transportation Cabinet pursuant to KRS 186.020 and KRS 186.050(3) and (13). The fee shall be imposed on the vehicle's owner or the owner's legal designee as of January 1 of each year. Such payment shall be made to the Transportation Cabinet either directly, in the case of a vehicle based in Kentucky, or indirectly, through the International Registration Plan, in the case of a vehicle based outside of Kentucky.
- (2) The fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section replaces the state and local ad valorem property tax the Department of Revenue previously imposed and centrally collected against trucks, tractors, and buses operated on a route or as part of a system that is partly within and partly outside Kentucky. The fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall not be construed as a fee imposed upon the registration, operation, or use of the vehicles on public highways. The Department of Revenue shall use the following method for determining the rate for fixing the assessed value of the property and for determining the annual fee amount:
  - (a) The Department of Revenue shall determine the assessed value on an annual basis by multiplying the purchase price of the truck, tractor, or bus by a depreciation value expressed as a percentage of the original cost from an authoritative source that the Department of Revenue prescribes by promulgation of an administrative regulation;
  - (b) The Department of Revenue shall determine an aggregate state and local rate on an annual basis. The state rate shall be the weighted average commercial and industrial tangible personal property tax rate, and the local rate shall be determined using the method set forth in KRS 136.180(3) and (4);
  - (c) The Department of Revenue shall determine the amount subject to the annual fee by multiplying the total assessed value of all vehicles by an apportionment factor. The apportionment factor shall be determined as provided in KRS 186.050(13)(a); and
  - (d) The annual fee shall be determined by multiplying the amount subject to the annual fee by the rate determined in paragraph (b) of this subsection.
  - The Department of Revenue shall provide the Transportation Cabinet with the information needed to collect the fee.

## **Part XV - Apportioned Vehicles**

- (3) The Transportation Cabinet shall forward the money it collects from the fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section to the Department of Revenue on a monthly basis. The Department of Revenue shall divide and distribute the money among the state, counties, cities, urban-counties, charter counties, consolidated local governments, school districts, and special taxing districts in the same manner as the Department of Revenue divided and distributed the state and local ad valorem property tax previously imposed and centrally collected.
- (4) Pick-up and delivery vehicles operating from a terminal within this state and vehicles that do not leave the state in the normal course of business shall not be required to pay the fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section, but shall instead be subject to the ad valorem tax under KRS 132.487.
- (5) Any person paying the fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall have forty-five (45) days from the date the person is notified of the fee amount to protest. The protest shall be filed with the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department of Revenue, in accordance with the provisions of KRS 131.110. Notification by any state's or Canadian province's or territory's registration authority of the amount due shall satisfy the notification requirement of KRS 131.110(1).
- (6) No protest or appeal shall delay the collection or payment of the fee imposed by subsection (1) of this section. The fee amount due as determined in subsection (2) of this section shall be paid at the time of registration. If the fee is not paid, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Transportation Cabinet shall not register the vehicle for which registration is sought. Persons registering vehicles in other states or Canada shall be subject to requirements of those registration authorities.

  Section 3. KRS 136.1873 is amended to read as follows:

## The provisions of this section shall apply to assessments made prior to January 1, 2007.

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 132.487, trucks, trailers, tractors, semitrailers, and buses of any person, corporation, partnership, or any other business association whose route or system is partly within this state and partly within another state or states, shall be assessed by the Department of Revenue for purposes of taxation as of January 1 each year.
- (2) The proportion of miles operated in this state compared to the total miles operated everywhere shall be considered in fixing the value of the property for taxation. Other reasonable evidence shall be considered in fixing the value. However, pick-up and delivery vehicles operating from a terminal within this state or vehicles which do not leave this state in the normal course of business shall not be valued on an apportioned basis.
  - Section 4. KRS 136.1875 is amended to read as follows:

On or before April 15, 1991, and <u>prior to January 1, 2007</u>[each year thereafter], each person, corporation, partnership, or other business association owning or operating trucks, tractors, trailers, semitrailers, and buses whose route or system is partly within this state and partly within another state or states, shall on forms provided by the Department of Revenue provide the department with a detailed description of all its vehicles operating within this state along with the necessary mileage data to be used in apportioning the value *on an annual basis*.

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Section 5. KRS 136.1877 is amended to read as follows:

## The provisions of this section shall apply to assessments made prior to January 1, 2007.

- (1) The Department of Revenue shall immediately, after fixing the assessed value of the trucks, tractors, trailers, semitrailers, and buses, notify the taxpayer of the valuation determined. Any taxpayer who has been assessed by the department in the manner outlined in KRS 136.1873 shall have forty-five (45) days from the date of the department's notice of the tentative assessment to protest as provided by KRS 131.110.
- (2) No appeal shall delay the collection or payment of taxes based upon the assessment in controversy. The taxpayer shall pay all state, county, and district taxes due on the valuation which the taxpayer claims as the true value as stated in the protest filed under KRS 131.110. When the valuation is finally determined upon appeal, the taxpayer shall be billed for any additional tax and interest at the tax interest rate as defined in KRS 131.010(6), from the date the tax would have become due if no appeal had been taken. The provisions of KRS 134.390 shall apply to the tax bill.
- (3) The state and local taxes on the property are due forty-five (45) days from the date of notice and shall be collected directly by the Department of Revenue.
- (4) The Department of Revenue shall annually calculate an aggregate local rate to be used in determining the local taxes to be collected. The rate shall be the statewide average motor vehicle tax rate for each type of local taxing district multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the commercial and industrial tangible personal property assessment subject to full local rates and the denominator of which is the total commercial and industrial tangible personal property assessment.
- (5) The local taxes collected by the Department of Revenue shall be distributed to each local taxing district levying a tax on motor vehicles based on the statewide average rate for each type of local taxing district. However, prior to distribution any fees owed to the Department of Revenue by any local taxing district under the provisions of KRS 136.180(6) shall be deducted. Section 6. The provisions of this Part take effect on January 1, 2007."

## Part XVI - Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XIX, Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts, includes the following directive:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 44.030 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) No money shall be paid to any person on a claim against the state in his own right, or as an assignee of another, when <u>the person</u> or <u>the person's</u> assignor is indebted to the state <u>or any county, city, urban county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state</u>. The claim, to the extent it is allowed, shall <u>first</u> be credited to the account of the person so indebted <u>to the state</u>, and if there is any balance due <u>the person</u> after settling the whole demand of the state, <u>any certified liquidated debts of any county</u>, city, urban county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government of this state shall be paid. The creditor having the largest certified debt shall have first priority and if there is any balance due the claimant after settling the whole demand of the state, counties, cities, urban county governments, consolidated local governments, or charter county governments, and if there are not liquidated debts certified against the claim pursuant to <u>Section 2 of this Act</u>, that balance shall be paid to <u>the person</u>.
- (2) The Finance and Administration Cabinet shall provide the Cabinet for Health and Family Services with a quarterly report of all tort claims made against the state by individuals that the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall compare with the child support database to match individuals who have a child support arrearage and may receive a settlement from the state.
- (3) Each organizational unit and administrative body in the executive branch of state government, as defined in KRS 12.010, and the Court of Justice in the judicial branch of state government shall provide information to the State Treasurer concerning any debt it has referred to the Department of Revenue for collection under KRS 45.241.
- (4) Each agency and the Court of Justice shall provide information to the State Treasurer concerning any debt referred to the Department of Revenue for collection under KRS 45.237.

SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 44 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, and pursuant to the provisions of 31 USC 3716(h)(1) and 31 USC 3716 (b), the Finance and Administration Cabinet, at the request of any executive, judicial, or legislative agency of the Commonwealth, may enter into a reciprocal agreement with the United States government to offset the claim of any person against the Commonwealth to any debt of that person owed to the United States government which has been certified by the United States government as final due and owing, with all appeals and legal actions having been waived or exhausted, and to offset

## Part XVI - Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts

any nontax claim of any person against the United States government to any liquidated debt of that person owed to the Commonwealth.

- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, the Finance and Administration Cabinet, at the request of any executive, judicial, or legislative agency of the Commonwealth, may enter into a reciprocal agreement with any state as defined in KRS 446.010(30), to offset the claim of any person against the Commonwealth to any debt of that person owed to any state which has certified the debt as final due and owing, with all appeals and legal actions having been waived or exhausted, and to offset any claim of any person against any state to any liquidated debt of that person owed to the Commonwealth.
- (3) In the case of multiple creditors who have certified liquidated debt against the same person on a claim against the Commonwealth, pursuant to this section and Section 1 of this Act, the debts of the Commonwealth, counties, cities, urban county governments, consolidated local governments, and charter county governments shall be credited first, and if there is any balance due the claimant after settling the whole demands of the Commonwealth, counties, cities, consolidated local governments, and charter county governments, the balance shall be credited to the liquidated debts certified by the United States government and any other state as defined in KRS 446.010(30), with the creditor having the largest liquidated debt having first priority. If there is a balance due the claimant after satisfaction of all liquidated debts as itemized in this section, the balance shall be paid to the claimant.

Section 3. KRS 131.560 is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 44.030 or 131.190, the Department of Revenue shall withhold the Kentucky individual income tax refund otherwise due a taxpayer under KRS Chapter 141 who owes overdue child support or is indebted to any state agency, officer, board, commission, corporation, institution, cabinet, department or other state organization, or any county, city, urban county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state, which has complied with the requirements of KRS 131.565. After satisfaction of any undisputed delinquent tax liability due the Department of Revenue from such taxpayer, the tax refund balance so withheld shall, except as provided in KRS 131.565, be transmitted as soon as practicable to the state agency or any county, city, urban county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state, having established a claim therefor. In the case of multiple state agency or any county, city, urban county government duly organized in this state, claims against the same tax refund, the state agency having the larger pending claim shall have priority after satisfaction of any undisputed delinquent tax liabilities due the Department of Revenue, followed by other state agency claims. After all state agency claims have been satisfied, the claims of any any county, city, urban county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state shall be satisfied the larger pending claim staisfied first, and other claims satisfied in descending order."

## Part XVI - Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following exceptions:

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XIX, Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts has been renumbered to Part XVI, Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts.

The General Assembly replaces Part XVI, Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts, language to read as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 44.030 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) No money shall be paid to any person on a claim against the state in his own right, or as an assignee of another, when <u>the person[he]</u> or <u>the person's [his]</u> assignor is indebted to the state <u>or any county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state</u>. The claim, to the extent it is allowed, shall <u>first</u> be credited to the account of the person so indebted <u>to the state</u>, and if there is any balance due <u>the person[him]</u> after settling the whole demand of the state, <u>any certified liquidated debts of any county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government of this state shall be paid. If there is any balance due the person after settling the whole demand of the state, counties, cities, urban-county governments, consolidated local governments, or charter county governments, and if there are not liquidated debts certified against the claim pursuant to Section 2 of this Part, that balance shall be paid to <u>the person[him]</u>.</u>
- (2) <u>In case of multiple claims by state agencies the claims shall be paid as follows:</u>
- (a) First, to any claim made by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services for past due child support obligations;
- (b) Second, to any claim filed by the Finance and Administration Cabinet, Department of Revenue for taxes owed the Commonwealth; and
- (c) Third, to all other state agencies in the order that the claims were filed with the Treasury.
- (3) In the case of multiple claims filed by any county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state, the claims shall be paid in the order that the claims were filed with the Treasury.
- The Finance and Administration Cabinet shall provide the Cabinet for Health and Family Services with a quarterly report of all tort claims made against the state by individuals that the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall compare with the child support database to match individuals who have a child support arrearage and may receive a settlement from the state.

## Part XVI - Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts

(5)[(3)] Each organizational unit and administrative body in the executive branch of state government, as defined in KRS 12.010, and the Court of Justice in the judicial branch of state government shall provide information to the State Treasurer concerning any debt it has referred to the Department of Revenue for collection under KRS 45.241.

(6)[(4)]Each agency and the Court of Justice shall provide information to the State Treasurer concerning any debt referred to the Department of Revenue for collection under KRS 45.237.

SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 44 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, and pursuant to the provisions of 31 U.S.C. sec. 3716(b) and (h)(1), the Finance and Administration Cabinet, at the request of any executive, judicial, or legislative agency of the Commonwealth, may enter into a reciprocal agreement with the United States government to offset the claim of any person against the Commonwealth to any debt of that person owed to the United States government which has been certified by the United States government as final, due, and owing, with all appeals and legal actions having been waived or exhausted, and to offset any nontax claim of any person against the United States government to any liquidated debt of that person owed to the Commonwealth.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, the Finance and Administration Cabinet, at the request of any executive, judicial, or legislative agency of the Commonwealth, may enter into a reciprocal agreement with any state, as defined in KRS 446.010(30), to offset the claim of any person against the Commonwealth to any debt of that person owed to any state which has certified the debt as final, due, and owing, with all appeals and legal actions having been waived or exhausted, and to offset any claim of any person against any state to any liquidated debt of that person owed to the Commonwealth.
- (3) In the case of multiple creditors who have certified liquidated debt against the same person on a claim against the Commonwealth, pursuant to this section and Section 1 of this Part, the debts of the Commonwealth, counties, cities, urban-county governments, consolidated local governments, and charter county governments shall be credited first in the priority established in Section 1 of this Part, and if there is any balance due the claimant after settling the whole demands of the Commonwealth, counties, cities, urban-county governments, consolidated local governments, and charter county governments, the balance shall be credited to the liquidated debts certified by the United States government and any other state, as defined in KRS 446.010(30), in the order that the claims were filed with the Treasury. If there is a balance due the claimant after satisfaction of all liquidated debts as itemized in this section or any court-ordered payments, the balance shall be paid to the claimant.

Section 3. KRS 131.560 is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 44.030 or 131.190, the Department of Revenue shall withhold the Kentucky individual income tax refund otherwise due a taxpayer under KRS Chapter 141 who owes overdue child support or is indebted to any state agency, officer, board, commission, corporation, institution, cabinet, department or other state organization or any county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state, which has complied with

## Part XVI - Administrative Offsets for Delinquent Taxes and Liquidated Debts

the requirements of KRS 131.565. After satisfaction of any undisputed delinquent tax liability due the Department of Revenue from such taxpayer, the tax refund balance so withheld shall, except as provided in KRS 131.565, be transmitted as soon as practicable to the state agency, or the county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state, having established a claim therefor. In the case of multiple state agency or any county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state, claims against the same tax refund, the state agency having the larger pending claim shall have priority after satisfaction of any undisputed delinquent tax liabilities due the Department of Revenue, followed by other state agency claims. After all state agency claims have been satisfied, the claims of any county, city, urban-county government, consolidated local government, or charter county government duly organized in this state shall be satisfied with the larger pending claims satisfied first, and other claims satisfied in descending order."



## Part XVII - Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XVII, Sales and Use Tax, includes the following directive:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 139 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) The county clerk shall collect any applicable sales and use tax from the owner of the following tangible personal property at the time the property is offered for titling or first registration:
- (a) Recreational vehicles as defined in KRS 186.650;
- (b) Manufactured homes as defined in KRS 186.650;
- (c) Motorboats as defined in KRS 235.010;
- (d) Vessels as defined in KRS 235.010; and
- (e) Any other tangible personal property offered for titling or first registration in Kentucky.
- (2) The tax shall be collected unless the owner:
- (a) Presents a tax receipt from the seller verifying that the tax has been previously paid;
- (b) Demonstrates that the transfer of the property is exempt under KRS 139.470(4); or
- (c) Provides a properly executed resale certificate of exemption in accordance with KRS 139.270.
- (3) The tax collected by the county clerk shall be reported and remitted to the department on forms provided by the department.
- (4) For services provided in collecting the tax, the county clerk shall deduct a fee of three percent (3%) of the tax collected and remit the balance to the department as provided in Section 2 of this Part.

Section 2. KRS 138.464 is amended to read as follows:

The county clerk shall report each Monday to the Department of Revenue all moneys collected during the previous week, together with a duplicate of all receipts issued by him during the same period. The clerk shall deposit motor vehicle usage tax <u>and sales and use tax</u> collections not later than the next business day following receipt in a Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department of Revenue account in a bank designated as a depository for state funds. The clerk may be required to then cause the funds to be transferred from the local depository bank to the State Treasury in whatever manner and at times prescribed by the commissioner of the Department of Revenue or his designee. Failure to forward duplicates of all receipts issued during the reporting period or failure to file the weekly report of moneys collected shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount of moneys collected during the reporting period for each month or fraction thereof until the documents are filed. Failure to deposit or, if required, transfer collections as required above shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount not deposited or, if required, not transferred for each day until the collections are deposited or transferred as required above. The penalty for failure to

## Part XVII - Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections

deposit or transfer money collected shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per day. The penalties provided in this section shall not apply if the failure of the clerk is due to reasonable cause. The department may in its discretion grant a county clerk a reasonable extension of time to file his report or make any transfer of deposits as required above. The extension, however, must be requested prior to the end of the seven (7) day period and shall begin to run at the end of said period. All penalties collected under this provision shall be paid into the State Treasury as a part of the revenue collected under KRS 138.450 to 138.729 *and Section 1 of this Part*.

Section 3. KRS 186.655 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Before any owner or operator of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle may operate upon the highways, the owner shall apply for registration to the county clerk of the county in which he resides or in which the vehicles are principally operated. The application shall be retained by the clerk and shall be accompanied by:
- (a) A manufacturer's certificate of origin, if the application is for the registration of a new trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle:
- (b) The owner's registration receipt, if the trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle was last registered in this state;
- (c) A bill of sale and the previous registration receipt, if last registered in another state that does not require the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
- (d) A certificate of title, if last registered in another state that requires the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
- (e) An affidavit from the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle assembled or constructed for his personal use on the highways; or
- (f) An affidavit from the owner of a trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle where the bill of sale for the vehicle has been lost, destroyed, or stolen.
- (2) The affidavit required in paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of this section shall contain the owner's name, address, date, brief description, and a statement that the trailer was constructed by the owner for use on the highways and additional information the cabinet may require by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A.
- (3) The affidavit required in paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of this section shall contain the owner's name, address, date, make, year made, serial or identification number, name of the person from whom purchased, date of purchase, a statement that the person making the affidavit is the sole owner, the circumstances under which the bill of sale was lost, destroyed, or stolen, and additional information the cabinet may require by administrative regulation promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A.
- (4) After initial registration of his vehicles in this state, the owner shall register his trailer, semitrailer, or recreational vehicle on or before April 1 of each year. Registration with the clerk shall be deemed to be registration with the cabinet.

## Part XVII - Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections

[(5) A county clerk or other officer shall not issue license tags to the owner of a recreational vehicle when it is offered for registration in this state, unless the owner presents a tax receipt from the seller verifying that the Kentucky sales tax has been paid. If the owner is unable to present evidence of payment of tax, he shall furnish to the clerk a bill of sale indicating the purchase price of the recreational vehicle on which price the sales tax shall be assessed. If he cannot furnish a bill of sale indicating the purchase price, the clerk shall assess the value in accordance with information prescribed by the Department of Revenue. The clerk shall collect the tax, deduct a fee of five percent (5%) of the amount collected and remit the balance to the Department of Revenue.]

Section 4. The provisions of this Part shall be effective January 1, 2007.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following exception:

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill, Part XX, Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections has been renumbered to Part XVII, Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections, and includes the following directive:

Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 131 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

## As used in Sections 1 to 4 of this Part:

- (1) "Debt" means a liquidated debt as defined in KRS 45.241(1)(b);
- (2) "Debtor" means any person liable for a debt;
- (3) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- (4) "Delinquent taxpayer" means a person who has been assessed for a tax, the collection of which is administered by the Department of Revenue, and who has not sought administrative or judicial review of the assessment as provided in KRS 131.110, or who has sought but exhausted all administrative and judicial review so that the assessment is final, due, and owing. For a person to be considered a "delinquent taxpayer," the following conditions must also be met:
- (a) The tax remains unpaid after thirty (30) days from demand for payment by the department; and
- (b) The person is not making current timely installment payments on the tax liability under agreement with the department; and
- (5) "Financial institution" means:
- (a) A depository institution and an institution-affiliated party as defined in 12 U.S.C. sec. 1813(c) and (u);
- (b) Any federal or state credit union, including an institution-affiliated party as defined in 12 U.S.C. secs. 1752 and 1786(r); or

#### Part XVII - Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections

- (c) Any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money market mutual fund, brokerage firm, trust company, or similar entity authorized to do business in the Commonwealth.
- SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 131 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) To assist the department in the collection of delinquent taxes and debts owed to the Commonwealth, the department shall design, develop, implement, and operate a financial institution match system for the purpose of identifying and seizing the financial assets of delinquent taxpayers and debtors as identified by the department. The provisions of Sections 1 to 4 of this Part shall be applied uniformly to all financial institutions within the Commonwealth as feasible.
- (2) Each financial institution in the Commonwealth shall, in conjunction with the department, develop and operate a data match system to facilitate the identification and seizure of financial assets of delinquent taxpayers and debtors identified by the department. If a financial institution has a data match system developed pursuant to KRS 205.774(2) for the purpose of administering the child support enforcement programs of the Commonwealth, and if the system is compatible with the requirements of Sections 1 to 4 of this Part, the financial institution may utilize that system to comply with the provisions of this subsection.
- (3) (a) When the department determines that the name, record address, and either Social Security number or taxpayer identification number of an account with a financial institution matches the name, record address, and either the Social Security number or taxpayer identification number of a delinquent taxpayer or debtor, a lien or levy shall, subject to the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, arise against the assets in the account at the time of receipt of the notice by the financial institution at which the account is maintained.
- (b) The department shall provide notice of the following to the debtor or delinquent taxpayer and the financial institution:
- 1. The match;
- 2. The lien or levy arising therefrom; and
- 3. The action to be taken to surrender or encumber the account with the lien or levy for delinquent taxes.

  Notice shall be provided to the debtor or delinquent taxpayer within two (2) business days of the date the notice is sent to the financial institution.
- (4) A financial institution ordered to surrender or encumber an account shall be entitled to collect its normally scheduled account activity fees to maintain the account during the period of time the account is seized or encumbered.
- (5) A financial institution may charge an account levied on by the department a fee of not more than twenty dollars (\$20) which may be deducted from the account prior to remitting any funds to the department.
- (6) The department shall bear the cost or, if paid by the delinquent taxpayer or debtor, reimburse the delinquent taxpayer or debtor for any bank charges incurred as a result of any erroneous lien or levy by the department, provided the erroneous lien or levy was caused by department error and, prior to the issuance of the erroneous lien or levy, the delinquent taxpayer or debtor

## Part XVII - Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections

timely responded to all contacts by the department and provided information or documentation sufficient to establish his or her position.

- (7) The department may promulgate administrative regulations to implement Sections 1 to 4 of this Part. SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 131 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) Financial institutions doing business in the Commonwealth shall provide identifying information each calendar quarter to the department for each delinquent taxpayer or debtor identified by the department that is indebted to the Commonwealth for delinquent taxes or debts and who maintains an account at the institution.
- (2) The financial institution shall be paid a fee for conducting data matches from the delinquent taxpayer's account, not to exceed the actual cost.
- (3) Except for the exchange of information between the department and financial institutions necessary for the enforcement of Sections 1 to 4 of this Part, any information obtained by the department from financial institutions shall be subject to confidentiality restrictions imposed on the department by KRS 131.190.
- (4) A financial institution shall not be liable for encumbering or surrendering any assets held by the financial institution in response to a lien or notice of levy issued by the department, or any other action taken in good faith to comply with the requirements of Sections 1 to 4 of this Part.
- SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 131 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) A financial institution furnishing a report or providing asset information about a delinquent taxpayer or debtor to the department shall not disclose to the delinquent taxpayer or debtor that the name of that person has been received from or furnished to the department. A financial institution may disclose to its depositors or account holders that under the financial institution match system the department has the authority to request certain identifying information on certain depositors or account holders.
- (2) If a financial institution willfully violates the provisions of this section, the institution shall pay to the department the lesser of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or the amount on deposit or in the account of the person to whom the disclosure was made.
- (3) A financial institution shall incur no obligation or liability to a depositor or account holder or any other person arising from the furnishing of a report or information to the department pursuant to Sections 1 to 4 of this Part, or from the failure to disclose to a depositor or account holder that the name of the person was included in a list or report furnished by the financial institution to the department.
- (4) A financial institution shall not give notice to an account holder or customer of the financial institution that the financial institution has provided information or taken any action pursuant to Sections 1 to 4 of this Part and shall not be liable for failure to provide that notice; provided, however, that a financial institution may disclose to its depositors or account holders that, under the data match system, the department has the authority to request certain identifying information on certain depositors or account

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**Part XVII - Electronic Levies for Delinquent Tax Collections** 

holders. The department shall notify, not less than annually, affected depositors or account holders who have not otherwise received notification.

#### Part XVIII - Motor Fuels Tax

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill contains no provisions relating to Motor Fuels Tax.

## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following change:

The General Assembly adds a Part XVIII, Motor Fuels Tax, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 138.210 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 138.220 to 138.446, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Accountable loss" means loss or destruction of "received" gasoline or special fuel through wrecking of transportation conveyance, explosion, fire, flood or other casualty loss, or contaminated and returned to storage. The loss shall be reported within thirty (30) days after discovery of the loss to the department in a manner and form prescribed by the department, supported by proper evidence which in the sole judgment of the department substantiates the alleged loss or contamination and which is confirmed in writing to the reporting dealer by the department. The department may make any investigation deemed necessary to establish the bona fide claim of the loss;
- (2) "Gasoline dealer" or "special fuels dealer" means any person who is:
  - (a) Regularly engaged in the business of refining, producing, distilling, manufacturing, blending, or compounding gasoline or special fuels in this state;
  - (b) Regularly importing gasoline or special fuel, upon which no tax has been paid, into this state for distribution in bulk to others:
  - (c) Distributing gasoline from bulk storage in this state;
  - (d) Regularly engaged in the business of distributing gasoline or special fuels from bulk storage facilities primarily to others in arm's-length transactions;
  - (e) In the case of gasoline, receiving or accepting delivery within this state of gasoline for resale within this state in amounts of not less than an average of one hundred thousand (100,000) gallons per month during any prior consecutive twelve (12) months' period, when in the opinion of the department, the person has sufficient financial rating and reputation to justify the conclusion that he will pay all taxes and comply with all other obligations imposed upon a dealer; or
  - (f) Regularly exporting gasoline or special fuels;

#### **Part XVIII - Motor Fuels Tax**

- (3) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- (4) (a) "Gasoline" means all liquid fuels, including liquids ordinarily, practically, and commercially usable in internal combustion engines for the generation of power, and all distillates of and condensates from petroleum, natural gas, coal, coal tar, vegetable ferments, and all other products so usable which are produced, blended, or compounded for the purpose of operating motor vehicles, showing a flash point of 110 degrees Fahrenheit or below, using the Eliott Closed Cup Test, or when tested in a manner approved by the United States Bureau of Mines, are prima facie commercially usable in internal combustion engines. The term "gasoline" as used herein shall include casing head, absorption, natural gasoline, and condensates when used without blending as a motor fuel, sold for use in motors direct, or sold to those who blend for their own use, but shall not include: propane, butane, or other liquefied petroleum gases, kerosene, cleaner solvent, fuel oil, diesel fuel, crude oil or casing head, absorption, natural gasoline and condensates when sold to be blended or compounded with other less volatile liquids in the manufacture of commercial gasoline for motor fuel, industrial naphthas, rubber solvents, Stoddard solvent, mineral spirits, VM and P & naphthas, turpentine substitutes, pentane, hexane, heptane, octane, benzene, benzine, xylol, toluol, aromatic petroleum solvents, alcohol, and liquefied gases which would not exist as liquids at a temperature of sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit and a pressure of 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute, unless the products are used wholly or in combination with gasoline as a motor fuel;
  - (b) "Special fuels" means and includes all combustible gases and liquids capable of being used for the generation of power in an internal combustion engine to propel vehicles of any kind upon the public highways, including diesel fuel, and dyed diesel fuel used exclusively for nonhighway purposes in off-highway equipment and in nonlicensed motor vehicles, except that it does not include gasoline, aviation jet fuel, kerosene unless used wholly or in combination with special fuel as a motor fuel, or liquefied petroleum gas as defined in KRS 234.100;
  - (c) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid other than gasoline that, without further processing or blending, is suitable for use as a fuel in a diesel powered highway vehicle. Diesel fuel does not include unblended kerosene, No. 5, and No. 6 fuel oil as described in ASTM specification D 396 or F-76 Fuel Naval Distillate MILL-F-166884;
  - (d) "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is required to be dyed under United States Environmental Protection Agency rules for high sulfur diesel fuel, or is dyed under the Internal Revenue Service rules for low sulfur fuel, or pursuant to any other requirements subsequently set by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or the Internal Revenue Service;
- (5) "Received" or "received gasoline" or "received special fuels" shall have the following meanings:
  - (a) Gasoline and special fuels produced, manufactured, or compounded at any refinery in this state or acquired by any dealer and delivered into or stored in refinery, marine, or pipeline terminal storage facilities in this state shall be deemed to be received when it has been loaded for bulk delivery into tank cars or tank trucks consigned to destinations within this state.

#### **Part XVIII - Motor Fuels Tax**

- For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent the evasion of the tax and to enforce the duty of the dealer to collect the tax, it shall be presumed that all gasoline and special fuel loaded by any licensed dealer within this state into tank cars or tank trucks is consigned to destinations within this state, unless the contrary is established by the dealer, pursuant to rules and regulations prescribed by the department; and
- (b) Gasoline and special fuel acquired by any dealer in this state, and not delivered into refinery, marine, or pipeline terminal storage facilities, shall be deemed to be received when it has been placed into storage tanks or other containers for use or subject to withdrawal for use, delivery, sale, or other distribution. Dealers may sell gasoline or special fuel to licensed bonded dealers in this state in transport truckload, carload, or cargo lots, withdrawing it from refinery, marine, pipeline terminal, or bulk storage tanks, without paying the tax. In such instances, the licensed bonded dealer purchasing the gasoline or special fuel shall be deemed to have received such fuel at the time of withdrawal from the seller's storage facility and shall be responsible to the state for the payment of the tax thereon;
- (6) "Refinery" means any place where gasoline or special fuel is refined, manufactured, compounded, or otherwise prepared for use;
- (7) "Storage" means all gasoline and special fuel produced, refined, distilled, manufactured, blended, or compounded and stored at a refinery storage or delivered by boat at a marine terminal for storage, or delivered by pipeline at a pipeline terminal, delivery station, or tank farm for storage;
- (8) "Transporter" means any person who transports gasoline or special fuel on which the tax has not been paid or assumed;
- (9) "Bulk storage facility" means gasoline or special fuel storage facilities of not less than twenty thousand (20,000) gallons owned or operated at one (1) location by a single owner or operator for the purpose of storing gasoline or special fuel for resale or delivery to retail outlets or consumers;
- (10) "Average wholesale price" shall mean:
  - (a) The weighted average per gallon wholesale tank wagon price of gasoline, exclusive of the nine cents (\$0.09) per gallon federal tax in effect on January 1, 1984, any increase in the federal gasoline tax after July 1, 1984, and any fee on imported oil imposed by the Congress of the United States after July 1, 1986, as determined by the Department of Revenue from information furnished by licensed gasoline dealers or from information available through independent statistical surveys of gasoline prices. Dealers shall furnish within twenty (20) days following the end of the first month of each calendar quarter, the information regarding wholesale selling prices for the previous month required by the department;
  - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, for purposes of the taxes levied in KRS 138.220, 138.660, and 234.320, in no case shall "average wholesale price" be deemed to be less than one dollar and *thirty-four and two-tenths cents* (\$1.342)[twenty two cents (\$1.22)] per gallon, and in no case shall "average wholesale price" be deemed to be more than one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per gallon on or before June 30, 1982. In fiscal year 1982-83, the "average wholesale price" shall not be deemed to increase more than ten percent (10%) over the "average wholesale price"

#### Part XVIII - Motor Fuels Tax

at the close of fiscal year 1981-82; in each subsequent fiscal year the "average wholesale price" shall not be deemed to increase more than ten percent (10%) over the "average wholesale price" at the close of the previous fiscal year;

- (11) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, machine, or mechanical contrivance propelled by an internal combustion engine and licensed for operation and operated upon the public highways and any trailer or semitrailer attached to or having its front end supported by the motor vehicles;
- (12) "Public highways" means every way or place generally open to the use of the public as a matter or right for the purpose of vehicular travel, notwithstanding that they may be temporarily closed or travel thereon restricted for the purpose of construction, maintenance, repair, or reconstruction;
- (13) "Agricultural purposes" means purposes directly related to the production of agricultural commodities and the conducting of ordinary activities on the farm;
- (14) "Retail filling station" means any place accessible to general public vehicular traffic where gasoline or special fuel is or may be placed into the fuel supply tank of a licensed motor vehicle; and
- (15) "Financial instrument" means a bond issued by a corporation authorized to do business in Kentucky, a line of credit, or an account with a financial institution maintaining a compensating balance.

  Section 2. KRS 138.220 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) An excise tax at the rate of nine percent (9%) of the average wholesale price rounded to the third decimal when computed on a per gallon basis shall be paid on all gasoline and special fuel received in this state. For the purposes of the allocations in KRS 177.320(1) and (2) and 177.365, the amount calculated under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount calculated in subsection (3) of this section. Except as provided by KRS Chapter 138, no other excise or license tax shall be levied or assessed on gasoline or special fuel by the state or any political subdivision of the state. The tax herein imposed shall be paid by the dealer receiving the gasoline or special fuel to the State Treasurer in the manner and within the time specified in KRS 138.230 to 138.340 and all such tax may be added to the selling price charged by the dealer or other person paying the tax on gasoline or special fuel sold in this state. Nothing herein contained shall authorize or require the collection of the tax upon any gasoline or special fuel after it has been once taxed under the provisions of this section, unless such tax was refunded or credited.
- (2) In addition to the excise tax provided in subsection (1) of this section, there is hereby levied a supplemental highway user motor fuel tax to be paid in the same manner and at the same time as the tax provided in subsection (1) of this section. Such tax shall be calculated, starting with the quarter beginning July 1, 1986, by taking the excise tax resulting from the calculation provided for in subsection (1) of this section and adjusting such tax calculated, for each quarter, to reflect decreases in the average wholesale price, as defined in KRS 138.210(10)(a). The adjustment shall be made by calculating the difference between the average wholesale price computed for the quarter beginning October 1, 1985, as provided for in subsection (4) of this section, and the average wholesale price computed for the quarter beginning July 1, 1986 and each succeeding quarter, as provided for in

#### Part XVIII - Motor Fuels Tax

subsection (4) of this section. In the event of a decrease in the average wholesale price computed for the quarter beginning October 1, 1985, and ending December 31, 1985, and the average wholesale price computed for the quarter beginning July 1, 1986, and each succeeding quarter, the excise tax shall be adjusted upward for that quarter. The upward adjustment shall equal one-half (1/2) of the decrease between the two (2) quarterly periods, rounded to the third decimal. In no case shall the adjustment provided by this subsection result in a supplemental highway user motor fuel tax greater than five cents (\$0.05) on gasoline or two cents (\$0.02) on special fuel and, notwithstanding any adjustment which may be calculated as provided by this subsection, in no case shall the supplemental highway user motor fuel tax for any quarter be less than the previous quarter. The supplemental highway user motor fuel tax provided by this subsection and the provisions of subsections (1) and (3) of this section shall constitute the tax on motor fuels imposed by KRS 138.220.

- (3) Effective July 1, 2005, one cent (\$0.01), and effective July 1, 2006, two and one-tenth cents (\$0.021), of the tax collected under subsection (1) of this section shall be excluded from the calculations in KRS 177.320(1) and (2) and 177.365. The funds identified in this subsection shall be deposited into the state road fund.
- (4) Effective with the calendar quarter beginning July 1, 1980, the department shall determine on a consistent basis the average wholesale price for each calendar quarter, on the basis of sales data accumulated for the first month of the preceding quarter. Notification of the average wholesale price shall be given to all licensed dealers at least twenty (20) days in advance of the first day of each calendar quarter.
- (5) Dealers with a tax-paid gasoline or special fuel inventory at the time an average wholesale price becomes effective, shall be subject to additional tax or appropriate tax credit to reflect the increase or decrease in the average wholesale price for the new quarter. The department shall promulgate such rules and regulations to properly administer this provision."



## Part XIX - Voluntary Assignment of MSA Tobacco Escrow Payments

#### **BRANCH**

The Branch Budget Bill contains no provision relating to Voluntary Assignment of MSA Tobacco Escrow Payments.

## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The House adds Part XIX, Voluntary Assignment of MSA Tobacco Escrow Payments, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 131.602 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Any tobacco product manufacturer selling cigarettes to consumers within this state, whether directly or through a distributor, retailer, or similar intermediary or intermediaries, after June 30, 2000, shall do one (1) of the following:
  - (a) Become a participating manufacturer, as that term is defined in section II(jj) of the master settlement agreement, and generally perform its financial obligations under the master settlement agreement; or
  - (b) Place into a qualified escrow fund by April 15 of the year following the year in question the following amounts, as such amounts are adjusted for inflation:
    - 1. For 2000: \$0.0104712 per unit sold after June 30, 2000;
    - 2. For each of 2001 and 2002: \$0.0136125 per unit sold;
    - 3. For each of 2003 through 2006: \$0.0167539 per unit sold; and
    - 4. For 2007 and each year thereafter: \$0.0188482 per unit sold.
- (2) A tobacco product manufacturer that places funds into escrow pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section shall receive the interest or other appreciation on such funds as earned. Such funds themselves shall be released from escrow only under the following circumstances:
  - (a) To pay a judgment or settlement on any released claim brought against such tobacco product manufacturer by Kentucky or any releasing party located or residing in Kentucky. Funds shall be released from escrow under this paragraph in the order in which they were placed into escrow and only to the extent and at the time necessary to make payments required under such judgment or settlement;
  - (b) To the extent that a tobacco product manufacturer establishes that the amount it was required to place into escrow on account of units sold in the state in a particular year was greater than the master settlement agreement payments, as determined pursuant to section IX(i) of that agreement, including after final determination of all adjustments, that such manufacturer would have been required to make on account of such units sold had it been a participating manufacturer, the excess shall be released from escrow and revert back to such tobacco product manufacturer; or

## Part XIX - Voluntary Assignment of MSA Tobacco Escrow Payments

- (c) To the extent not released from escrow under paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection, funds shall be released from escrow and revert back to such tobacco product manufacturer twenty-five (25) years after the date on which they were placed into escrow.
- (3) Each tobacco product manufacturer that elects to place funds into escrow pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section shall annually certify to the Attorney General that it is in compliance with subsections (1)(b) and (2) of this section. The Attorney General may bring a civil action on behalf of Kentucky against any tobacco product manufacturer that fails to place into escrow the funds required under this section. Any tobacco product manufacturer that fails in any year to place into escrow the funds required under this section shall:
  - (a) Be required within fifteen (15) days to place such funds into escrow as shall bring it into compliance with this section. The court, upon a finding of a violation of subsection (1)(b) or (2) of this section, may impose a civil penalty, to be paid to the general fund of Kentucky, in an amount not to exceed five percent (5%) of the amount improperly withheld from escrow per day of the violation and in a total amount not to exceed one hundred percent (100%) of the original amount improperly withheld from escrow:
  - (b) In the case of a knowing violation, be required within fifteen (15) days to place such funds into escrow as shall bring it into compliance with this section. The court, upon a finding of a knowing violation of subsection (1)(b) or (2) of this section, may impose a civil penalty, to be paid to the general fund of Kentucky, in an amount not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the amount improperly withheld from escrow per day of the violation and in a total amount not to exceed three hundred percent (300%) of the original amount improperly withheld from escrow; and
  - (c) In the case of a second knowing violation, be prohibited from selling cigarettes to consumers within Kentucky, whether directly or through a distributor, retailer, or similar intermediary, for a period not to exceed two (2) years.
  - Each failure to make an annual deposit required under this section shall constitute a separate violation.
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, a tobacco product manufacturer that elects to place funds into escrow pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section may make an irrevocable assignment of its interest in the funds to the benefit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Such assignment shall be permanent and apply to all funds in the subject escrow account or that may subsequently come into such account, including those deposited into the escrow account prior to the assignment being executed, those deposited into the escrow account after the assignment is executed, and interest or other appreciation on such funds. The tobacco product manufacturer, the Attorney General, and the financial institution where the escrow account is maintained may make such amendments to the qualified escrow account agreement as may be necessary to effectuate an assignment of rights executed pursuant to this subsection or a withdrawal of funds from the escrow account pursuant to subsection (5) of this section. An assignment of rights executed pursuant to this subsection shall be in writing, signed by a duly authorized representative of the tobacco product manufacturer making the assignment, and shall become

Part XIX - Voluntary Assignment of MSA Tobacco Escrow Payments

- effective upon delivery of the assignment to the Attorney General and the financial institution where the escrow account is maintained.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, any escrow funds assigned to the Commonwealth pursuant to subsection (4) of this section shall be withdrawn by the Commonwealth upon request by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth and approval of the Attorney General. Any funds withdrawn pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited in the general fund and shall be calculated on a dollar-for-dollar basis as a credit against any judgment or settlement described in subsection (2)(a) of this section which may be obtained against the tobacco product manufacturer who has assigned the funds in the subject escrow account. Nothing in this subsection or in subsection (4) of this section shall be construed to relieve a tobacco product manufacturer from any past, current, or future obligations the manufacturer may have pursuant to this chapter."
- (6) "Notwithstanding subsections (4) and (5) of this section, no assignment of escrows created pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section shall be made by a tobacco product manufacturer, or shall be accepted by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, unless and until the Attorney General has provided an opinion to the Treasurer, with a copy of the opinion provided to the Governor and the Legislative Research Commission, that amendments to KRS 131.600 and subsections (4) and (5) of this section will not jeopardize the Commonwealth's payments under the master settlement agreement in the form of a nonparticipating manufacturer adjustment".



## Part XX - Tobacco Amnesty Compensation

#### **BRANCH**

The Branch Budget Bill contains no provision concerning the Phase II Amnesty Payment Program.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XX, Phase II Amnesty Payment Program, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

#### Section 1. KRS 248.480 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) As used in this section:
  - (a) "Settlement trust" means the national tobacco grower settlement trust established between tobacco companies and states with tobacco growers and tobacco quota owners in accordance with the master settlement agreement between certain tobacco companies and states' attorneys general dated November 23, 1998;
  - (b) "Settlement trust agreement" means the agreement to provide economic assistance from the national tobacco grower settlement trust directly to tobacco growers and tobacco quota holders in the Commonwealth;
  - (c) "Trustee of the settlement trust" means the entity legally responsible for management of the national tobacco grower settlement trust; and
  - (d) "Corporation" means the Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation created by this section.
- (2) The Kentucky Tobacco Settlement Trust Corporation is created and established as a de jure municipal corporation and political subdivision of the Commonwealth to perform essential governmental and public functions by assisting in the implementation of the national tobacco grower settlement trust agreement. The corporation shall be attached to the Finance and Administration Cabinet for administrative purposes. The corporation shall be a public agency within the meaning of KRS 61.805, KRS 61.870, and other applicable statutes.
- (3) The corporation shall be directed by a board of directors, which shall include:
  - (a) The Governor, who shall serve as chair of the corporation;
  - (b) The Commissioner of Agriculture, who shall serve as vice chair of the corporation;
  - (c) The Attorney General, who shall serve as secretary of the corporation;
  - (d) One (1) member of the Senate appointed by the President of the Senate to serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the board;
  - (e) One (1) member of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives to serve

## Part XX - Tobacco Amnesty Compensation

- as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the board;
- (f) Six (6) citizen members who are tobacco growers or tobacco quota owners appointed by the Governor for a term of four (4) years;
- (g) One (1) citizen member with a distinguished record of public service appointed by the Governor for a term of four (4) years; and
- (h) Two (2) members appointed by the Governor for a term of four (4) years from a list of six (6) nominees selected and submitted to the Governor by the state's congressional delegation.
- (4) Members of the board shall not receive compensation for their services but be reimbursed for necessary travel and lodging expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
- (5) A quorum of the board shall consist of six (6) voting members. A majority of the voting members present may act upon any matter legally before the corporation. The board shall keep minutes and records of all meetings of the corporation and shall record all official actions.
- (6) The corporation shall be a body corporate with full corporate powers. The board may develop articles of incorporation and other appropriate documentation to establish the corporation's existence as a corporation authorized by law. The corporation shall not in any form hold, receive, or manage any proceeds from the National Tobacco Growers Settlement Trust.
- (7) The corporation's duties shall include, but not be limited to:
  - (a) Performing all duties and responsibilities of a state certification body as defined and directed under the terms of the settlement trust agreement;
  - (b) Preparing and submitting a plan to the trustee of the settlement trust for its approval. The plan shall identify those tobacco growers and tobacco quota owners who are to receive direct payment from the settlement trust and shall determine the respective amount each of the tobacco growers or tobacco quota owners is to receive;
  - (c) Determining the amount of any administrative expenses to be paid to the corporation under the terms of the settlement trust agreement;
  - (d) Appointing an officer to conduct executive functions for the corporation. The officer may be a state officer or employee who shall serve as a borrowed servant at no cost to the corporation;
  - (e) Requesting the trustee of the settlement trust to set aside reserve amounts in anticipation of a decrease in annual payments;
  - (f) Submitting information required by the trustee of the settlement trust;
  - (g) Establishing policies and procedures and contracting with other persons or entities if necessary to effectuate its purposes and functions;
  - (h) Discharging additional powers, duties, and functions as necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of this

## Part XX - Tobacco Amnesty Compensation

section;

- (i) Enacting bylaws concerning the conduct of its business and other administrative procedures as it deems necessary; and
- (j) Provide for the distribution of state funds appropriated in 2005 Ky. Acts ch. 173, Parts I and II to the beneficiaries of the National Tobacco Growers Settlement Trust in a manner consistent with this section; *and*
- (k) Provide for the distribution of one-time payments under the amnesty compensation program described in subsection (8) of this section.
- (8) (a) The corporation shall establish an amnesty compensation program for tobacco quota owners who did not receive payments under the plan adopted by the corporation on March 22, 2004. The program shall grant one-time payments to eligible tobacco quota owners, as defined in the March 22, 2004, plan, who did not attain certification status with the corporation in 2004. Tobacco quota owners who attained certification with the corporation in 2004 shall not be eligible for the amnesty compensation payments for any 2003 basic quota pounds that were certified previously by the corporation. The program developed by the corporation shall:
  - 1. Determine those quota owners not certified previously under the March 22, 2004, plan and institute an application process for those noncertified quota owners;
  - 2. Make a one-time payment to newly certified quota owners under the amnesty compensation program at the same rate per pound as those quota owners who were certified previously under the March 22, 2004, plan provisions; and
  - 3. Limit the application process to ninety (90) days, with an ending date no later than October 31, 2006, and make payments to certified beneficiaries within ninety (90) days after the application process has ended.
  - (b) Funds required under the amnesty compensation program, including administrative costs of the plan, shall be provided by the Governor's Office of Agricultural Policy under Part X, Section B.1.a.(3) of this Act. In the event funds provided under Part X of this Act are insufficient to fully carry out the provisions of paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, then the one-time payments to newly certified quota owners shall be made in accordance with paragraph (a)2. of this subsection, on a proportionate basis, until all available funds provided in Part X of this Act are expended.
  - (c) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on June 30, 2007.
- (9) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages shall arise against, the corporation or any member, officer, administrator, agent, or employee of the corporation, either as a part of the corporation's operations or as an individual as a result of any act, omission, proceeding, conduct, or decision relating to the official duties, functions, and responsibilities."



## **Part XXI - Legal Notices**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill includes the following language provision relating to Legal Notices:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 424.180 is amended to read as follows:

Any advertisement which a state officer, department or agency is required by law to have published shall, if intended to give statewide notice, be published in such newspaper or newspapers, to be designated by the Finance and Administration Cabinet, as will provide reasonable statewide coverage, *unless the Finance and Administration Cabinet approves an alternative and cost-effective method of delivery*. If the advertisement particularly affects a local area it shall be published, for each county in the area, in a newspaper qualified under KRS 424.120 to publish advertisements for such county, *unless the Finance and Administration Cabinet approves* an alternative and cost-effective method of delivery. The latter publication shall be in addition to the former, if the advertisement affects the state at large as well as the local area."

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following change:

The General Assembly deletes the Part XII Legal Notices provision and inserts the Legal Notices provision as a new Part XXI.



#### **Part XXII - Home Incarceration**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill includes the following language provision related to Home Incarceration:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 532.260 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) Any Class C or Class D felon who is serving a sentence in a state-operated prison *contract facility, or county jail* shall, at the discretion of the commissioner, be eligible to serve the remainder of his or her sentence outside the walls of the detention facility under terms of home incarceration using an approved monitoring device as defined in KRS 532.200, if the felon:
- (a) 1. Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered an Alford plea to a violent felony as defined by the Department of Corrections classification system; or
- 2. Has not been convicted of, pled guilty to, or entered an Alford plea to a sex crime as defined in KRS 17.500;
- (b) Has <u>ninety (90)[sixty (60)]</u> days or less to serve on his or her sentence;
- (c) Has voluntarily participated in a discharge planning process with the department to address his or her:
- 1. Education;
- 2. Employment, technical, and vocational skills; and
- 3. Housing, medical, and mental health needs; and
- (d) Has needs that may be adequately met in the community where he or she will reside upon release.
- (2) A person who is placed under terms of home incarceration pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall remain in the custody of the Department of Corrections. Any unauthorized departure from the terms of home incarceration may be prosecuted as an escape pursuant to KRS Chapter 520 and shall result in the person being returned to prison.
- (3) The Department of Corrections shall promulgate administrative regulations to implement the provisions of this section."

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly concurs with the Branch with the following change:

The General Assembly deletes the Part XIV Home Incarceration provision and inserts the Home Incarceration provision as a new Part XXII.



## Part XXIII - Insurance Coverage Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill contains no language provision for the Insurance Coverage, Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXIII, Insurance Coverage, Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program, as follows:

"Section 1. As used in Sections 1 to 8 of this Part, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Consumer-driven health plan" means a health benefit plan, including a high deductible health plan as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 223(c)(2)(A), or a health reimbursement arrangement that meets the requirements of Internal Revenue Code, Notice 2002-45, 2002-2 C.B. 93;
- (2) "Eligible employer" or "employer" means an individual that employs two to 25 employees, a corporation, including a foreign corporation, other than a governmental entity, that employs one or more residents of the Commonwealth, or a corporation or an unincorporated entity that is exempt from taxation under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. sec. 501(c), as amended and in effect for the taxable year. An eligible employer must employ no more than 25 employees and meet the eligibility requirements set forth in administrative regulations promulgated by the office. The method of determining the number of employees an employer has and the amount and types of subsidies shall be determined by the office or a third-party administrator selected in accordance with Section 5 of this Part;
- (3) "Eligible employee" or "employee" means an employee of an eligible employer whose business is located in the Commonwealth, who has not attained age 65 or is Medicare eligible, and who meets the financial and other eligibility standards set forth in administrative regulations promulgated by the office;
  - (4) "Health risk assessment" means an assessment to prevent or minimize risk factors for disease and maintain wellness;
- (5) "High-cost condition" means a diagnosed specific list of conditions representing the top 20 high-cost conditions in the small group market;
  - (6) "ICARE Program participating insurer" means any insurer who offers a health benefit plan in the small group market;
  - (7) "Office" means the Office of Insurance; and
  - (8) "Qualified health benefit plan" means a health benefit plan as described in Section 3(2) of this Part.
- Section 2. (1) There is hereby created and established, under the supervision of the Office of Insurance, the Insurance Coverage, Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program, which is designed to make health insurance more affordable for small employer groups. The program shall be piloted for a four-year period in the small group market and shall be

## Part XXIII - Insurance Coverage Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program

limited to those employer groups with two to 25 employees, including small groups with two to 25 employees who are members of an employer-organized association.

- (2) All insurers that issue health benefit plans to employers with two to 25 employees, including employers participating in an employer-organized association, as a condition of doing business in Kentucky, shall be deemed an ICARE Program participating insurer.
- (3) The Office of Insurance may, subject to the provisions of this section, establish an employer health care incentive program for certain employers for the purpose of reducing the amount of contributions or payments made by those employers and employees toward the cost of qualified medical insurance and which shall consist of the following two programs:
- (a) An employer health care incentive program for the purpose of reducing the cost to employers and employees for providing qualified health benefit plan coverage under Section 3(2)(a) or (b) of this Part for an eligible employer with low-income employees if the eligible employer pays 50 percent or more of the premium cost of that qualified health benefit plan coverage and meets the insurers participation requirements as allowed under KRS 304.17A-200(3). The office may limit premium payments or enrollment under this program, to the extent funding is available. The ICARE Program shall be available to employer groups that have not provided employer-sponsored health benefit plan coverage to their employees within the previous 12 months; and
- (b) An employer health care incentive program for the purpose of reducing the cost to employers and employees for the purpose of obtaining or maintaining qualified health benefit plan coverage under Section 3(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this Part for an eligible employer and employees if the eligible employer pays 50 percent or more of the premium cost of that health benefit plan coverage and meets the insurers participation requirements as allowed under KRS 304.17A-200(3). The office may limit premium payments or enrollment under this program, to the extent funding is available. The ICARE Program shall be available to employer groups that have at least one employee with a high-cost condition. The office shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish a list of high-cost conditions for the ICARE Program.
- (4) In order for an eligible employer to qualify for the ICARE Program, the average annual salary of the employer group shall not exceed 300 percent of the federal poverty level. This shall not include the annual salary of any person with an ownership interest in the employer group.
- (5) The office shall promulgate administrative regulations to establish guidelines for determination of preference for employer groups based upon federal poverty level, eligibility criteria, health care incentive payment procedures, program participating insurer and employer reporting requirements, and administrative guidelines for the ICARE Program.
- Section 3. (1) Sections 1 to 8 of this Part shall not apply to an insurer that provides coverage solely to Medicaid recipients, Medicare beneficiaries, CHAMPUS insureds, or self-insured groups.
- (2) Each ICARE Program participating insurer shall offer at least three qualified health benefit plans to employers. A qualified health benefit plan shall be:

## Part XXIII - Insurance Coverage Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program

- (a) A consumer-driven health benefit plan, including a health reimbursement arrangement or health savings account;
- (b) A basic health benefit plan, as described in KRS 304.17A-096 and 304.17A-097; or
- (c) An enriched health benefit plan.
- (3) Each ICARE Program participating insurer shall offer at least one of each of the plans listed in subsection (2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section. These plans shall be subject to the provisions of KRS 304.17A-220.
- (4) An ICARE Program participating insurer shall conduct a health risk assessment for each employee enrolled in the ICARE Program and offer a wellness program, case management services, and disease management services.
- (5) On and after July 1, 2007, an insurer shall be required to offer a premium rate that includes a healthy lifestyle discount for employers participating in the ICARE Program.
- (6) A separate class of business may be established for health benefit plan rate filings offered under the ICARE Program in accordance with KRS 304.17A-0952(8)(b).
  - Section 4. (1) The amount of health care incentive paid shall be as follows:
- (a) Forty dollars per employee per month for eligible employers as defined in Section 2(3)(a) of this Part. The amount shall be reduced annually, at the time of renewal, in incremental rates of ten dollars; and
- (b) Sixty dollars per employee per month for eligible employers as defined in Section 2(3)(b) of this Part. The amount shall be reduced annually, at the time of renewal, in incremental rates of \$15.
- (2) The office may, in lieu of cash payments, issue to individuals vouchers or other documents certifying that the office will pay a specified amount for health benefit plan coverage under specified circumstances.
- (3) Any allocated surplus remaining in the ICARE Program shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year and be used for the ICARE Program in subsequent years through the end of the pilot period as provided for under Section 2(1) of this Part.
  - (4) The office may limit enrollment for the ICARE Program so not to exceed annual program funding.
- (5) A group shall be determined ineligible if the most recent coverage under any health benefit plan terminated or nonrenewed because of any of the following:
- (a) The group failed to pay premiums or contributions in accordance with the terms of the plan or the insurer had not received timely premium payments;
- (b) The group or any individual in the group performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud or made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the coverage; or
  - (c) The group or any individual engaged in intentional and abusive noncompliance with health benefit plan provisions.
- Section 5. (1) The office may select a third-party administrator to administer the ICARE Program. The third-party administrator shall be an administrator licensed under this chapter by the office. The office shall consider criteria in selecting a third-party administrator that shall include but not be limited to the following:

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- (a) A third-party administrator's proven ability to demonstrate performance of the following: eligibility determinations, enrollment, payment issuance, reconciliation processes, and data collection and reporting;
  - (b) The total cost to administer the ICARE Program;
- (c) A third-party administrator's proven ability to demonstrate that the ICARE Program be administered in a cost-efficient manner; and
  - (d) A third-party administrator's financial condition and stability.
- (2) In addition to any duties and obligations set forth in the contract with the third-party administrator, the third-party administrator shall:
- (a) Develop and establish policies and procedures for eligibility determinations, enrollment, payment issuance, reconciliation processes, data collection and reporting, and other responsibilities determined by the office;
- (b) Submit reports to the office regarding the operation and financial condition of the ICARE Program. The frequency, content, and form of the reports shall be determined by the office; and
  - (c) Submit a monthly and annual report to the office. Both reports shall include:
  - 1. Number of applicants;
  - 2. Enrolled employer groups by insurance company;
  - 3. Number of groups previously uninsured for a period of 12 months by insurance company;
  - 4. Average premium per group by insurance company;
  - 5. Number of groups eligible due to an individual with a high-cost condition by insurance company;
  - 6. Total amount of health care incentive paid listed by insurance company; and
  - 7. Any other information requested by the office.
- (3) The third-party administrator shall be paid for necessary and reasonable expenses as provided in the contract between the office and the third-party administrator.
- Section 6. (1) The office shall establish and maintain the ICARE Program fund. All funds shall be held at interest, in a single depository designated in accordance with KRS 304.8-090(1) under a written trust agreement in accordance with KRS 304.8-095. All expense and revenue transactions of the fund shall be posted to the Management Administrative Reporting System (MARS) and its successors; and
- (2) The office shall work with the Office of Health Policy within the Cabinet for Health and Family Services to review the availability of federal funds for the ICARE Program.
- Section 7. (1) The office may implement Sections 1 to 8 of this Part through arrangements with other agencies of the Commonwealth.

## Part XXIII - Insurance Coverage Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program

- (2) The provisions of this section shall not give rise to, nor be construed as giving rise to, enforceable legal rights for any party or an enforceable entitlement to benefits other than to the extent that such rights or entitlements exist pursuant to the administrative regulations of the executive director of insurance.
- Section 8. (1) Each insurer authorized to offer health benefit plans in the Commonwealth shall disclose the availability of the health insurance purchasing program as authorized in 42 U.S.C. sec. 1396e to eligible employer groups. In connection with the initial offering and renewal of any health benefit plan, an insurer shall make a disclosure as part of its solicitation, sales material, and renewal information of the availability of the ICARE Program;
- (2) The manner and content of the disclosure as described in subsection (1) of this section shall be established through promulgation of administrative regulations by the Office of Insurance in coordination with the Cabinet for Health and Family Services.
- Section 9. (1) All insurers as defined in KRS 304.17A-005(24) shall provide upon request to the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, by electronic means and in the format prescribed by the cabinet, information in accordance with KRS 205.623.
- (2) All information obtained by the cabinet pursuant to this section shall be confidential and shall not be open to public inspection.
- Section 10. Pursuant to terms and conditions of Subtitle 17A of KRS Chapter 304, the Commonwealth of Kentucky seeks to explore the feasibility of an Interstate Reciprocal Health Benefit Plan Compact (IRHBPC) with contiguous states to allow the residents of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the residents of contiguous states to purchase health benefit plan coverage among the states participating with the compact. The purposes of this compact are, through means of joint and cooperative action among the compacting states:
  - (1) To promote and protect the interest of consumers purchasing health benefit plan coverage;
- (2) To develop uniform minimum standards for health benefit plan products covered under the compact, while ensuring that the standards established in Kentucky law and regulation are maintained and protected;
- (3) To improve coordination of regulatory resources and expertise between state insurance departments regarding the setting of uniform minimum standards; and
- (4) To perform these and such other related functions as may be consistent with the state regulation of the business of insurance.
- Section 11. (1) The Office of Insurance shall conduct a study to determine the impact on the insured of being billed by health care providers for the amount between the health care provider's regular charges and the amount that the health care provider has agreed to through a contractual relationship with an insurer. The report based on the study shall include:
  - (a) Statistical information related to the prevalence of inappropriate billing to insured, by region; and
  - (b) Recommendations to prevent inappropriate billing by health care providers.

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- (2) The Office of Insurance shall submit the report on the study no later than December 31, 2006, to the Interim Joint Committee on Banking and Insurance, the Interim Joint Committee on Health and Welfare, the Interim Joint Committee on Licensing and Occupations, and the Governor.
- Section 12. Any insurer violating Section 9 of this Part shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) for each offense. Failure to respond to each request made by the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, as required under Section 9 of this Part, shall constitute a separate offense.
- Section 13. Notwithstanding KRS 304.17A.0952(8)(b), an insurer may establish a separate class of business to reflect substantial differences in expected claims experience or administrative cost because the insurer is offering a qualified health benefit plan under the ICARE Program pursuant to Section 3(3) of this Part.
- Section 14. Notwithstanding KRS 216.2921(1), the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall make every effort to make health data findings that can serve as a basis to educate consumers on the cost and quality of health care and providers for the purpose of improving patient morbidity and mortality outcomes available to the public, and state and local leaders in health policy, through the cost-effective and timely use of the media and the Internet and through distribution of the findings to health facilities and health-care providers for further dissemination to their patients.
- Section 15. Notwithstanding KRS 216.2923(2)(a), for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of KRS 216.2920 to 216.2929, the Secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall publish and make publicly available, pursuant to Section 18 of this Part, information on charges, quality, and outcomes of health care services provided, and information that relates to the health care financing and delivery system and health insurance premiums and benefits that is in the public interest.

Notwithstanding KRS 216.2923(2)(f), the cabinet advisory committee shall utilize the Health Services Data Advisory Committee as a subcommittee, which shall include a member of the Division of Women's Physical and Mental Health, to define quality outcome measurements and to advise the cabinet on technical matters including review of administrative regulations promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A, proper interpretation of the data, and the most cost-effective manner in which it should be published and disseminated to the public. The Health Services Data Advisory Committee shall review and make recommendations to the secretary's advisory committee regarding exploration of technical matters related to data from other health care providers. The committee shall make recommendations on methods for risk adjusting any data prepared and published by the cabinet.

Section 16. Notwithstanding KRS 216.2925(1), every hospital and ambulatory facility shall be required to report, on a quarterly basis, information regarding the charge for, quality, and outcomes of the procedures and health-care services performed therein, and as stipulated by administrative regulations promulgated pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A. The cabinet shall accept data which, at the option of the provider is submitted through a third party, including but not limited to organizations involved in the processing of claims for payment, so long as the data elements conform to the requirements established by the cabinet. On at least a biennial basis, the cabinet shall conduct a statistical survey that addresses the status of women's health, specifically including data on

## Part XXIII - Insurance Coverage Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program

patient age, ethnicity, geographic region, and payor sources. The cabinet shall rely on data from readily available reports and statistics whenever possible.

Notwithstanding KRS 216.2925(2), the cabinet shall require for quarterly submission to the cabinet by any group of providers, except for physicians providing services or dispensaries, first aid stations, or clinics located within business or industrial establishments maintained solely for the use of their employees, including those categories within the definition of provider contained in KRS 216.2920 and any further categories determined by the cabinet, as provided by cabinet promulgation of administrative regulations pursuant to KRS Chapter 13A, the following:

- (a) A list of medical conditions, health services, and procedures for which data on charge, quality, and outcomes shall be collected and published;
  - (b) A timetable for filing the information provided for under paragraph (a) above on a quarterly basis;
- (c) A list of data elements that are necessary to enable the cabinet to analyze and disseminate risk-adjusted charge, quality, and outcome information, including mortality and morbidity data;
  - (d) An acceptable format for data submission which shall include use of the uniform:
- 1. Health claim form pursuant to KRS 304.14-135 or any other universal health claim form to be determined by the cabinet, if in the form of hard copy; or
- 2. Electronic submission formats as required under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. Chapter 6A, sec. 300gg et seq., in the form of magnetic computer tape, computer diskettes, or other electronic media through an electronic network;
- (e) Procedures to allow health-care providers at least thirty (30) days to review information generated from any data required to be submitted by them, with any reports generated by the cabinet to reflect valid corrections by the provider before the information is released to the public; and
  - (f) Procedures pertaining to the confidentiality of data collected.

Notwithstanding KRS 216.2925(3), the data-gathering activities of the cabinet shall be coordinated with and not duplicative of other data-collection activities conducted by the Office of Insurance, as well as other state and national agencies and organizations that collect the same or substantially similar health-related service, utilization, quality, outcome, financial, or health-care personnel data, and shall review all administrative regulations promulgated pursuant to KRS 216.2920 to 216.2929 to prevent duplicate filing requirements. The cabinet shall periodically review the use of all data collected under KRS 216.2920 to 216.2929 to assure its use is consistent with legislative intent.

Notwithstanding KRS 216.2925(4), the cabinet shall conduct outcome analyses and effectiveness studies and prepare other reports pertaining to issues involving health-care charges and quality.

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Notwithstanding KRS 216.2925(7), the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall collect all data elements under this section using only the uniform health insurance claim form pursuant to KRS 304.14-135, the Professional 837 (ASC X12N 837) format or its successor as adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or the Institutional 837 (ASC X12N 837) format or its successor as adopted by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

Section 17. Notwithstanding KRS 216.2927(3), no less than 60 days after reports are published and except as otherwise provided, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall make all aggregate data which does not allow disclosure of the identity of any individual patient, and which was obtained for the annual period covered by the reports, available to the public. The Health Services Data Advisory Committee shall review at least annually current protocols related to the release of data referenced in this section and shall make recommendations to the cabinet advisory committee referenced in KRS 216.2923. Persons or organizations requesting use of these data shall agree to abide by a public use data agreement and by HIPAA privacy rules referenced in 45 C.F.R. 164. The public use data agreement shall include at a minimum:

- (a) A prohibition against the sale or further release of data; and
- (b) Guidelines for the use and analysis of the data released to the public related to provider quality, outcomes, or charges. Notwithstanding KRS 216.2925(3), the cabinet may impose a fee for providing electronic or multiple printed copies of the data.

Section 18. Notwithstanding KRS 216.2929(1), the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall make available on its Web site information on charges for health care services, which is updated at least annually, in understandable language with sufficient explanation to allow consumers to draw meaningful comparisons between every hospital and ambulatory facility in the Commonwealth, and other provider groups as relevant data become available. Any charge information compiled and reported by the cabinet shall include the median charge and other percentiles to describe the typical charges for all of the patients treated by a provider and the total number of patients represented by the charges, and shall be risk adjusted according to the recommendations of the Health Data Advisory Committee. The report shall clearly identify the sources of data used in the report and explain limitations of the data and why differences between provider charges may be misleading. Every provider that is specifically identified in any report shall be given 30 days to verify the accuracy of its data prior to public release and shall be afforded the opportunity to submit comments on its data that shall be included on the Web site and as part of any printed report of the data. The cabinet shall only provide linkages to organizations that publicly report comparative charge data for Kentucky providers using data for all patients treated regardless of payor source, which may be adjusted for outliers, is risk adjusted, and permits identified providers the opportunity to comment on their data and includes such comments on the Web site and as part of any printed report of the data.

The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall make information available on its Web site, describing quality and outcome measures, in understandable language with sufficient explanation to allow consumers to draw meaningful comparison between every hospital and ambulatory facility in the Commonwealth, and other provider groups as relevant data become available.

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- (a) The cabinet shall utilize only national quality indicators that have been endorsed and adopted by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the National Quality Forum, or the United States Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, or shall provide linkages only to the following organizations that publicly report quality and outcome measures on Kentucky providers:
  - 1. The United States Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services;
  - 2. The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality;
  - 3. The Joint Commission on the Accreditation of Health Care Organizations; and
- 4. Other organizations that publicly report relevant outcome data for Kentucky health care providers, as determined by the Health Services Data Advisory Committee.
  - (b) The cabinet shall utilize or refer the general public to only those nationally endorsed quality indicators that:
  - 1. Are based upon current scientific evidence or relevant national professional consensus; and
  - 2. Have definitions and calculation methods openly available to the general public at no charge.

Any report the cabinet disseminates or refers the public to shall:

- (a) Not include data for a provider whose caseload of patients is insufficient to make the data a reliable indicator of the provider's performance;
- (b) Afford providers specifically identified in the report 30 days to verify the accuracy of their data prior to the data's public release and the opportunity to submit comments on their data, which shall be included on the Web site and as part of any printed report of the data;
- (c) Clearly identify the sources of data used in the report and explain the analytical methods used in preparing the data included in the report; and
  - (d) Explain any limitations of the data and how the data should be used by consumers.
- Section 19. Notwithstanding KRS 304.17A-700, as used in KRS 304.17A-700 to 304.17A-730 and KRS 205.593, 304.14-135, and 304.99-123, "health care provider" or "provider" means a provider licensed in Kentucky as defined in KRS 304.17A-005 and, for the purposes of KRS 304.17A-700 to 304.17A-730 and KRS 205.593, 304.14-135, and 304.99-123 only, shall include physical therapists licensed under KRS Chapter 327, psychologists licensed under KRS Chapter 319, social workers licensed under KRS Chapter 335, and durable medical equipment dealers holding an active Medicare DME provider number. Nothing contained in KRS 304.17A-700 to 304.17A-730 and KRS 205.593, 304.14-135, and 304.99-123 shall be construed to include physical therapists, psychologists, social workers, and durable medical equipment dealers holding an active Medicare DME provider number as a health care provider or provider under KRS 304.17A-005.

Section 20. Notwithstanding KRS 304.17A-704, within five business days from the time of acknowledgment under KRS 304.17A.704(1)(a), an insurer, its agent, or designee shall notify the provider, its billing agent, or designee that submitted the claim

## Part XXIII - Insurance Coverage Affordability and Relief to Small Employers (ICARE) Program

electronically, of all information that is missing from the billing instrument, of any errors in the billing instrument, or of any other circumstances which preclude it from being a clean claim.

Notwithstanding KRS 304.17A-704(2), at the time of acknowledgment under paragraph (b) of KRS 304.17A-704(1), an insurer, its agent, or designee, shall notify the provider, its billing agent, or designee that submitted the claim, in writing, of all information that is missing from the billing instrument, any errors in the billing instrument, or of any other circumstances which preclude it from being a clean claim.

- Section 21. Notwithstanding KRS 304.17A-730(1), an insurer that fails to pay, deny, or settle a clean claim in accordance with KRS 304.17A-700 to 304.17A-730 and KRS 205.593, 304.14-135, and 304.99-123 shall pay interest according to the following schedule on the amount of the claim that remains unpaid:
- (a) For claims that are paid between one and 30 days from the date that payment was due under KRS 304.17A-702, interest at a rate of 12 percent per annum shall accrue from the date payment was due under KRS 304.17A-702; and
- (b) For claims that are paid more than 31 days from the date that payment was due under KRS 304.17A-702, interest at a rate of 14 percent per annum shall accrue from the date payment was due under KRS 304.17A-702.

Section 22. Sections 1 to 8 of this Part take effect January 1, 2007."

## Part XXIV - Pharmacy Scholarship Program

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to a Pharmacy Scholarship Program.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXIV, Pharmacy Scholarship Program, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is created to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 164 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) It is the intent of the General Assembly to establish a scholarship program to provide eligible Kentucky students the opportunity to attend an accredited school of pharmacy at a private four (4) year institution of higher education with a main campus located in an Appalachian Regional Commission county in the Commonwealth and become certified pharmacists in the Commonwealth.
- (2) The Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority may award scholarships, to the extent funds are available for that purpose, to persons who declare an intent to enroll in a Pharm.D. program at an institution in the Commonwealth and practice in the Commonwealth and who are eligible under subsection (3) of this section.
- (3) The authority may award scholarships to students who meet the following criteria:
  - (a) Kentucky residents who are United States citizens as determined by the institution in accordance with criteria established by the Council on Postsecondary Education for the purposes of admission and tuition assessment;
  - (b) Students who are enrolled or accepted for enrollment in an eligible program of study, on a full-time basis, or eligible students who have a disability defined by Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. secs.

    12131 et seq., certified by a licensed physician to be unable to attend the eligible program of study full-time because of the disability;
  - (c) Students who agree to render one (1) year of qualified service in the Commonwealth for each year the scholarship was awarded. "Qualified service" means a full-time practice in the Commonwealth of Kentucky as a licensed pharmacist for a majority of the calendar year, except that an individual having a disability defined by Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. secs. 12131 et seq., whose disability, certified by another licensed physician, prevents him or her from practicing full-time, shall be deemed to perform qualified service by practicing the maximum time permitted by the attending physician; and
  - (d) Students who sign a promissory note as evidence of the scholarship awarded and the obligation to repay the scholarship amount or render medical service as agreed in lieu of payment.

## Part XXIV - Pharmacy Scholarship Program

- (4) The amount of the scholarship awarded to an eligible student by the authority shall be equal to the difference between:
  - (a) The amount charged for in-state tuition at the University of Kentucky College of Pharmacy; and
  - (b) The prevailing amount charged for tuition at the institution in which the student is enrolled.
- (5) The authority shall require a promissory note to be executed by the student as evidence of the obligation. The recipient shall render one (1) year of qualified service for each year the scholarship was awarded. Upon completion of each year of qualified service, the authority shall cancel the appropriate number of promissory notes. Promissory notes shall be canceled by qualified service in the order in which the promissory notes were executed. Service credit shall not include residency service. In the event a recipient fails to complete an eligible program of study, or fails to render service as a pharmacist as agreed in subsection (3) of this section, the recipient shall be liable for the total repayment of the sum of all outstanding promissory notes and accrued interest.
- (6) A scholarship shall not be awarded or a promissory note cancellation shall not be granted to any person who is in default on any obligation to the authority under any program administered by the authority under KRS 164.740 to 164.785 until financial obligations to the authority are satisfied, except that ineligibility for this reason may be waived by the authority for cause.
- (7) A repayment obligation imposed by this section shall not be voidable by reason of the age of the recipient at the time of executing the promissory note.
- (8) Failure to meet repayment obligations imposed by this section shall be cause for the revocation of the scholarship recipient's license to practice pharmacy, subject to the procedures set forth in KRS Chapter 311.
- (9) Notwithstanding KRS 164.753(3), the authority shall establish by administrative regulation procedures or the terms of promissory notes from the administration of this program, including the execution of appropriate contracts and promissory notes, cancellation of the obligation, the rate of repayment and deferment of repayment of outstanding debt, and the priority of awarding scholarships if funds are insufficient to honor all requests.
- (10) Notwithstanding any other statute to the contrary, the maximum interest rate applicable to repayment of a promissory note under this section shall be twelve percent (12%) per annum, except that if a judgment is rendered to recover payment, the judgment shall bear interest at the rate of five percent (5%) greater than the rate actually charged on the promissory note.
- (11) (a) The Pharmacy Scholarship Program is hereby created as a special trust fund in the State Treasury administered by the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority for the purpose of providing funds for scholarships to eligible students studying pharmacy in schools in the Commonwealth.
  - (b) Funding shall be transferred to the special trust fund from the coal severance tax revenue levied under KRS 143.020 in an amount that permits each Kentucky resident eligible under subsection (3) of this section to be awarded a scholarship in the amount established under subsection (4) of this section. No more than four percent

## Part XXIV - Pharmacy Scholarship Program

- (4%) of the coal severance tax revenues levied under KRS 143.020 and collected annually shall be transferred to the trust fund. To the extent this appropriation and other funds are available, the authority shall award scholarships to all renewal applicants and eligible students in accordance with the formula for determining the amount of the scholarship award established in this section.
- (c) The trust fund may also receive state appropriations, gifts, and grants from public and private sources, and federal funds. Any unallotted or unencumbered balances in the trust fund shall be invested as provided in KRS 42.500(9).

  Income earned from the investments shall be credited to the trust fund. Any fund balance at the close of the fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year and continuously appropriated only for the purposes specified in this section. A general statement that all continuing appropriations are repealed, discontinued, or suspended shall not operate to repeal, discontinue, or suspend this fund or to repeal this action.
- (d) All moneys repaid to the authority under this section shall be added to the appropriations made for purposes of this section, and the funds and unobligated appropriations shall not lapse.
- (12) On or before August 1 of each year, sixty-five percent (65%) of the amount of funding provided in subsection (11)(b) of this section shall be transferred to the special trust fund, and the remaining thirty-five percent (35%) shall be transferred on or before December 1 of each year. The revenue transfers shall be based upon the revenue estimates prevailing at the time each transfer is due.
- (13) The calculation and transfer of funds under subsection (11) of this section shall be made only after the quarterly installment of the annual nineteen million dollars (\$19,000,000) allocation of coal severance tax revenues has been credited to the benefit reserve fund within the Workers' Compensation Funding Commission as required by KRS 342.122."



#### **Part XXV - Block Grants**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to "Block Grants".

## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXV, Block Grants, language provision as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 45.3511 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) State administering agencies shall not have continuation block grant application requests. Each application for a block grant shall be deemed a new application.
- (2) No state administering agency shall receive or expend any block grant or other funds included in a block grant application to a federal administering agency, which has not previously been specifically approved as a block grant by the General Assembly in the biennial budget process as having complied with the criteria specified in KRS 45.353, unless the application is found to be in compliance with the standards and criteria as prescribed in KRS 45.353, as well as the applicable federal and state laws.
- (3) If a county contains no incorporated area, that county shall be permitted to submit two (2) applications per year, one (1) as a county and one (1) as a city, for any block grant program or any category of a block grant program that provides funding on a competitive basis."



#### Part XXVI - Amusement Rides and Attractions

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to Amusement Rides and Attractions.

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXVI, Amusement Rides and Attractions, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 247.232 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 247.232 to 247.236:

- (1) "Amusement ride" means any mechanized device or combination of devices which carry passengers along, around, or over a fixed or restricted course for the purpose of giving its passengers amusement, pleasure, thrills, or excitement. "Amusement ride" does not include coin-operated amusement devices, unless designated by administrative regulation promulgated by the Commissioner; [, and] devices regulated by the Federal Aviation Administration, the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, <u>or</u> the federal railroad commission; [, and] vessels under the jurisdiction of the United States Coast Guard or the Kentucky Department of Fish and Wildlife Resources; <u>or other devices that may be designated by administrative regulation promulgated by the Commissioner;</u>
- "Amusement attraction" means any building or structure around, over, or through which people may walk, climb, slide, jump, or move that provides amusement, pleasure, thrills, or excitement. <u>Unless designated by administrative regulation promulgated by the Commissioner, "amusement["Amusement]</u> attraction" does not include tractor pulls; [,] auto or motorcycle events; [,] horse shows; [,] rodeos and other animal shows; [,] games and concessions; <u>or</u> [,] nonmechanical playground equipment, such as swings, seesaws, rider-propelled merry-go-rounds, stationary spring-mounted animal devices, and physical fitness equipment. <u>The Commissioner may</u>, [, unless designated] by administrative regulation, <u>designate other devises that are not included in the definition of "amusement attraction"</u> [promulgated by the Commissioner];
- (3) "Owner" means any person who owns an amusement ride or attraction; and
- (4) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Kentucky Department of Agriculture or his authorized representative. Section 2. KRS 247.234 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No amusement ride or attraction shall be operated in this state without a permit of operation issued by the Commissioner to the owner of the equipment. The permit shall be kept on site and viewable upon request.
- (2) (a) The permit of operation required by this section shall be valid for a period of one (1) year and shall be issued in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the Commissioner;

#### Part XXVI - Amusement Rides and Attractions

- (b) A permit shall be issued to each owner to operate any amusement ride or attraction in this state. An inspection fee, which shall be determined by administrative regulations promulgated by the Commissioner, [A fee of fifty dollars (\$50)] shall be levied for each amusement ride or attraction. The fee shall be based on the complexity of the ride or attraction and shall not be less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500). The cost of all inspections shall be paid by the owner of the amusement ride or attraction and may be prepaid, but shall be paid no later than the day of the inspection;
- (c) The applicant shall furnish proof of liability insurance in effect on the operation of each amusement ride or attraction providing coverage, with an insurer authorized to issue a policy in this state, in the amount of <u>not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000)</u>[three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000)] due to all bodily injuries or deaths per occurrence, or in lieu thereof, if the applicant's amusement ride or amusement attraction is one that is permanently located or erected on a site in this state, the applicant shall be required only to provide proof of <u>liability insurance in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)</u> or proof of financial responsibility in the sum of <u>five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000)</u>[one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000)]. Every insurance carrier of these policies shall notify the Commissioner at least thirty (30) days prior to cancellation of a policy for mobile amusement rides or attractions and at least ten (10) days prior to cancellation of a policy for permanent amusement rides or attractions. In addition to proof of adequate insurance coverage, the applicant shall furnish any other information the Commissioner may require, including, but not limited to, written notice of each intended operating site to be received by the Commissioner at least fourteen (14) days prior to operation at that site. In cases of emergency, notice of a change in future plans may be given to the Commissioner by telephone. Insurance requirements for amusement rides and attractions operated at the Kentucky State Fair may be adjusted by the Commissioner to any amount reasonably necessary to ensure adequate coverage;
- (d) The Commissioner shall provide for an inspection of each amusement ride or attraction before it may be operated in this state. The Commissioner shall designate persons qualified by education or experience, who are capable of determining amusement safety in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated in accordance with KRS 247.232 to 247.236, as amusement safety inspectors; and
- (e) A Kentucky inspection seal shall be affixed to every individual amusement ride or attraction, or other location as determined by the Commissioner, before it may be operated in this state.
- (3) (a) In addition to a mandatory initial inspection, required in subsection (2)(d) of this section, the Commissioner may inspect amusement rides and attractions without notice at any time while operating in this state. There will be no charge for additional inspections in which safety violations are not found. In regard to situations in which safety violations are found, the Commissioner may charge an inspection fee not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for any future inspection necessary. The corrections of these safety violations shall comply with accepted standards of safety, and shall be

#### Part XXVI - Amusement Rides and Attractions

- accomplished prior to operating the equipment in this state;
- (b) In regard to situations in which safety violations are found that cannot be corrected immediately, the amusement ride or attraction shall cease to operate in this state by order of the amusement safety inspector. In addition, the amusement safety inspector shall conspicuously post a public notice on or near the amusement ride or attraction. The notice shall adequately inform the public of the safety violation present. Only an amusement safety inspector employed by the department may remove the public notice;
- (c) Any owner who continues to operate an amusement ride or attraction after an order to cease operation has been issued shall have his permit of operation revoked and may be subject to further penalties provided in KRS 247.990 and this section. In addition, the county attorney of each county and the Commissioner of Agriculture or his agents are hereby authorized to seek an injunction against the owner or operator of any amusement ride or attraction being operated in violation of KRS 247.232 to 247.236; and
- (d) Revenue generated by this section shall be used for the implementation and administration of KRS 247.232 to 247.236; the balance, if any, shall *not lapse but shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year* [be paid into the general fund of this state].

Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this Part take effect January 1, 2007."



## Part XXVII - Judicial Branch Capital Projects Budget

## **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill did not include the Judicial Branch Capital Projects Budget.

## **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXVII, Judicial Branch Capital Projects Budget, as follows:

# 1. Local Facilities Projects

# a. Authorized Local Facilities Projects and Deferred Use Allowance

			Maximum Annualized	
Rank	Project	Project Scope	<b>Use Allowance</b>	Total Funds
001.	Campbell	29,284,000	2,621,000	4,886,000
002.	Wolfe	11,395,000	1,020,000	1,772,000
003.	Todd	9,537,000	854,000	1,469,000
004.	Garrard	11,598,000	1,038,000	1,793,000
005.	Franklin	29,114,000	2,606,000	4,701,000
006.	Hancock	11,715,000	1,049,000	1,793,000
007.	Mercer	11,963,000	1,071,000	1,929,000
008.	Russell	11,720,000	1,049,000	1,813,000
009.	Hopkins	20,492,000	1,834,000	3,305,000

## Part XXVII - Judicial Branch Capital Projects Budget

010.	Owen	11,471,000	1,027,000	1,791,000
011.	Breckinridge	11,481,000	1,027,600	1,756,000
012.	Fleming	11,536,000	1,033,000	1,778,000
013.	Whitley	18,901,000	1,692,000	2,953,000
014.	Monroe	11,207,000	1,003,000	1,710,000
015.	Rowan	13,044,000	1,168,000	2,024,000
016.	Pike	28,413,000	2,545,000	4,606,000
017.	Marion	11,781,000	1,055,000	1,821,000

(1) **Deferred Funding:** General Fund support to provide operating support totaling \$4,927,300, annualized use allowance payments totaling \$23,692,600, and non-recurring furniture and equipment costs totaling \$15,560,000, less offsetting payments made for existing facilities totaling \$2,279,600, for the above local facilities projects is deferred to the 2008-2010 fiscal biennium pending action of the 2008 General Assembly.

## 2. Local Facility Project – Additional Scope

a. Pendleton – Additional Scope 8,010,100 -0-

"3. Bond Refinancings: Any savings realized from bonds refinanced after November 1, 2005, associated with a court facility constructed or renovated after July 1, 1994, shall be shared by the local unit of government and the Court of Justice based on the proportional share of the original project costs borne by the local unit of government and the Court of Justice. The length of the term of the refinancing shall not extend beyond the original maturity date of the prior bonds.

The local unit of government may use the savings to make needed improvements to the court facility, if the annual lease payment of the state is not increased as a result of the refinancing. Improvements may consist of but are not limited to holding cells, additional parking, removing physical barriers in order to comply with the American Disabilities Act requirements, space additions for the holding of family court, and other needed improvements as determined by the local unit of government after consulting with the

## Part XXVII - Judicial Branch Capital Projects Budget

Administrative Office of the Courts.

Any debt obligations issued by or on behalf of a unit of government to finance a court facility leased to the Administrative Office of the Courts shall be publicly bid by the owner of the court facility in accordance with KRS 66.141."

The Governor of the Commonwealth vetoes, in part, the following:

Partial Veto #28 -

I, Ernie Fletcher, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 88 of the Kentucky Constitution, do hereby veto the following part:

Page 556, lines 10 through 12, in their entirety.

This part mandates that any debt obligation issued by or on behalf of a unit of government to finance a court facility leased to the Administrative Office of the Courts be publicly bid by the owner of the court facility. I am vetoing this part because it temporarily overrides an existing statute, KRS 66.141, that requires bonds to be publicly bid, but allows notes to be sold by either competitive bid or at private negotiated sale. The existing statute adequately provides the flexibility of either procurement approach for issuing notes, and leaves that decision to the local unit of government.

#### ADDITIONAL ACTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

House Bill 557, Section 92, provides the following: "On page 555 of 2006 Regular Session HB 380EN, after line 22, insert the following: b. An amount up to \$800,000 shall be allowed as a necessary government expense for use allowance, operating allowance, or furnishings if the Pendleton County Courthouse is completed during the biennium."



## Part XXVIII - Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXVIII, Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 36 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) The military family assistance trust fund is created as a separate revolving fund. The trust fund shall consist of grants, contributions, appropriations, or other moneys made available for the purpose of the trust fund.
- (2) Trust fund amounts not expended at the close of a fiscal year shall not lapse but shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year.
- (3) Any interest earnings of the trust fund shall become a part of the trust fund and shall not lapse.

  SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 36 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) (a) The Military Family Assistance Trust Fund Board is hereby created for the purpose of administering the trust fund created under Section 1 of this Part. The board shall be attached to the Department of Military Affairs for administrative purposes. The board shall be composed of six (6) members as follows:
  - 1. Three (3) members, expert in military family matters, appointed by the Governor;
  - 2. One (1) member, expert in military family matters, appointed by the President of the Senate;
  - 3. One (1) member, expert in military family matters, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
  - 4. The adjutant general who shall serve as a nonvoting member.
  - (b) Appointments referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall be made within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this Act.
- (2) The adjutant general, or a majority of the board members, shall arrange for the first board meeting as soon as possible after all board members are appointed, but no later than June 15, 2006.
- (3) Appointed board members shall serve without compensation but may receive reimbursement for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
- (4) The term of each appointed member shall be four (4) years.

## Part XXVIII - Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families

- (5) An appointed member whose term has expired may continue to serve until a successor is appointed and qualifies. A member who is appointed to an unexpired term shall serve the rest of the term and until a successor is appointed and qualifies. A member may serve two (2) consecutive four (4) year terms and shall not be reappointed for four (4) years after the completion of those terms.
- (6) A majority of the full membership of the board shall constitute a quorum.
- (7) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, at the first meeting, the board shall elect, by majority vote, a president who shall preside at all meetings and coordinate the functions and activities of the board. The president shall be elected or reelected each calendar year thereafter.
  - (b) The adjutant general shall not serve as the president of the board.
- (8) The board shall meet at least two (2) times annually but may meet more frequently, as deemed necessary, subject to call by the president or by request of a majority of the board members.
  - SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 36 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) During active duty of a regular member of the United States Armed Forces deployed outside the United States who names

  Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, or any federal active duty of a member of a state National Guard or a

  Reserve component, who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, and for ninety (90) days following the
  end of deployment outside the United States or deactivation, as appropriate, trust fund moneys shall be used to support:
  - (a) The person who names Kentucky Home of Record for military purposes;
  - (b) The person's Kentucky resident spouse; and
  - (c) The person's dependent or dependents.
- (2) An application for a trust fund grant may be filed by the member who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes or his or her Kentucky resident spouse. The application shall be accompanied by an appropriate authorization to access personnel information contained in the military database Defense Enrollment Reporting System (DEERS) for verification purposes.
- (3) Subject to the availability of trust fund moneys, the adjutant general shall award a grant to an applicant if that person's application is need-based, and the amount of the grant does not exceed the dollar cap established by the board through the promulgation of administrative regulations. An application shall be need-based if:
  - (a) Funds are requested for necessary expenses incurred, or to be incurred. Necessary expenses shall include but not be limited to:
    - 1. Housing;
    - 2. Utilities:
    - 3. Groceries;

## Part XXVIII - Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families

- 4. Health insurance copay; and
- 5. Child care;
- (b) The necessary expenses created, or will create, an undue hardship on a person referred to in subsection (1) of this section;
- (c) The undue hardship is directly related to the member's deployment outside the United States or federal active duty, as appropriate;
- (d) The applicant does not have reasonable access to any other funding source, whether public or private; and
- (e) The military family assistance trust fund is the last resort.
- (4) (a) The adjutant general shall award or decline to award a grant within sixty (60) days of receiving an application.
  - (b) If the adjutant general awards or declines to award a grant, he or she shall state in writing the reason for the decision and keep the writing on file.
  - (c) If the adjutant general declines to award a grant, he or she shall provide the applicant with a copy of the writing referred to in paragraph (b) of this subsection. In addition, if the adjutant general declines to award a grant due to the availability of public or private funds, the adjutant general shall identify the source of available funds for the applicant and provide assistance with regard to seeking funds from that source.
- (5) No later than August 15, 2006, the Military Family Assistance Trust Fund Board shall promulgate emergency administrative regulations to carry out the provisions of this section. These emergency regulations shall, at a minimum, enhance administrative efficiency and limit the dollar amount that a person may receive in grants per twelve (12) month period.

  SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 36 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Each year between August 15 and September 1, the Military Family Assistance Trust Fund Board shall provide a written report to the Governor, the Legislative Research Commission, and the Interim Joint Committee on Seniors, Veterans, Military Affairs, and Public Protection. The written report shall provide:</u>

- (1) The board's activities during the previous fiscal year;
- (2) What moneys were spent out of the military family assistance trust fund for what purposes;
- (3) The amount of money left in the fund; and
- (4) Any recommendations for future initiatives with regard to the trust fund and its administration.

  SECTION 5. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 36 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) The Department of Military Affairs shall establish a Mission: Welcome Home Program to ensure that a supportive community shall meet every member of a state National Guard, who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, returning from federal active duty.
- (2) The department shall employ any appropriate means to carry out Mission: Welcome Home, including but not limited to:

## Part XXVIII - Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families

- (a) Providing every returning member of a state National Guard, who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, with a Mission: Welcome Home packet that states what will be done to help the member as he or she rejoins his or her Kentucky life;
- (b) Identifying a veteran who will serve as the contact for the returning member and his or her family with regard to Mission: Welcome Home and other benefits and services; and
- (c) Identifying National Guard members, veterans, civilians, businesses, and community organizations willing to provide hands-on assistance to the returning member and his or her family with regard to establishing or reestablishing a career and reentering civilian life.
- SECTION 6. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 36 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) The Kentucky Department of Military Affairs shall establish procedures to assist the spouses of military personnel acquiring and obtaining professional and occupational licenses, certificates, registrations, permits, or other credentials. A person shall be eligible for assistance under this section if he or she is the spouse of a member of the United States Armed Forces, including a member of a state's National Guard or Reserve on federal active duty who moves into Kentucky when the member of the United States Armed Forces is reassigned by the military. The department shall:
  - (a) Establish a process by which the department shall verify whether or not the military spouse has relocated because of the reassignment of his or her spouse by the military;
  - (b) Work directly with other states, testing providers, and organizations issuing credentials to accelerate the application process for obtaining state licenses, certifications, registrations, or permits. To fulfill this directive, the department shall seek input from and disseminate information to state agencies and credentialing boards on ways to accelerate the process by which eligible military spouses moving into the Commonwealth may obtain the credentials required for occupational and professional credentialing as expeditiously as possible; and
  - (c) Coordinate the activities of other state agencies and credentialing boards to establish a clearinghouse by which information on obtaining licenses, certificates, registration, and permits may be accessed. In coordinating the information, the department shall compile information from other state agencies and credentialing boards on the occupations and professions requiring a state permit, registration, certification, license, or other qualifying document and the name, telephone number, and address of a contact person for each such occupation or profession.
- (2) Any state agency or credentialing board issuing permits, registrations, certificates, or licenses that are a prerequisite to a person engaging in an occupation or profession shall assist the Kentucky Department of Military Affairs in expediting the application process for such permits, registrations, certificates, or licenses for military spouses who come into Kentucky because their spouses are reassigned by the military.

## Part XXVIII - Omnibus Assistance to Veterans and Military Families

(3) The department shall prepare and issue an annual report on its activities in meeting the directives of this section by June 1 of each year. A copy of the report shall be submitted to the Interim Joint Committee on Licensing and Occupations and the Interim Joint Committee on Seniors, Veterans, Military Affairs, and Public Protection.

Section 7. KRS 198A.040 is amended to read as follows:

The corporation shall have all of the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this chapter including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the power:

- (1) To make or participate in the making of insured construction loans to sponsors of land development or residential housing; provided, however, that such loans shall be made only upon the determination by the corporation that construction loans have been refused in writing, wholly or in part, from private lenders in the Commonwealth of Kentucky upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
- (2) To make or participate in the making of insured mortgage loans to sponsors of residential housing; provided, however, that such loans shall be made only upon the determination by the corporation that mortgage loans have been refused in writing, wholly or in part, from private lenders in the Commonwealth of Kentucky upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
- (3) To purchase or participate in the purchase of insured mortgage loans made to sponsors of residential housing or to persons of lower and moderate income for residential housing; provided, however, that any such purchase shall be made only upon the determination by the corporation that mortgage loans have been refused in writing, wholly or in part, from private lenders in the Commonwealth of Kentucky upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
- (4) To make temporary loans from the housing development fund;
- (5) To collect and pay reasonable fees and charges in connection with making, purchasing and servicing its loans, notes, bonds, commitments, and other evidences of indebtedness:
- (6) To acquire real property, or any interest therein, by purchase, foreclosure, lease, sublease, or otherwise; to own, manage, operate, hold, clear, improve, and rehabilitate such real property; and to sell, assign, exchange, transfer, convey, lease, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of or encumber such real property where such use of real property is necessary or appropriate to the purpose of the Kentucky Housing Corporation;
- (7) To sell, at public or private sale, all or any part of any mortgage or other instrument or document securing a construction, land development, mortgage, or temporary loan of any type permitted by this chapter;
- (8) To procure insurance against any loss in connection with its operations in such amounts, and from such insurers, as it may deem necessary or desirable;
- (9) To consent, whenever it deems it necessary or desirable in the fulfillment of its corporate purposes, to the modification of the rate of interest, time of payment of any installment of principal or interest, or any other terms of any mortgage loan, mortgage loan commitment, construction loan, temporary loan, contract, or agreement of any kind to which the corporation is a party;

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- (10) To acquire, establish, operate, lease, and sublease residential housing for persons and families of lower and moderate income and to enter into agreements or other transactions with any federal, state, or local governmental agency for the purpose of providing adequate living quarters for such persons and families in cities and counties where a need has been found for such housing and where no local housing authorities or other organizations exist to fill such need;
- (11) To include in any borrowing such amounts as may be deemed necessary by the corporation to pay financing charges, interest on the obligations for a period not exceeding two (2) years from their date, consultant, advisory, and legal fees and such other expenses as are necessary or incident to such borrowing;
- (12) To make and publish rules and regulations respecting its lending programs and such other rules and regulations as are necessary to effectuate its corporate purposes;
- (13) To provide technical and advisory services to sponsors of residential housing and to residents and potential residents thereof, including but not limited to, housing selection and purchase procedures, family budgeting, property use and maintenance, household management, and utilization of community resources;
- (14) To promote research and development in scientific methods of constructing low cost residential housing of high durability;
- (15) To encourage community organizations to participate in residential housing development;
- (16) To make, execute, and effectuate any and all agreements or other documents with any governmental agency or any person, corporation, association, partnership, or other organization or entity, necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter;
- (17) To accept gifts, devises, bequests, grants, loans, appropriations, revenue sharing, other financing and assistance, and any other aid from any source whatsoever and to agree to, and to comply with, conditions attached thereto;
- (18) To sue and be sued in its own name, plead and be impleaded;
- (19) To maintain an office in the city of Frankfort and at such other place or places as it may determine;
- (20) To adopt an official seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- (21) To adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business and to prescribe rules, regulations, and policies in connection with the performance of its functions and duties;
- (22) To employ fiscal consultants, engineers, attorneys, real estate counselors, appraisers, and such other consultants and employees as may be required in the judgment of the corporation and to fix and pay their compensation from funds available to the corporation therefor, provided that any personal service contracts entered into shall be subject to review by the Government Contract Review Committee of the Legislative Research Commission;
- (23) To invest any funds held in reserve or in sinking fund accounts or any moneys not required for immediate disbursement in obligations guaranteed by the Commonwealth, the United States, or their agencies or instrumentalities; provided, however, that the return on such investments shall not violate any rulings of the Internal Revenue Service regarding the investment of the proceeds of any federally tax exempt bond issue;

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- (24) To make or participate in the making of rehabilitation loans to the sponsors or owners of residential housing; provided, however, that any such rehabilitation loan shall be made only upon the determination by the corporation that the rehabilitation loan was not otherwise available wholly or in part from private lenders upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions;
- (25) To insure or reinsure construction, mortgage, and rehabilitation loans on residential housing; provided, however, that any such insurance, reinsurance, or waiver shall be made only upon the determination by the corporation:
  - (a) That such insurance or reinsurance is not otherwise available wholly or in part from private insurers upon reasonably equivalent terms and conditions; and
  - (b) That such loan is a reasonably sound business investment; and provided further that insurance may be waived only where the corporation finds that the amount of the loan does not exceed eighty-five percent (85%) of the development costs, or eighty-five percent (85%) of the value of the property secured by the mortgage as determined by at least two (2) appraisers who are independent of the sponsors, builders, and developers;
- (26) To make grants from appropriated funds, agency and trust funds, and any other funds from any source available to the corporation, to sponsors, municipalities, local housing authorities, and to owners of residential housing for the development, construction, rehabilitation, or maintenance of residential housing and such facilities related thereto as corporation shall deem important for a proper living environment, all on such terms and conditions as may be deemed appropriate by the corporation;
- (27) To make periodic grants to reduce principal and interest payments on mortgages or rentals payable by persons and families of lower and moderate income; and
- (28) (a) To make a grant to reduce principal and interest payments on a mortgage or a rental payable by a member of a state

  National Guard or a Reserve component, who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, during that
  member's federal active duty. To qualify for a grant, a member of a state National Guard or a Reserve component shall
  meet reasonable standards established by the corporation, including having family income equal to or less than two
  hundred percent (200%) of the state or area median income; and
  - (b) To provide a member of a state National Guard or a Reserve component, who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, and that member's Kentucky resident spouse with the educational, technical, and ombudsman services that are necessary to maintain a mortgage during that member's federal active duty.

The Kentucky Housing Corporation shall be exempt from the regulations of the Office of Insurance and the laws of the Commonwealth relating thereto.

Section 8. KRS 18A.190 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) State offices shall be closed and state employees shall be given a holiday on the following days:
  - (a) The first day of January plus one (1) extra day;
  - (b) The third Monday in January;

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- (c) Good Friday, one-half (1/2) day;
- (d) The last Monday in May;
- (e) The fourth day of July;
- (f) The first Monday in September;
- (g) The eleventh day of November;
- (h) Presidential election day as required under KRS 2.190;
- (i) The fourth Thursday in November plus one (1) extra day; and
- (j) The twenty-fifth day of December plus one (1) extra day.
- When any of the days enumerated in subsection (1) falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be observed as the holiday, and when any of the days enumerated in subsection (1) falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be observed as the holiday. When one (1) extra day is mentioned in paragraphs (a), (i) and (j) of subsection (1), the Governor shall designate the extra day.
- (3) Any state employee who is the spouse of a member of the United States Armed Forces, including a member of a state

  National Guard or a Reserve component on federal active duty, shall receive, at the discretion of the state employee, one (1)

  day off, with pay, from work when the member is deployed and one (1) day off, with pay, from work when the member returns
  from deployment.
- (4) The holidays set out in this section are in addition to vacation leave and other benefits of state employees. Section 9. KRS 159.035 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other statute, any student in a public school who is enrolled in a properly organized 4-H club shall be considered present at school for all purposes when participating in regularly scheduled 4-H club educational activities, provided, the student is accompanied by or under the supervision of a county extension agent or the designated 4-H club leader for the 4-H club educational activity participated in.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this subsection, a public school principal shall give a student an excused absence of up to ten (10) school days to pursue an educational enhancement opportunity determined by the principal to be of significant educational value, including but not limited to participation in an educational foreign exchange program or an intensive instructional, experiential, or performance program in one (1) of the core curriculum subjects of English, science, mathematics, social studies, foreign language, and the arts.
  - (a) A student receiving an excused absence under this subsection shall have the opportunity to make up school work missed and shall not have his or her class grades adversely affected for lack of class attendance or class participation due to the excused absence.
  - (b) Educational enhancement opportunities under this subsection shall not include nonacademic extracurricular activities,

- but may include programs not sponsored by the school district.
- (c) If a request for an excused absence to pursue an educational enhancement opportunity is denied by a school principal, a student may appeal the decision to the district superintendent, who shall make a determination whether to uphold or alter the decision of the principal. If a superintendent upholds a principal's denial, a student may appeal the decision to the local board of education, which shall make a final determination. A principal, superintendent, and local board of education shall make their determinations based on the provisions of this subsection and the district's school attendance policies adopted in accordance with KRS 158.070 and KRS 159.150.
- d) A student receiving an excused absence under the provisions of this subsection shall be considered present in school during the excused absence for the purposes of calculating average daily attendance as defined by KRS 157.320 under the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky program.
- (e) A student shall not be eligible to receive an excused absence under the provisions of this subsection for an absence during a school's testing window established for assessments of the Commonwealth Accountability Testing System under KRS 158.6453 or during a testing period established for the administration of additional district-wide assessments at the school, except if a principal determines that extenuating circumstances make an excused absence to pursue an educational enhancement opportunity appropriate.
- (3) (a) If a student's parent, de facto custodian, or other person with legal custody or control of the student is a member of the United States Armed Forces, including a member of a state National Guard or a Reserve component called to federal active duty, a public school principal shall give the student:
  - 1. An excused absence for one (1) day when the member is deployed; and
  - 2. An additional excused absence for one (1) day when the service member returns from deployment.
  - (b) A student receiving an excused absence under this subsection shall have the opportunity to make up school work missed and shall not have his or her class grades adversely affected for lack of class attendance or class participation due to the excused absence.
  - (c) A student receiving an excused absence under this subsection shall be considered present in school during the excused absence for the purposes of calculating average daily attendance as defined by KRS 157.320 under the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky program.
  - Section 10. KRS 403.340 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, "custody" means sole or joint custody, whether ordered by a court or agreed to by the parties.
- (2) No motion to modify a custody decree shall be made earlier than two (2) years after its date, unless the court permits it to be made on the basis of affidavits that there is reason to believe that:
  - (a) The child's present environment may endanger seriously his physical, mental, moral, or emotional health; or

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- (b) The custodian appointed under the prior decree has placed the child with a de facto custodian.
- (3) If a court of this state has jurisdiction pursuant to the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act, the court shall not modify a prior custody decree unless after hearing it finds, upon the basis of facts that have arisen since the prior decree or that were unknown to the court at the time of entry of the prior decree, that a change has occurred in the circumstances of the child or his custodian, and that the modification is necessary to serve the best interests of the child. When determining if a change has occurred and whether a modification of custody is in the best interests of the child, the court shall consider the following:
  - (a) Whether the custodian agrees to the modification;
  - (b) Whether the child has been integrated into the family of the petitioner with consent of the custodian;
  - (c) The factors set forth in KRS 403.270(2) to determine the best interests of the child;
  - (d) Whether the child's present environment endangers seriously his physical, mental, moral, or emotional health;
  - (e) Whether the harm likely to be caused by a change of environment is outweighed by its advantages to him; and
  - (f) Whether the custodian has placed the child with a de facto custodian.
- (4) In determining whether a child's present environment may endanger seriously his physical, mental, moral, or emotional health, the court shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to:
  - (a) The interaction and interrelationship of the child with his parent or parents, his de facto custodian, his siblings, and any other person who may significantly affect the child's best interests;
  - (b) The mental and physical health of all individuals involved;
  - (c) Repeated or substantial failure, without good cause as specified in KRS 403.240, of either parent to observe visitation, child support, or other provisions of the decree which affect the child, except that modification of custody orders shall not be made solely on the basis of failure to comply with visitation or child support provisions, or on the basis of which parent is more likely to allow visitation or pay child support;
  - (d) If domestic violence and abuse, as defined in KRS 403.720, is found by the court to exist, the extent to which the domestic violence and abuse has affected the child and the child's relationship to both parents.
- (5) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, any court-ordered modification of a child custody decree, based in whole or in part on:
  - The active duty of a parent or a de facto custodian as a regular member of the United States Armed Forces deployed outside the United States; or
  - 2. Any federal active duty of a parent or a de facto custodian as a member of a state National Guard or a Reserve component;

shall be temporary and shall revert back to the previous child custody decree at the end of the deployment outside the United States or the federal active duty, as appropriate.

- (b) A parent or de facto custodian identified in paragraph (a) of this subsection may consent to a modification of a child custody decree that continues past the end of the deployment outside the United States or the federal active duty, as appropriate.
- (6) Attorney fees and costs shall be assessed against a party seeking modification if the court finds that the modification action is vexatious and constitutes harassment.
  - Section 11. KRS 341.370 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A worker shall be disqualified from receiving benefits for the duration of any period of unemployment with respect to which:
  - (a) He has failed without good cause either to apply for available, suitable work when so directed by the employment office or the secretary or to accept suitable work when offered him, or to return to his customary self-employment when so directed by the secretary; or
  - (b) He has been discharged for misconduct or dishonesty connected with his most recent work, or from any work which occurred after the first day of the worker's base period and which last preceded his most recent work, but legitimate activity in connection with labor organizations or failure to join a company union shall not be construed as misconduct; or
  - (c) He has left his most recent suitable work or any other suitable work which occurred after the first day of the worker's base period and which last preceded his most recent work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the employment. No otherwise eligible worker shall be disqualified from receiving benefits for:
    - <u>1.</u> Leaving his next most recent suitable work which was concurrent with his most recent work; [, or for]
    - 2. Leaving work which is one hundred (100) road miles or more, as measured on a one (1) way basis, from his home to accept work which is less than one hundred (100) road miles from his home; [, or for otherwise]
    - 3. Accepting work which is a bona fide job offer with a reasonable expectation of continued employment; or
    - 4. a. Leaving work to accompany the worker's spouse to a different state when the spouse is reassigned by the military.
      - b. Subdivision a. of this subparagraph shall apply only if the state of relocation has adopted a statute substantially similar to that subdivision.
- (2) A worker shall be disqualified from receiving benefits for any week with respect to which he knowingly made a false statement to establish his right to or the amount of his benefits, and, within the succeeding twenty-four (24) months, for the additional weeks immediately following the date of discovery, not to exceed a total of fifty-two (52), as may be determined by the secretary.
- (3) No worker shall be disqualified under paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection (1) of this section unless the employer, within a reasonable time as prescribed by regulations promulgated by the secretary, notifies the Cabinet for Workforce Development and

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the worker in writing of the alleged voluntary quitting or the discharge for misconduct. Nothing in this subsection shall restrict the right of the secretary to disqualify a worker whose employer has refused or failed to notify the Cabinet for Workforce Development of the alleged voluntary quitting or discharge for misconduct, if the alleged voluntary quitting or discharge for misconduct is known to the secretary prior to the time benefits are paid to the worker. The exercise of the right by the secretary, in the absence of timely notice from the employer, shall not relieve the employer's reserve account or reimbursing employer's account of benefit charges under the provisions of subsection (3) of KRS 341.530.

- (4) As used in this section and in subsection (3) of KRS 341.530, "most recent" work shall be construed as that work which occurred after the first day of the worker's base period and which last preceded the week of unemployment with respect to which benefits are claimed; except that, if the work last preceding the week of unemployment was seasonal, intermittent, or temporary in nature, most recent work may be construed as that work last preceding the seasonal, intermittent, or temporary work.
- (5) No worker shall be disqualified or held ineligible under the provisions of this section or KRS 341.350, who is separated from employment pursuant to a labor management contract or agreement, or pursuant to an established employer plan, program, or policy, which permits the employer to close the plant or facility for purposes of vacation or maintenance.
- (6) "Discharge for misconduct" as used in this section shall include but not be limited to, separation initiated by an employer for falsification of an employment application to obtain employment through subterfuge; knowing violation of a reasonable and uniformly enforced rule of an employer; unsatisfactory attendance if the worker cannot show good cause for absences or tardiness; damaging the employer's property through gross negligence; refusing to obey reasonable instructions; reporting to work under the influence of alcohol or drugs or consuming alcohol or drugs on employer's premises during working hours; conduct endangering safety of self or co-workers; and incarceration in jail following conviction of a misdemeanor or felony by a court of competent jurisdiction, which results in missing at least five (5) days work.
- (7) "Duration of any period of unemployment," as that term is used in this section, shall be the period of time beginning with the worker's discharge, voluntary quitting, or failure to apply for or accept suitable work and running until the worker has worked in each of ten (10) weeks, whether or not consecutive, and has earned ten (10) times his weekly benefit rate in employment covered under the provisions of this chapter or a similar law of another state or of the United States.

  Section 12. KRS 61.315 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, "police officer" means every paid police officer, sheriff, or deputy sheriff, corrections employee with the power of a peace officer pursuant to KRS 196.037, any auxiliary police officer appointed pursuant to KRS 95.445, or any citation or safety officer appointed pursuant to KRS 83A.087 and 83A.088, elected to office, or employed by any county, airport board created pursuant to KRS Chapter 183, city, or by the state; "firefighter" means every paid firefighter or volunteer firefighter who is employed by or volunteers his services to the state, airport board created pursuant to KRS Chapter 183, any county, city, fire district, or any other organized fire department recognized, pursuant to KRS 95A.262, as a fire department

- operated and maintained on a nonprofit basis in the interest of the health and safety of the inhabitants of the Commonwealth and shall include qualified civilian firefighters employed at Kentucky-based military installations.
- (2) The spouse of any police officer, sheriff, deputy sheriff, corrections employee with the power of a peace officer pursuant to KRS 196.037, any auxiliary police officer appointed pursuant to KRS 95.445, or any citation or safety officer appointed pursuant to KRS 83A.087 and 83A.088, firefighter, or member of the Kentucky National Guard on state active duty pursuant to KRS 38.030, or a member of a state National Guard or a Reserve component on federal active duty who names Kentucky as Home of Record for military purposes, whose death occurs on or after July 1, 2002, as a direct result of an act in the line of duty shall receive a lump-sum payment of eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000) [seventy five thousand dollars (\$75,000)] if there are no surviving children, which sum shall be paid by the State Treasurer from the general expenditure fund of the State Treasury. If there are surviving children and a surviving spouse, the payment shall be made to the surviving children, eighteen (18) or more years of age. For surviving children less than eighteen (18) years of age, the State Treasurer shall:
  - (a) Pay thirty-five[thirty] thousand dollars (\$35,000)[(\$30,000)] to the surviving children; and
  - (b) Hold forty-five thousand dollars (\$45,000) in trust divided into equal accounts at appropriate interest rates for each surviving child until the child reaches the age of eighteen (18) years.
  - If a child dies before reaching the age of eighteen (18) years, his account shall be paid to his estate. If there are no surviving children, the payment shall be made to any parents of the deceased.
- (3) The Commission on Fire Protection Personnel Standards and Education shall be authorized to promulgate administrative regulations establishing criteria and procedures applicable to the administration of this section as it pertains to both paid and volunteer firefighters, including, but not limited to, defining when a firefighter has died in line of duty. Administrative hearings promulgated by administrative regulation under authority of this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- (4) The Justice Cabinet may promulgate administrative regulations establishing criteria and procedures applicable to the administration of this section as it pertains to police officers, including, but not limited to, defining when a police officer has died in line of duty. Administrative hearings promulgated by administrative regulation under authority of this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B.
- (5) The Department of Corrections shall promulgate administrative regulations establishing the criteria and procedures applicable to the administration of this section as it pertains to correctional employees, including, but not limited to, defining which employees qualify for coverage and which circumstances constitute death in the line of duty.

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- (6) The benefits payable under this section shall be in addition to any benefits now or hereafter prescribed under any police, sheriff, firefighter's, volunteer firefighter's, or National Guard <u>or Reserve</u> retirement or benefit fund established by the federal government or by any state, county, or any municipality.
- (7) Any funds appropriated for the purpose of paying the death benefits described in subsection (2) of this section shall be allotted to a self-insuring account. These funds shall not be used for the purpose of purchasing insurance.

  SECTION 13. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 40 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

No later than June 30, 2008, the Kentucky Department of Veterans' Affairs shall employ no fewer than five (5) veterans' benefits regional administrators and no fewer than twenty (20) veterans' benefits field representatives.

- (1) The duties of a veterans' benefits regional administrator shall include but not be limited to supervision of veterans' benefits field representatives in an assigned region and representation of veterans in administrative hearings and before the Board of Veterans' Appeals.
- (2) The duties of a veterans' benefits field representative shall include but not be limited to providing assistance to veterans and their dependents with initiation, preparation, documentation, and adjudication of claims to benefits under federal, state, or local laws.
  - Section 14. KRS 186.020 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Before the owner of a motor vehicle, other than a motor vehicle engaged in the transportation of passengers for hire operating under a certificate of convenience and necessity, may operate it or permit its operation upon a highway, the owner shall apply for registration in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the cabinet, except that a person who purchases a motor vehicle, or brings a motor vehicle into the Commonwealth from another state shall make application for registration within fifteen (15) days. The bill of sale or assigned title must be in the motor vehicle during this fifteen (15) day period. If the owner of a motor vehicle is an individual and resides in the Commonwealth, the motor vehicle shall be registered with the county clerk of the county in which he resides. If the owner of a motor vehicle is principally operated. If the owner of a motor vehicle is other than an individual and resides in the Commonwealth, the motor vehicle shall be registered with the county clerk of either county. The application when presented to the county clerk for registration shall be accompanied by:
  - (a) A bill of sale and a manufacturer's certificate of origin if the application is for the registration of a new motor vehicle;
  - (b) The owner's registration receipt, if the motor vehicle was last registered in this state;
  - (c) A bill of sale and the previous registration receipt, if last registered in another state where the law of that state does not require the owner of a motor vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;
  - (d) A certificate of title, if last registered in another state where the law of that state requires the owner of a motor vehicle to obtain a certificate of title or ownership;

- (e) An affidavit from an officer of a local government saying that the motor vehicle has been abandoned and that the provisions of KRS 82.630 have been complied with, for local governments which elect to use the provisions of KRS 82.600 to 82.640; and
- (f) The application from a person who has brought a motor vehicle into the Commonwealth from another state shall be accompanied by proof that the motor vehicle is insured in compliance with KRS 304.39-080.
- (2) After that, <u>except as provided in subsection (6) of this section</u>, the owner of any motor vehicle registered under KRS 186.050(1) or (2) shall register his motor vehicle on or before the date on which his certificate of registration expires. If, before operating the motor vehicle in this state, the owner registers it at some later date and pays the fee for the full year, he will be deemed to have complied with the law. Insofar as the owner is concerned, registration with the clerk shall be deemed to be registration with the cabinet.
- (3) After that, the owner of any commercial vehicle registered under KRS 186.050(3) to (14) shall register his commercial vehicle on or before April 1 of each year. If, before operating a commercial vehicle in this state, the owner registers it at some later date and pays the required fee, he will be deemed to have complied with the law. Insofar as the owner is concerned, registration with the clerk shall be deemed to be registration with the cabinet, except the owner of any commercial motor vehicle to be registered pursuant to the International Registration Plan under KRS 186.050(13) shall register his commercial motor vehicles on or before the last day of the month of registration established pursuant to KRS 186.051(3).
- (4) The application and documents presented therewith, including the sheriff's certificate of inspection, shall be affixed to the Transportation Cabinet copy of the certificate of title or registration and sent to the Transportation Cabinet by the clerk.
- (5) At least forty-five (45) days prior to the expiration of registration of any motor vehicle previously registered in the Commonwealth as provided by KRS 186A.035, the owner of the vehicle shall be notified by mail on the same notice required by KRS 134.805(5) of the date of expiration. In addition, the department shall provide appropriate forms and information to permit renewal of motor vehicle registration to be completed by mail. Any registration renewal by mail shall require payment of an additional two dollar (\$2) fee which shall be received by the county clerk. Nonreceipt of the notice herein shall not constitute a defense to any registration related offense.
- (6) (a) If an individual has been serving in the United States military stationed or assigned to a base or other location outside the boundaries of the United States, he or she shall renew the registration on the vehicle within thirty (30) days of his or her return, if:
  - 1. The motor vehicle has been stored on a military base during the time of deployment and has not been operated on the public highways during that time; and
  - 2. The vehicle's registration expired during the individual's absence.
  - (b) An individual who meets the criteria in paragraph (a) of this subsection shall not be convicted or cited for driving

- a vehicle with expired registration within thirty (30) days after the individual's return to the Commonwealth if the individual can provide proof of meeting the eligibility criteria under paragraph (a) of this subsection.
- (c) When an individual presents evidence of meeting the criteria under paragraph (a) of this subsection when applying to renew the registration on the motor vehicle, the county clerk:
  - 1. Shall not charge the individual any penalties or interest or lien filing fees for delinquent ad valorem taxes that have accrued under Section 15 of this Part;
  - 2. Shall remove, without charge, any lien for delinquent taxes filed under the provisions of Section 15 of this Part; and
  - 3. Shall, when applicable, treat the registration as a prorated renewal under KRS 186.051, and charge the individual a registration fee only for the number of months of the registration year the vehicle will be used on the public highways.
- Section 15. KRS 134.148 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The sheriff may, at the time he settles his accounts with the fiscal court, pursuant to KRS 134.310 provide the county clerk with a list of taxpayers whose tax bills on motor vehicles or trailers are delinquent.
- (2) <u>Except as provided for in subsection (6) of Section 14 of this Part</u>, the county clerk may file a lien on such vehicle or trailer on behalf of the state, county, city, special district and school district and record such lien on the face of the certificate of title and registration and in the manner in which lis pendens are recorded. Delinquent tax bills shall be subject to interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month or fraction thereof from the date the lien is filed until paid.
- (3) (a) No licensed automobile dealer shall be responsible for any tax lien not recorded on the certificate of title and registration presented to the dealer by the seller at the time of the dealer's purchase of the motor vehicle or trailer.
  - (b) In the event that a tax lien was recorded on the clerk's copy of the certificate of title and registration, but not on the copy of the certificate of title and registration presented to the dealer by the seller at the time of the dealer's purchase of the motor vehicle or trailer, prior to the purchase of the motor vehicle or trailer by the dealer, upon presentation of proof to the county clerk that such was the case, the county clerk shall file such proof with his copy of the certificate of title and registration and shall remove the lien.
- (4) In the event that a bona fide purchaser for value without notice purchases a motor vehicle or a trailer on which no lien has been filed on the certificate of title of such motor vehicle or trailer as provided for in subsection (2) of this section, such person shall not be held responsible for paying delinquent ad valorem taxes or lien fees on the certificate of title of such motor vehicle or trailer if such lien was placed on the certificate of title after same person's purchase of the motor vehicle or trailer.

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- (5) Upon proof being presented to the county clerk that the motor vehicle or trailer was transferred to a bona fide purchaser for value without notice prior to the placing of a lien on a certificate of title and registration, the clerk shall file such proof with the certificate of title and registration and shall then remove the lien.
- (6) Except as provided for in subsection (6) of Section 14 of this Part, the lien filing fee, as provided for in KRS 64.012, shall be added to the tax bill and be payable with the lien releasing fee by the registrant at the time of payment of the delinquent tax to the county clerk.
- (7) The county clerk shall give a receipt to the registrant and make a report to the Department of Revenue, the county treasurer and the other proper officials of all taxing districts that are due proceeds from the payment on the last working day of each month. He shall pay to the Department of Revenue for deposit with the State Treasurer all moneys collected by him due to the state, to the county treasurer, all moneys due to the county and to the proper officials of all other taxing districts, the amount due each district. He shall pay the amount of fees, costs, commissions, and penalties to the persons, agencies or parties entitled thereto. Section 16. KRS 141.010 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Revenue;
- (2) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- (3) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December 31, 2004, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that date, other than amendments that extend provisions in effect on December 31, 2004, that would otherwise terminate, and as modified by KRS 141.0101, except that for property placed in service after September 10, 2001, only the depreciation and expense deductions allowed under Sections 168 and 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect on December 31, 2001, exclusive of any amendments made subsequent to that date, shall be allowed, and including the provisions of the Military Family Tax Relief Act of 2003, Pub. L. No. 108-121, effective on the dates specified in that Act;
- (4) "Dependent" means those persons defined as dependents in the Internal Revenue Code;
- (5) "Fiduciary" means "fiduciary" as defined in Section 7701(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (6) "Fiscal year" means "fiscal year" as defined in Section 7701(a)(24) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (7) "Individual" means a natural person;
- (8) "Modified gross income" means adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, including any subsequent amendments in effect on December 31 of the taxable year, and adjusted as follows:
  - (a) Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political subdivisions thereof; and
  - (b) Include lump-sum pension distributions taxed under the special transition rules of Pub. L. No. 104-188, sec. 1401(c)(2);

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- (9) "Gross income" in the case of taxpayers other than corporations means "gross income" as defined in Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (10) "Adjusted gross income" in the case of taxpayers other than corporations means gross income as defined in subsection (9) of this section minus the deductions allowed individuals by Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101 and adjusted as follows, except that deductions shall be limited to amounts allocable to income subject to taxation under the provisions of this chapter, and except that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be deducted more than once:
  - (a) Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States and Kentucky;
  - (b) Exclude income from supplemental annuities provided by the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 as amended and which are subject to federal income tax by Public Law 89-699;
  - (c) Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political subdivisions thereof;
  - (d) Exclude employee pension contributions picked up as provided for in KRS 6.505, 16.545, 21.360, 61.560, 65.155, 67A.320, 67A.510, 78.610, and 161.540 upon a ruling by the Internal Revenue Service or the federal courts that these contributions shall not be included as gross income until such time as the contributions are distributed or made available to the employee;
  - (e) Exclude Social Security and railroad retirement benefits subject to federal income tax;
  - (f) Include, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, all overpayments of federal income tax refunded or credited for taxable years;
  - (g) Deduct, for taxable years ending before January 1, 1991, federal income tax paid for taxable years ending before January 1, 1990;
  - (h) Exclude any money received because of a settlement or judgment in a lawsuit brought against a manufacturer or distributor of "Agent Orange" for damages resulting from exposure to Agent Orange by a member or veteran of the Armed Forces of the United States or any dependent of such person who served in Vietnam;
  - (i) 1. For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2005, exclude the applicable amount of total distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings plans.

The "applicable amount" shall be:

- a. Twenty-five percent (25%), but not more than six thousand two hundred fifty dollars (\$6,250), for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, and before January 1, 1996;
- b. Fifty percent (50%), but not more than twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500), for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, and before January 1, 1997;

- c. Seventy-five percent (75%), but not more than eighteen thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$18,750), for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, and before January 1, 1998; and
- d. One hundred percent (100%), but not more than thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000), for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1997.
- 2. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, exclude up to forty-one thousand one hundred ten dollars (\$41,110) of total distributions from pension plans, annuity contracts, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings plans.
- 3. As used in this paragraph:
  - a. "Distributions" includes, but is not limited to, any lump-sum distribution from pension or profit-sharing plans qualifying for the income tax averaging provisions of Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code; any distribution from an individual retirement account as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code; and any disability pension distribution;
  - b. "Annuity contract" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 1035 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
  - c. "Pension plans, profit-sharing plans, retirement plans, or employee savings plans" means any trust or other entity created or organized under a written retirement plan and forming part of a stock bonus, pension, or profit-sharing plan of a public or private employer for the exclusive benefit of employees or their beneficiaries and includes plans qualified or unqualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code and individual retirement accounts as defined in Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (j) 1.a. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net income from an S corporation subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300; and
  - b. Exclude the portion of the distributive share of a shareholder's net income from an S corporation related to a qualified subchapter S subsidiary subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300.
  - 2. The shareholder's basis of stock held in a S corporation where the S corporation or its qualified subchapter S subsidiary is subject to the franchise tax imposed under KRS 136.505 or the capital stock tax imposed under KRS 136.300 shall be the same as the basis for federal income tax purposes;
- (k) Exclude for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, to the extent not already excluded from gross income, any amounts paid for health insurance, or the value of any voucher or similar instrument used to provide health insurance, which constitutes medical care coverage for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and dependents during the taxable year. Any amounts paid by the taxpayer for health insurance that are excluded pursuant to this paragraph shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the taxpayer's net income under subsection (11) of this section;

- (l) Exclude income received for services performed as a precinct worker for election training or for working at election booths in state, county, and local primary, regular, or special elections;
- (m) Exclude any amount paid during the taxable year for insurance for long-term care as defined in KRS 304.14-600;
- (n) Exclude any capital gains income attributable to property taken by eminent domain;
- (o) Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known as the Master Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
- (p) Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund, referred to as "Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate tobacco farmers and quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by the national tobacco settlement;
- (q) Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation for the Tobacco Loss Assistance Program as a result of a reduction in the quantity of tobacco quota allotted;
- (r) Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown program that all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in; [and]
- (s) Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner; <u>and</u>
- (t) Exclude all income from all sources for active duty and reserve members and officers of the Armed Forces of the United States or National Guard who are killed in the line of duty, for the year during which the death occurred and the year prior to the year during which the death occurred. For the purposes of this paragraph, "all income from all sources" shall include all federal and state death benefits payable to the estate or any beneficiaries;
- (11) "Net income" in the case of taxpayers other than corporations means adjusted gross income as defined in subsection (10) of this section, minus the standard deduction allowed by KRS 141.081, or, at the option of the taxpayer, minus the deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202, minus any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health insurance coverage to employees or their families, and minus all the deductions allowed individuals by Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code as modified by KRS 141.0101 except those listed below, except that deductions shall be limited to amounts allocable to income subject to taxation under the provisions of this chapter and that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be deducted more than once:
  - (a) Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for state or foreign taxes measured by gross or net income, including state and local general sales taxes allowed in lieu of state and local income taxes under the provisions of Section 164(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (b) Any deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code for amounts allowable under KRS 140.090(1)(h) in calculating the value of the distributive shares of the estate of a decedent, unless there is filed with the income return a statement that such deduction has not been claimed under KRS 140.090(1)(h);

- (c) The deduction for personal exemptions allowed under Section 151 of the Internal Revenue Code and any other deductions in lieu thereof; and
- (d) Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to promote the religious principles for which it is established and maintained;
- (12) "Gross income," in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101 and adjusted as follows:
  - (a) Exclude income that is exempt from state taxation by the Kentucky Constitution and the Constitution and statutory laws of the United States:
  - (b) Exclude all dividend income received after December 31, 1969;
  - (c) Include interest income derived from obligations of sister states and political subdivisions thereof;
  - (d) Exclude fifty percent (50%) of gross income derived from any disposal of coal covered by Section 631(c) of the Internal Revenue Code if the corporation does not claim any deduction for percentage depletion, or for expenditures attributable to the making and administering of the contract under which such disposition occurs or to the preservation of the economic interests retained under such contract;
  - (e) Include in the gross income of lessors income tax payments made by lessees to lessors, under the provisions of Section 110 of the Internal Revenue Code, and exclude such payments from the gross income of lessees;
  - (f) Include the amount calculated under KRS 141.205;
  - (g) Ignore the provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing gross income;
  - (h) Exclude income from "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code);
  - (i) Exclude any amount received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner from the multistate settlement with the tobacco industry, known as the Master Settlement Agreement, signed on November 22, 1998;
  - (j) Exclude any amount received from the secondary settlement fund, referred to as "Phase II," established by tobacco companies to compensate tobacco farmers and quota owners for anticipated financial losses caused by the national tobacco settlement;
  - (k) Exclude any amount received from funds of the Commodity Credit Corporation for the Tobacco Loss Assistance

- Program as a result of a reduction in the quantity of tobacco quota allotted;
- (l) Exclude any amount received as a result of a tobacco quota buydown program that all quota owners and growers are eligible to participate in;
- (m) Exclude the distributive share income or loss received from a corporation subject to the tax imposed by KRS 141.040 ; and
- (n) Exclude state Phase II payments received by a producer of tobacco or a tobacco quota owner;
- (13) "Net income," in the case of corporations, means "gross income" as defined in subsection (12) of this section minus the deduction allowed by KRS 141.0202, minus any amount paid for vouchers or similar instruments that provide health insurance coverage to employees or their families, and minus all the deductions from gross income allowed corporations by Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code and as modified by KRS 141.0101, except the following:
  - (a) Any deduction for a state tax which is computed, in whole or in part, by reference to gross or net income and which is paid or accrued to any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or possession of the United States, or to any foreign country or political subdivision thereof;
  - (b) The deductions contained in Sections 243, 244, 245, and 247 of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (c) The provisions of Section 281 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be ignored in computing net income;
  - (d) Any deduction directly or indirectly allocable to income which is either exempt from taxation or otherwise not taxed under the provisions of this chapter, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to permit the same item to be deducted more than once;
  - (e) Exclude expenses related to "safe harbor leases" (Section 168(f)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code);
  - (f) Any deduction for amounts paid to any club, organization, or establishment which has been determined by the courts or an agency established by the General Assembly and charged with enforcing the civil rights laws of the Commonwealth, not to afford full and equal membership and full and equal enjoyment of its goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations to any person because of race, color, religion, national origin, or sex, except nothing shall be construed to deny a deduction for amounts paid to any religious or denominational club, group, or establishment or any organization operated solely for charitable or educational purposes which restricts membership to persons of the same religion or denomination in order to promote the religious principles for which it is established and maintained; and
  - (g) Any deduction prohibited by KRS 141.205;
- (14) (a) "Taxable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state, means "net income" as defined in subsection (13) of this section;
  - (b) "Taxable net income," in the case of corporations that are taxable in this state and taxable in another state, means "net

- income" as defined in subsection (13) of this section and as allocated and apportioned under KRS 141.120. A corporation is taxable in another state if, in any state other than Kentucky, the corporation is required to file a return for or pay a net income tax, franchise tax measured by net income, franchise tax for the privilege of doing business, or corporate stock tax;
- (c) "Taxable net income" in the case of homeowners' associations as defined in Section 528(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, means "taxable income" as defined in Section 528(d) of the Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, the Internal Revenue Code sections referred to in this paragraph shall be those code sections in effect for the applicable tax year; and
- (d) "Taxable net income" in the case of a corporation that meets the requirements established under Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code to be a real estate investment trust, means "real estate investment trust taxable income" as defined in Section 857(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (15) "Person" means "person" as defined in Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (16) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which net income is computed, and in the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this chapter or under regulations prescribed by the commissioner, "taxable year" means the period for which the return is made;
- (17) "Resident" means an individual domiciled within this state or an individual who is not domiciled in this state, but maintains a place of abode in this state and spends in the aggregate more than one hundred eighty-three (183) days of the taxable year in this state;
- (18) "Nonresident" means any individual not a resident of this state;
- (19) "Employer" means "employer" as defined in Section 3401(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (20) "Employee" means "employee" as defined in Section 3401(c) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (21) "Number of withholding exemptions claimed" means the number of withholding exemptions claimed in a withholding exemption certificate in effect under KRS 141.325, except that if no such certificate is in effect, the number of withholding exemptions claimed shall be considered to be zero;
- (22) "Wages" means "wages" as defined in Section 3401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and includes other income subject to withholding as provided in Section 3401(f) and Section 3402(k), (o), (p), (q), and (s) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (23) "Payroll period" means "payroll period" as defined in Section 3401(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (24) "Corporations" means:
  - (a) "Corporations" as defined in Section 7701(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (b) S corporations as defined in Section 1361(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;
  - (c) A foreign limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015(6);

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- (d) A limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015(8);
- (e) A professional limited liability company as defined in KRS 275.015(19);
- (f) A foreign limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.401(4);
- (g) A limited partnership as defined in KRS 362.401(7);
- (h) A registered limited liability partnership as defined in KRS 362.155(7);
- (i) A real estate investment trust as defined in Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (j) A regulated investment company as defined in Section 851 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (k) A real estate mortgage investment conduit as defined in Section 860D of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (l) A financial asset securitization investment trust as defined in Section 860L of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (m) Other similar entities created with limited liability for their partners, members, or shareholders.

"Corporation" shall not include any publicly traded partnership as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is treated as a partnership for federal tax purposes under Section 7704(c) of the Internal Revenue Code or its publicly traded partnership affiliates. "Publicly traded partnership affiliates" shall include any limited liability company or limited partnership for which at least eighty percent (80%) of the limited liability company member interests or limited partner interests are owned directly or indirectly by the publicly traded partnership;

- (25) "Doing business in this state" includes but is not limited to:
  - (a) Being organized under the laws of this state;
  - (b) Having a commercial domicile in this state;
  - (c) Owning or leasing property in this state;
  - (d) Having one (1) or more individuals performing services in this state;
  - (e) Maintaining an interest in a general partnership doing business in this state;
  - (f) Deriving income from or attributable to sources within this state, including deriving income directly or indirectly from a trust doing business in this state; or
  - (g) Directing activities at Kentucky customers for the purpose of selling them goods or services.

Nothing in this subsection shall be interpreted in a manner that goes beyond the limitations imposed and protections provided by the United States Constitution or Pub. L. No. 86-272;

- (26) "Cost of goods sold" means the cost of goods sold calculated using the same method specified by the Internal Revenue Service for the purpose of computing federal income tax. In determining cost of goods sold:
  - (a) Labor costs shall be limited to direct labor costs as defined in subsection (28) of this section; and
  - (b) Bulk delivery costs as defined in subsection (29) of this section may be included;

- (27) "Kentucky gross profits" means Kentucky gross receipts reduced by returns and allowances attributable to Kentucky gross receipts, less the cost of goods sold attributable to Kentucky gross receipts;
- (28) "Direct labor" means labor that is incorporated into the product sold or is an integral part of the manufacturing process; and
- (29) "Bulk delivery costs" means the cost of delivering the product to the consumer if the product is delivered in bulk and requires specialized equipment that generally precludes commercial shipping and is taxable under KRS 138.220.
  - Section 17. The amendment in Section 12 of this Part shall apply retroactively to July 1, 2002.
  - Section 18. The amendment in Section 16 of this Part is applicable for tax years beginning after December 31, 2001."



#### Part XXIX - Self-Insured Plan for State Employees

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill contains no special Provision relating to a Self-Insured Plan for State Employees.

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly adds Part XXIX, Self-Insured Plan for State Employees, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is created to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

### SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 18A IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) Based on the recommendation of the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet, the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet, in lieu of contracting with one (1) or more insurers licensed to do business in this state, shall procure, in compliance with KRS 45A.085, and 45A.085, and reviewed by the Government Contract Review Committee pursuant to KRS 45A.705, a contract with one (1) or more third-party administrators licensed to do business in the Commonwealth pursuant to KRS 304.9-052 to administer a self-insured plan offered to the Public Employee Health Insurance Program for public employees. The requirements for the self-insured plan shall be as follows:
  - (a) The secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall incorporate by reference in an administrative regulation, pursuant to KRS 13A.2251, the summary plan description for public employees covered under the self-insured plan. Prior to filing an administrative regulation with the Legislative Research Commission, the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall submit the administrative regulation to the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services for review;
  - (b) The self-insured plan offered by the program shall cover hospice care at least equal to the Medicare benefit;
  - (c) The Personnel Cabinet shall provide written notice of any formulary change to employees covered under the self-insured plan who are directly impacted by the formulary change and to the Kentucky Group Health Insurance Board fifteen (15) days before implementation of any formulary change. If, after consulting with his or her physician, the employee still disagrees with the formulary change, the employee shall have the right to appeal the change. The employee shall have sixty (60) days from the date of the notice of the formulary change to file an appeal with the Personnel Cabinet. The cabinet shall render a decision within thirty (30) days from the receipt of the request for an appeal. After a final decision is rendered by the Personnel Cabinet, the employee shall have a right to file an appeal pursuant to the utilization review statutes in KRS 304.17A-600 to 304.17A-633. During the appeal

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- process, the employee shall have the right to continue to take any drug prescribed by his or her physician that is the subject of the formulary changes;
- (d) The Personnel Cabinet shall develop the necessary capabilities to ensure that an independent review of each formulary change is conducted and includes but is not limited to an evaluation of the fiscal impact and therapeutic benefit of the formulary change. The independent review shall be conducted by knowledgeable medical professionals and the results of the independent review shall be posted on the Web sites of the Personnel Cabinet and the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and made available to the public upon request within thirty (30) days of the notice from the Personnel Cabinet required in paragraph (c) of this subsection;
- (e) If the self-insured plan restricts pharmacy benefits to a drug formulary, the plan shall comply with and have an exceptions policy in accordance with KRS 304.17A-535;
- (f) Premiums for all plans offered by the Public Employee Health Insurance Program to employees shall be based on the experience of the entire group;
- (g) The plan year for the Public Employee Health Insurance Program, whether for fully insured or self-insured benefits, shall be on a calendar year basis.
- (2) In addition to any fully insured health benefit plans or self-insured plans, beginning January 1, 2007, the Personnel Cabinet shall offer a health reimbursement account for public employees insured under the Public Employee Health Insurance Program.
  - (a) If a public employee waives coverage provided by his or her employer under the Public Employee Health Insurance

    Program, the employer shall forward a monthly amount to be determined by the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet,
    but not less than one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175), for that employee as an employer contribution to the
    health reimbursement account.
  - (b) The administrative fees associated with the health reimbursement account shall be an authorized expense to be charged to the public employee health insurance trust fund.
- (3) (a) The public employee health insurance trust fund is established in the Personnel Cabinet. The purpose of the public employee health insurance trust fund is to provide funds to pay medical claims and other costs associated with the administration of the Public Employee Health Insurance Program self-insured plan under a competitively bid contract as provided by KRS Chapter 45A and reviewed by the Government Contract Review Committee pursuant to KRS 45A.705. The trust fund shall not utilize funds for any other purpose, except by approval of the General Assembly. The following moneys shall be directly deposited into the trust fund:
  - 1. Employer and employee premiums collected under the self-insured plan;
  - 2. Interest and investment returns earned by the self-insured plan;

#### Part XXIX - Self-Insured Plan for State Employees

- 3. Rebates and refunds attributed to the self-insured plan; and
- 4. All other receipts attributed to the self-insured plan.
- (b) Any balance remaining in the public employee health insurance trust fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not lapse.

  Any balance remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall be carried forward to the next fiscal year and be used solely for the purpose established in paragraph (a) of this subsection. The balance of funds in the public employee health insurance trust fund shall be invested by the Office of Financial Management consistent with the provisions of KRS Chapter 42, and interest income shall be credited to the trust fund.
- (c) The Auditor of Public Accounts shall be responsible for a financial audit of the books and records of the trust fund.

  The audit shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, shall be paid for by the trust fund, and shall be completed within ninety (90) days of the close of the fiscal year. All audit reports shall be filed with the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet.
- (d) Within thirty (30) days of the end of each calendar quarter, the secretary of the Personnel Cabinet shall file a report on the status of the trust fund with the Governor, the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue, the Kentucky Group Health Insurance Board, and the Advisory Committee of State Health Insurance Subscribers. The first status report shall be submitted no later than July 30, 2006. The report shall include the following:
  - 1. The current balance of the trust fund;
  - 2. A detailed description of all income to the trust fund since the last report;
  - 3. A detailed description of any receipts due to the trust fund;
  - 4. A total amount of payments made for medical claims from the trust fund;
  - 5. A detailed description of all payments made to the third-party administrator of the self-insured plan by the trust fund;
  - 6. Current enrollment data, including monthly enrollment since the last report, of the Public Employee Health Insurance Program self-insured plan;
  - 7. Any other information the secretary may include;
  - 8. Any other information requested by the Interim Joint Committee on Appropriations and Revenue concerning the operation of the Public Employee Health Insurance Program self-funded plan or the trust fund; and
  - 9. In addition to the information required under subparagraphs 1. to 8. of this paragraph, the quarterly report filed in July and January shall also include the following:
    - a. A projection of the medical claims incurred but not yet reported that are considered liabilities to the trust fund;

#### Part XXIX - Self-Insured Plan for State Employees

- b. A statement of any other trust fund liabilities;
- c. A detailed calculation outlining proposed premium rates for the next plan year, including base claims, trend assumptions, administrative fees, and any proposed plan or benefit changes; and
- d. A detailed description of the current in-state and out-of-state networks provided under the plan, any changes to the networks since the last report, and any proposed changes to the in-state or out-of-state networks during the next six (6) months.
- e. Specific data regarding the third-party administrator's performance under the contract. The data shall include the following:
  - 1. Any results or outcomes of disease management and wellness programs;
  - 2. Results of case management audits and educational and communication efforts; and
  - 3. Comparison of actual measurable results to contract performance guarantees."

The Governor of the Commonwealth vetoes, in part, the following:

**Partial Veto #29 of HB 380 -** "I, Ernie Fletcher, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 88 of the Kentucky Constitution, do hereby veto the following part:

Page 599, line 18 after the word '*principle'* delete '*shall be paid for'*'. Page 599, line 19, delete '*by the trust fund*,'.

Although this section appropriately requires an audit of the books and records of the public employee health insurance trust fund, it mandates payment with fund source specificity, for performance of the audit by the Auditor of Public Accounts, an office whose operations are funded otherwise with appropriations by House Bill 380. Considerations as to burden of payment and expenses for such an audit should be left to the discretion of the Personnel Cabinet."

**Partial Veto #30 of HB 380 -** "I, Ernie Fletcher, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, pursuant to the authority granted under Section 88 of the Kentucky Constitution, do hereby veto the following part:

Page 599, line 23 after '(d)' delete 'Within thirty (30) days of the end of each calendar quarter,'.

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This part mandates a quarterly report by the Secretary of the Personnel Cabinet on the status of the Public Employee Health Insurance Trust Fund within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter. I am vetoing this part because the 30-day requirement precludes the ability to fully report the information contained in the remainder of this provision. I have retained all of the underlying requirements."



#### Part XXX - Tax Increment Financing

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to Tax Increment Financing.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXX, Tax Increment Financing provision as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statute is amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 65.490 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 65.490 to 65.499, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "Agency" means an urban renewal and community development agency of a taxing district located within a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class, established under KRS Chapter 99; a development authority located within a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class established under KRS Chapter 99; a nonprofit corporation located within a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class [established under KRS Chapter 58]; or a designated department, division, or office of a county containing a consolidated local government or of a city of the first class;
- (2) "Development area" means an area no less than one (1) square mile, nor more than six (6) square miles, designated in need of public improvements by a local or state government in a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class, a project area as defined in KRS 99.615, or a public project as defined in KRS 58.010 in a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class. "Development area" includes an existing economic development asset;
- (3) "Increment" means that amount of money received by any taxing district or the state that is determined by subtracting the amount of old revenues from the amount of new revenues in any year for which a taxing district or the state and an agency have agreed upon under the terms of a contract of release or a grant contract;
- (4) "Local government" means a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class;
- (5) "New revenues" means the revenues received by any taxing district or the state from a development area in any year after the establishment of the development area;
- (6) "Old revenues" means the amount of revenues received by any taxing district or the state from a development area in the last year prior to the establishment of the development area;
- (7) "Project" means any urban renewal, redevelopment, or public project undertaken in accordance with the provisions of KRS 65.490 to 65.497, any project undertaken in accordance with KRS 99.610 to 99.680, [or] any project undertaken in accordance

#### Part XXX - Tax Increment Financing

- with the provisions of KRS Chapter 58; or any "public project" as that term is defined in KRS 58.010 undertaken by a nonprofit corporation located within a county containing a consolidated local government or a city of the first class;
- (8) "Release" or "contract of release" or "grant contract" means that agreement by which a taxing district or the state permits the payment to an agency of a portion of increments or an amount equal to a portion of increments received by it in return for the benefits accrued to the taxing district or the state by reason of a project undertaken by an agency in a development area;
- (9) "Taxing district" means a consolidated local government, a county containing a city of the first class, a city of the first class that encompasses all or part of a development area, or the state, but does not mean a school district; and
- (10) "Pilot program" means a tax increment financing program or a grant program created by an agency within a consolidated local government or a county containing a city of the first class which shall exist for a period of twenty (20) years after which time it shall continue only after reauthorization by the General Assembly."

#### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to a Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXXI, Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended or created to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 164A.700 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Academic year" means the time period specified by each eligible educational institution;
- (2) "Board" means the board of directors of the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority acting in the capacity of the board of directors of the Commonwealth postsecondary education prepaid tuition trust fund;
- (3) "Eligible educational institution" means an institution defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, 26 U.S.C. sec. 529(e)(5);
- (4) "Fund" means the prepaid tuition payment fund created in KRS 164A.701 and known as the "Commonwealth Postsecondary Education Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund" <u>or</u>[which shall be marketed under the name] "Kentucky's Affordable Prepaid Tuition" (KAPT);
- (5) "Prepaid tuition" means the amount of tuition estimated by the board for the tuition plan under the prepaid tuition contract;
- (6) "Prepaid tuition academic year conversion" means the difference between the amount of prepaid tuition required in the original prepaid tuition contract and the amount of prepaid tuition required in an amended prepaid tuition contract as the result of the change in the academic year;
- (7) "Prepaid tuition academic year conversion shortfall" means the amount by which the prepaid tuition required in an amended prepaid tuition contract as the result of the change in the academic year exceeds the amount of prepaid tuition required in the original prepaid tuition contract;
- (8) "Prepaid tuition account" means the account for a qualified beneficiary as specified in the prepaid tuition contract;
- (9) "Prepaid tuition contract" means the contract entered into by the board and the purchaser for the purchase of prepaid tuition for a qualified beneficiary to attend any eligible educational institution as provided in KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709;
- (10) "Prepaid tuition conversion" means the difference between the value of a prepaid tuition account and the tuition at an eligible educational institution;
- (11) "Prepaid tuition conversion shortfall" means the amount by which the actual tuition cost at an eligible educational institution

#### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

exceeds the amount of the value of a prepaid tuition account;

- (12) "Purchaser" means a person, corporation, association, partnership, or other legal entity who enters into a prepaid tuition contract;
- (13) "Qualified beneficiary" means a designated beneficiary, as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 529(e)(1), who is:
  - (a) A Kentucky resident designated as beneficiary at the time a purchaser enters into a prepaid tuition contract; or
  - (b) A nonresident designated at the time a purchaser enters into a prepaid tuition contract who intends to attend an eligible institution in Kentucky; or
  - (c) A new beneficiary, in the case of a change of beneficiaries under provisions of KRS 164A.707; or
  - (d) An individual receiving a scholarship in the case of a prepaid tuition contract purchased by a state or local government or agency or instrumentality thereof or an organization described in 26 U.S.C. sec. 501(c)(3), and exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to 26 U.S.C. sec. 501(a) as part of a scholarship program offered by the government entity or the organization;
- (14) "Qualified postsecondary education expenses" means qualified higher education expenses as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 529(e)(3);
- (15) "Tuition" means the prevailing tuition and all mandatory fees charged as a condition of full-time enrollment in an undergraduate program for an academic year for a qualified beneficiary to attend an eligible educational institution;
- (16) "Tuition Account Program Office" or "office" means the office in the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority that is responsible for administering the prepaid tuition program and its accounts;
- (17) "Tuition plan" means a tuition plan approved by the board and provided under a prepaid tuition contract; and
- (18) "Value of a prepaid tuition account" means the amount which the fund is obligated to pay for tuition for an academic period based on full payment of the purchaser's tuition plan; except, under a tuition plan for private colleges and universities, tuition shall be calculated based on the same percentage that University of Kentucky tuition is increased from the year the prepaid tuition contract is purchased to the year of payment.
  - SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 164A.700 TO 164A.709 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:
- (1) (a) All prepaid tuition contracts in existence on the effective date of this Act shall be supported by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth.
  - (b) If the report of the actuary submitted under Section 7 of this Part reflects that there will be a real liability expected to accrue for contracts in existence on the effective date of this Act during the next biennium, the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall include in the budget request for the cabinet an appropriation to the board in an amount necessary to meet the real liability in each fiscal year of the biennium, and the General Assembly shall appropriate the necessary funds to meet the liability.
- (2) (a) New contracts entered into after the effective date of this Act for a tuition plan approved by the board shall contain actuarially sound premiums sufficient to prevent their contribution to a program fund deficit.

#### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

- (b) Payments received from contracts entered into after the effective date of this Act shall be maintained separately from contracts in existence on the effective date of this Act.
- (c) The Commonwealth shall have no obligation to support contracts entered into after the effective date of this Act with appropriations if a shortfall occurs.

Section 3. KRS 164A.701 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) (a) There is hereby created an instrumentality of the Commonwealth to be known as the "Commonwealth postsecondary education prepaid tuition trust fund", to be governed by <u>the[a]</u> board[<u>of directors</u>] and administered by the Tuition Account Program Office. The fund shall be attached to the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority for administrative and reporting purposes, <u>and[but]</u> shall be governed, managed, and administered as a separate and distinct instrumentality of the Commonwealth <u>under the provisions of[with its own powers specified in]</u> KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709.
  - (b) The fund shall consist of payments received from prepaid tuition contracts under KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709.

    Payments received relating to contracts in existence on the effective date of this Act and income earned from the investment of those payments shall be maintained separately from payments received relating to contracts entered into after the effective date of this Act and income earned from the investment of those payments. Income earned from the investment of payments to the fund shall remain in the fund and be credited to it.
  - (c) Notwithstanding any other statute to the contrary, all moneys received under the authority of KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709 and 393.015 shall be deemed to be trust funds to be held and applied solely for payment to qualified beneficiaries and purchasers and to meet the expenses necessary for the administration and maintenance of the fund as provided in KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709.
  - (d) The fund shall not constitute an investment company as defined in KRS 291.010.
  - (e) Obligations under a prepaid tuition contract incurred in accordance with the provisions of KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709 shall not be deemed to constitute a debt, liability, or obligation of the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority, but shall be payable solely from the fund. Each prepaid tuition contract shall contain a statement that the obligation shall be payable solely from the fund.
- (2) The purposes of the fund are:
  - (a) To provide affordable access to participating institutions for the qualified beneficiaries; and
  - (b) To provide students and their parents economic protection against rising tuition costs.
- (3) The Tuition Account Program Office and the facilities of the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority shall be used and employed in the administration of the fund including, but not limited to, the keeping of records, the employment of staff to assist in the administration of the fund, the management of accounts and other investments, the transfer of funds, and the safekeeping

#### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

of securities evidencing investments. [ The Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority shall jointly market, as appropriate, the Commonwealth Prepaid Tuition Plan and the Savings Plan established in KRS 164A.300.]

- (4) (a) Assets of the fund shall be invested in any of the following security types that are deemed appropriate by the board:
  - 1. Government and agency bonds;
  - 2. Investment grade asset-backed securities and corporate bonds;
  - 3. Mortgages, excluding interest-only (IO), principal-only (PO), and inverse floaters; and
  - 4. Equities.
  - (b) Equities shall constitute no greater than sixty percent (60%) of the entire portfolio, including up to ten percent (10%) in equities from outside the United States.
  - (c) The duration of the fixed-income portion of the portfolio shall reflect the future liability of the fund for tuition payments.
  - (d) Assets may be pooled for investment purposes with any other investment of the Commonwealth that is eligible for asset pooling.
  - (e) Leveraging is strictly prohibited.
- (5) The board may receive and deposit into the fund gifts made by any individual or agency as deemed acceptable by the board together with funds that are obtained from sources legally available and determined by the board to be applicable for the purposes of KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709.
- (6) There is created a separate account within the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority to be known as the prepaid postsecondary tuition administrative account for the purposes of implementing and maintaining the fund.
  - (a) Moneys shall be transferred from the fund to the administrative account to meet the expenses necessary for the administration and maintenance of the fund. Expenses incurred by the board and the Tuition Account Program Office in carrying out the provisions of KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709 shall be made payable from the fund through the administrative account, and no administrative expenses shall be incurred by the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority beyond those for which moneys are provided by the fund.
  - (b) Funds may be transferred from the property abandoned under KRS Chapter 393 to the administrative account and shall be repaid to the abandoned property fund no later than three (3) years after the transfer.
  - (c)] The board may establish administrative fees for handling prepaid tuition contracts and deposit the <u>funds attributable</u> <u>to the fees[money]</u> in <u>the administrative[this]</u> account.

Section 4. KRS 164A.704 is amended to read as follows:

#### The board shall:

(1) Promulgate administrative regulations, set fees, and adopt procedures as are necessary to implement the provisions of KRS

### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

164A.700 to 164A.709;

- (2) Enter into contractual agreements, including contracts for legal, actuarial, financial, and consulting services;
- (3) Invest moneys in the fund in any instruments, obligations, securities, or property as permitted by KRS 164A.701(4) and deemed appropriate by the board;
- (4) Procure insurance to protect against any loss in connection with the fund's property, assets, or activities and to indemnify board members from personal loss or accountability from liability arising from any action or inaction as a board member;
- (5) Make arrangements with eligible educational institutions in the Commonwealth to fulfill obligations under prepaid tuition contracts, including, but not limited to, payment from the fund of the tuition cost on behalf of a qualified beneficiary to attend an eligible educational institution in which the beneficiary is admitted and enrolled;
- (6) Develop requirements, procedures, and guidelines regarding prepaid tuition contracts, including but not limited to, the termination, withdrawal, or transfer of payments under a prepaid tuition contract; tuition shortfalls; number of participants; time limitations for prepaid tuition contracts and the use of tuition benefits; tuition conversions; payment schedules; payroll deductions; penalties for failure of purchasers to adhere to contracts; and transfer of prepaid tuition credits towards private education in the Commonwealth or for out-of-state institutions;
- (7) Have the actuarial soundness of the fund evaluated by a nationally recognized independent actuary <u>annually, by October 1 of</u> <u>each year, to[on an annual basis and]</u> determine[<u>prior to each academic year]</u>:
  - (a) The amount of prepaid tuition for each tuition plan; and for each eligible educational institution for specific academic years, the corresponding value; [and]
  - (b) Whether additional assets are necessary to defray the obligations of the <u>portion of the</u> fund <u>relating to contracts</u> <u>entered into before the effective date of this Act, and when those funds will be needed.</u>
  - 1. For purposes of this paragraph, a "real liability expected to accrue during the next biennium" exists if the amount in the fund representing contracts entered into before the effective date of this Act is not sufficient to meet all anticipated distributions under contracts entered into before the effective date of this Act and the expense of maintaining and operating the fund for the upcoming biennium.
  - 2. If the report of the actuary submitted in an odd-numbered year reflects that there will be a real liability expected to accrue during the next biennium, the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall include in the budget request for the cabinet an appropriation to the board in an amount necessary to meet the real liability in each fiscal year of the biennium, and the General Assembly shall appropriate the necessary funds.
  - (c) Whether additional assets are necessary to defray the obligations of the portion of the fund relating to contracts entered into after the effective date of this Act, and when those funds will be needed. If the assets of the portion of the fund relating to contracts entered into after the effective date of this Act are insufficient to ensure the actuarial

#### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

soundness of <u>that portion of</u> the fund, as reported by the actuary, the board shall adjust the price of subsequent purchases of prepaid tuition contracts to the extent necessary to restore the actuarial soundness of the fund. The board may suspend the sale of prepaid tuition contracts until the next annual actuarial evaluation is completed if the board determines the action is needed to restore the actuarial soundness of the fund. During a suspension of sales of contracts, the board and Tuition Account Program Office shall continue to service existing contract accounts and meet all obligations under existing prepaid tuition contracts; *and* 

- (8) Make an annual report each year <u>by November 1</u> to the Legislative Research Commission <u>and the Governor</u> showing the fund's condition, and whether additional assets will be necessary to defray the obligations of the fund;
- (9) Market and promote participation in the fund; and
- (10) Develop, sponsor, and maintain a scholarship program, if deemed feasible by the board, to provide the benefits of the fund to financially disadvantaged families and students of Kentucky under criteria established by the board to encourage students to obtain postsecondary education in Kentucky and otherwise consistent with the purposes of the fund.
  - Section 5. KRS 164A.705 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The prepaid tuition contract entered into by the purchaser and the board shall constitute an irrevocable pledge and guarantee by the fund to pay for the tuition of a qualified beneficiary upon acceptance and enrollment at an eligible educational institution in accordance with the tuition plan purchased.
- (2) A board member [, officer of the fund,] or <u>any</u> employee of the Tuition Account Program Office or the Kentucky Higher Education Assistance Authority shall not be subject to any personal liability by reason of his or her issuance or execution of a prepaid tuition contract under KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709.
- (3) Under a tuition plan for private colleges and universities, tuition shall be paid based on the same percentage that University of Kentucky tuition is increased from the year the prepaid tuition contract is purchased to the year of payment.
- (4) The purchaser or qualified beneficiary shall pay to the eligible educational institution the amount of any prepaid tuition academic year conversion shortfall and the amount of any prepaid tuition conversion shortfall.
- (5) A qualified beneficiary attending an eligible educational institution may apply the value of a prepaid tuition account to a specific academic year at the maximum course load or maximum number of credit hours generally permitted to full-time undergraduates at that institution.
- (6) The value of a prepaid tuition account remaining after tuition is paid may be used for other qualified educational expenses under administrative regulations promulgated by the board in compliance with 26 U.S.C. sec. 529. The board may permit the use of the value of a prepaid tuition account for part-time undergraduate enrollment or graduate programs at eligible educational institutions.
- (7) <u>If [In the event]</u> a qualified beneficiary attends an eligible educational institution for which payment of tuition is not guaranteed

### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

- by the fund in whole or in part, and if the cost of tuition exceeds the value of a prepaid tuition account, the fund shall have no responsibility to pay the difference. If the value of a prepaid tuition account exceeds the cost of tuition, the excess may be used for other qualified postsecondary education expenses as directed by the purchaser.
- (8) The value of a prepaid tuition account shall not be used in calculating personal asset contribution for determining eligibility and need for student loan programs, student grant programs, or other student aid programs administered by any agency of the Commonwealth, except as otherwise may be provided by federal law.
  - Section 6. KRS 164A.707 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Purchasers buying prepaid tuition for a qualified beneficiary shall enter into prepaid tuition contracts with the board. These contracts shall be in a form as shall be determined by the office. The contract shall provide for the purchase of a tuition plan for prepaid tuition for the qualified beneficiary from one (1) to five (5) specific academic years. [Beginning on March 20, 2005, new prepaid tuition contracts entered into for a tuition plan approved by the board shall contain actuarially sound premiums sufficient to prevent their contribution to a program fund deficit. No general fund moneys or abandoned property funds shall be available for the support of the Commonwealth postsecondary education prepaid tuition trust fund.]
- (2) Upon written notification to the office a purchaser may amend the prepaid tuition contract to change:
  - (a) The qualified beneficiary, in accordance with 26 U.S.C. sec. 529;
  - (b) The academic year or years for which prepaid tuition is purchased;
  - (c) A tuition plan designation to another tuition plan designation;
  - (d) The number of years for which prepaid tuition is purchased; or
  - (e) Other provisions of the prepaid tuition contract as permitted by the board.
- (3) A prepaid tuition account shall not be subject to attachment, levy, or execution by any creditor of a purchaser or qualified beneficiary. Prepaid tuition accounts shall be exempt from all state and local taxes including, but not limited to, intangible personal property tax levied under KRS 132.020, individual income tax levied under KRS 141.020, and the inheritance tax levied under KRS Chapter 140. Payments from a prepaid tuition account used to pay qualified postsecondary education expenses, or disbursed due to the death or disability of the beneficiary, or receipt of a scholarship by the beneficiary shall be exempt from tax liabilities.
- (4) Nothing in KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709 or in a prepaid tuition contract shall be construed as a promise or guarantee that a qualified beneficiary shall be admitted to an eligible educational institution, be allowed to continue to attend an eligible educational institution after having been admitted, or be graduated from an eligible educational institution.
- (5) Prepaid tuition contract payments shall not be made in real or personal property other than cash and shall not exceed the prepaid tuition. Prepaid tuition contract payments may be made in  $\underline{a}$  lump-sum  $\underline{or}$  installments.
- (6) The purchaser shall designate the qualified beneficiary at the time the purchaser enters into a prepaid tuition contract, except for

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- a prepaid tuition contract purchased in accordance with KRS 164A.700(13)(d). In the case of gifts made to the fund, the board shall designate a qualified beneficiary at the time of the gift.
- (7) The prepaid tuition contract shall provide that the purchaser and the qualified beneficiary shall not directly or otherwise control the investment of the prepaid tuition account or earnings on the account. Payments made for prepaid tuition shall be accounted for separately for each qualified beneficiary. No interest or earnings on a prepaid tuition contract of the purchaser or qualified beneficiary shall be pledged or otherwise encumbered as security of a debt.
- (8) A prepaid tuition contract does not constitute a security as defined in KRS 292.310 or an annuity as defined in KRS 304.5-030.
- (9) Each prepaid tuition contract is subject to, and shall incorporate by reference, all operating procedures and policies adopted by the board, the statutes governing prepaid tuition contracts in KRS 164A.700 to 164A.709 and 393.015, and administrative regulations promulgated thereunder. Any amendments to statutes, administrative regulations, and operating procedures and policies shall automatically amend prepaid tuition contracts, with retroactive or prospective effect, as applicable.
  - Section 7. KRS 164A.709 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A purchaser may terminate a prepaid tuition contract at any time upon written request to the office.
- (2) Upon termination of a prepaid tuition contract at the request of a purchaser, the office shall pay from the fund to the purchaser:
  - (a) The value of the prepaid tuition account if the contract is terminated for:
  - 1. The death of the qualified beneficiary; or
  - 2. The disability of the qualified beneficiary that, in the opinion of the office, would make attendance by the beneficiary at an eligible educational institution impossible or unreasonably burdensome; or
  - 3. A request made on or after July 1 of the initial projected year of enrollment of the qualified beneficiary; and
  - (b) The amounts paid on the purchaser's prepaid tuition contract if the contract is terminated and a request for refund is made before July 1 of the qualified beneficiary's initial projected year of enrollment. The board may determine a rate of interest to accrue for payment on the amount otherwise payable under this paragraph.
- (3) At the option of the purchaser, the value of the prepaid tuition account may be carried forward to another academic year or distributed by the fund upon the purchaser's request.
- (4) All refunds paid shall be net of administrative fees as determined by the board. The office may impose a fee upon termination of the account for administrative costs and deduct the fee from the amount otherwise payable under this section.
- (5) If a qualified beneficiary is awarded a scholarship that covers tuition costs included in a prepaid tuition contract, the purchaser may request a refund consisting of the amount of the value of the prepaid tuition account, not to exceed the amount of the scholarship.
- (6) If the purchaser wishes to transfer funds from the prepaid tuition account to the Kentucky Educational Savings Plan Trust, the purchaser may do so under administrative regulations promulgated by the board and the board of directors of the Kentucky

#### Part XXXI - Kentucky Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund

- Educational Savings Plan Trust under *KRS* 164A.325.
- (7) If the purchaser wishes to transfer funds from the prepaid tuition account to another qualified tuition program as defined in 26 U.S.C. sec. 529(b)(1), the purchaser may do so under administrative regulations promulgated by the board.
- (8) The board may terminate a prepaid tuition contract at any time due to the fraud or misrepresentation of a purchaser or qualified beneficiary with respect to the prepaid tuition contract.

SECTION 8. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 48.100 TO 48.195 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the report of the actuary submitted in an odd-numbered year pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of Section 4 of this Part reflects that there will be a real liability expected to accrue during the upcoming biennium that cannot be met with existing resources of the Commonwealth postsecondary education prepaid tuition trust fund created pursuant to Section 3 of this Part, the Governor shall include in the budget recommendation for the executive branch and in the draft branch budget bill for the executive branch submitted to the General Assembly an appropriation to the board in an amount necessary to meet the real liability expected to accrue in each fiscal year of the biennium."



#### Part XXXII - Roll-Your-Own Tobacco Excise Tax

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to Roll-Your-Own Tobacco Excise Tax.

#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The General Assembly adds Part XXXII, Roll-Your-Own Tobacco Excise Tax, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 131.600 is amended to read as follows:

As used in this section and KRS 131.602:

- (1) "Adjusted for inflation" means increased in accordance with the formula for inflation adjustment set forth in Exhibit C to the master settlement agreement.
- (2) "Affiliate" means a person who directly or indirectly owns or controls, is owned or controlled by, or is under common ownership or control with, another person. Solely for purposes of this definition, the terms "owns," "is owned," and "ownership" mean ownership of an equity interest, or the equivalent thereof, of ten percent (10%) or more, and the term "person" means an individual, partnership, committee, association, corporation, or any other organization or group of persons.
- (3) "Allocable share" means allocable share as that term is defined in the master settlement agreement.
- (4) "Cigarette" means any product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned or heated under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of or contains:
  - (a) Any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco;
  - (b) Tobacco, in any form, that is functional in the product, which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette; or
  - (c) Any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in paragraph (a) of this subsection.

The term "cigarette" includes "roll-your-own", i.e., any tobacco which, because of its appearance, type, packaging, or labeling is suitable for use and likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as tobacco for making cigarettes. For purposes of this definition of "cigarette," nine-hundredths (0.09) ounces of "roll-your-own" tobacco shall constitute one (1) individual "cigarette."

(5) "Master settlement agreement" means the settlement agreement and related documents entered into on November 23, 1998, by Kentucky and leading United States tobacco product manufacturers.

#### Part XXXII - Roll-Your-Own Tobacco Excise Tax

- (6) "Qualified escrow fund" means an escrow arrangement with a federally or state-chartered financial institution having no affiliation with any tobacco product manufacturer and having assets of at least one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) where such arrangement requires that such financial institution hold the escrowed funds' principal for the benefit of releasing parties and prohibits the tobacco product manufacturer placing the funds into escrow from using, accessing, or directing the use of the funds' principal except as consistent with KRS 131.602(2).
- (7) "Released claims" means released claims as that term is defined in the master settlement agreement.
- (8) "Releasing parties" means releasing parties as that term is defined in the master settlement agreement.
- (9) "Tobacco product manufacturer" means an entity that after June 30, 2000, directly and not exclusively through any affiliate:
  - (a) Manufactures cigarettes anywhere that such manufacturer intends to be sold in the United States, including cigarettes intended to be sold in the United States through an importer, except where such importer is an original participating manufacturer, as that term is defined in the master settlement agreement, that will be responsible for the payments under the master settlement agreement with respect to such cigarettes as a result of the provisions of subsection II(mm) of the master settlement agreement and that pays the taxes specified in subsection II(z) of the master settlement agreement, and provided that the manufacturer of such cigarettes does not market or advertise such cigarettes in the United States;
  - (b) Is the first purchaser anywhere for resale in the United States of cigarettes manufactured anywhere that the manufacturer does not intend to be sold in the United States; or
  - (c) Becomes a successor of an entity described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subsection.
  - The term "tobacco product manufacturer" shall not include an affiliate of a tobacco product manufacturer unless such affiliate itself falls within any of the definitions described in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection.
- (10) "Units sold" means the number of individual cigarettes sold in Kentucky by the applicable tobacco product manufacturer, whether directly or through a distributor, retailer, or similar intermediary or intermediaries, during the year in question, as measured by excise taxes collected by Kentucky on packs or "roll-your-own" tobacco containers bearing the excise tax stamp of Kentucky. The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such regulations as are necessary to ascertain the amount of state excise tax paid on the cigarettes of such tobacco product manufacturer for each year.

  Section 2. KRS 138.140 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A tax shall be paid on the sale of cigarettes within the state at a proportionate rate of three cents (\$0.03) on each twenty (20) cigarettes. This tax shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes may be sold in this state.
- (2) Effective June 1, 2005, a surtax shall be paid in addition to the tax levied in subsection (1) of this section at a proportionate rate of twenty-six cents (\$0.26) on each twenty (20) cigarettes. This tax shall be paid only once, at the same time the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section is paid, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes may be sold in the state.

#### Part XXXII - Roll-Your-Own Tobacco Excise Tax

- (3) Effective June 1, 2005, a surtax shall be paid in addition to the tax levied in subsection (1) of this section and in addition to the surtax levied by subsection (2) of this section, at a proportionate rate of one cent (\$0.01) on each twenty (20) cigarettes. This tax shall be paid only once, at the same time the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section and the surtax imposed by subsection (2) of this section are paid, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes may be sold in the state.
- (4) (a) Effective August 1, 2005, <u>an excise[a]</u> tax shall be imposed upon all wholesalers of other tobacco products at the rate of seven and one-half percent (7.5%) of the gross receipts of any wholesaler derived from wholesale sales made within the Commonwealth.
  - (b) This <u>excise</u> tax shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the tobacco product may be sold in the state.
- (5) Effective August 1, 2005, a tax shall be imposed upon all wholesalers of snuff at a rate of nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per unit. As used in this section unit means a hard container not capable of containing more than one and one-half (1-1/2) ounce. In determining the quantity subject to the tax under this subsection, if a package on which the tax is levied, contains more than an individual unit, the taxable quantity shall be calculated by multiplying the total number of individual units by the rate set in this subsection. The tax imposed under this subsection shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the snuff may be sold in this state.
- (6) The General Assembly recognizes that increasing taxes on tobacco products should reduce consumption, and therefore result in healthier lifestyles for Kentuckians. The relative taxes on tobacco products proposed in this section reflect the growing data from scientific studies suggesting that although smokeless tobacco poses some risks, those health risks are significantly less than the risks posed by other forms of tobacco products. Moreover, the General Assembly acknowledges that some in the public health community recognize that tobacco harm reduction should be a complementary public health strategy regarding tobacco products. Taxing tobacco products according to relative risk is a rational tax policy and may well serve the public health goal of reducing smoking-related mortality and morbidity and lowering health care costs associated with tobacco-related disease."



### **Part XXXIII - Cigarette Paper Excise Tax**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The Branch Budget contains no provisions relating to Cigarette Paper Excise Tax.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXXIII, Cigarette Paper Excise Tax, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 138.130 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 138.130 to 138.205, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Department" means the Department of Revenue.
- (2) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures or produces cigarettes, snuff, or other tobacco products within or without this state.
- (3) "Retailer" means any person who sells to a consumer or to any person for any purpose other than resale.
- (4) "Sale at retail" means a sale to any person for any other purpose other than resale.
- (5) "Cigarettes" means any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco, or any substitute for tobacco, irrespective of size or shape and whether or not the tobacco is flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other ingredient, the wrapper or cover of which is made of paper or any other substance or material, excepting tobacco.
- (6) "Sale" or "sell" means any transfer for a consideration, exchange, barter, gift, offer for sale, advertising for sale, soliciting an order for cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff, and distribution in any manner or by any means whatsoever.
- (7) "Tax evidence" means any stamps, metered impressions, or other indicia prescribed by the department by regulation as a means of denoting the payment of tax.
- (8) "Person" means any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, municipal or private corporation whether organized for profit or not, the Commonwealth of Kentucky or any of its political subdivisions, an estate, trust, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular.
- (9) "Resident wholesaler" means any person who purchases at least seventy-five percent (75%) of all cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff purchased by the wholesaler directly from the manufacturer on which the tax provided for in KRS 138.130 to 138.205 is unpaid, and who maintains an established place of business in this state where the wholesaler attaches cigarette tax evidence, or receives untaxed cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff.

### **Part XXXIII - Cigarette Paper Excise Tax**

- (10) "Nonresident wholesaler" means any person who purchases cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff directly from the manufacturer and maintains a permanent location or locations outside this state where Kentucky cigarette tax evidence is attached or from where Kentucky cigarette tax is reported and paid.
- (11) "Sub-jobber" means any person who purchases cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff from a wholesaler licensed under KRS 138.195 on which the tax imposed by KRS 138.140 has been paid and makes them available to retailers for resale. No person shall be deemed to make cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff available to retailers for resale unless the person certifies and establishes to the satisfaction of the department that firm arrangements have been made to regularly supply at least five (5) retail locations with Kentucky tax-paid cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff for resale in the regular course of business.
- (12) "Vending machine operator" means any person who operates one (1) or more cigarette, other tobacco products, or snuff vending machines.
- (13) "Transporter" means any person transporting untax-paid cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff obtained from any source to any destination within this state, other than cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff transported by the manufacturer thereof.
- (14) "Unclassified acquirer" means any person in this state who acquires cigarettes, other tobacco products, or snuff from any source on which the tax imposed by KRS 138.140 has not been paid, and who is not a person otherwise required to be licensed under the provisions of KRS 138.195.
- (15) "Other tobacco products" means cigars, cheroots, stogies, periques, granulated, plug cut, crimp cut, ready rubbed, and other smoking tobacco, cavendish, plug and twist tobacco, fine-cut, and other chewing tobacco, shorts, refuse scraps, clippings, cuttings and sweepings of tobacco, and other kinds and forms of tobacco prepared in a manner to be suitable for chewing or smoking in a pipe or otherwise, or both for chewing or smoking but does not include cigarettes as defined in subsection (5) of this section, or snuff.
- (16) "Wholesale sale" means a sale made for the purpose of resale in the regular course of business.
- (17) "Cigarette paper" means paper or a similar product suitable for use and likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers of roll-your-own tobacco.

Section 2. KRS 138.140 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) A tax shall be paid on the sale of cigarettes within the state at a proportionate rate of three cents (\$0.03) on each twenty (20) cigarettes. This tax shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes may be sold in this state.
- (2) Effective June 1, 2005, a surtax shall be paid in addition to the tax levied in subsection (1) of this section at a proportionate rate of twenty-six cents (\$0.26) on each twenty (20) cigarettes. This tax shall be paid only once, at the same time the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section is paid, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes may be sold in the state.

### **Part XXXIII - Cigarette Paper Excise Tax**

- (3) Effective June 1, 2005, a surtax shall be paid in addition to the tax levied in subsection (1) of this section and in addition to the surtax levied by subsection (2) of this section, at a proportionate rate of one cent (\$0.01) on each twenty (20) cigarettes. This tax shall be paid only once, at the same time the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section and the surtax imposed by subsection (2) of this section are paid, regardless of the number of times the cigarettes may be sold in the state.
- (4) (a) Effective August 1, 2005, a tax shall be imposed upon all wholesalers of other tobacco products at the rate of seven and one-half percent (7.5%) of the gross receipts of any wholesaler derived from wholesale sales made within the Commonwealth.
  - (b) This tax shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the tobacco product may be sold in the state.
- (5) Effective August 1, 2005, a tax shall be imposed upon all wholesalers of snuff at a rate of nine and one-half cents (\$0.095) per unit. As used in this section unit means a hard container not capable of containing more than one and one-half (1-1/2) ounce. In determining the quantity subject to the tax under this subsection, if a package on which the tax is levied, contains more than an individual unit, the taxable quantity shall be calculated by multiplying the total number of individual units by the rate set in this subsection. The tax imposed under this subsection shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the snuff may be sold in this state.
- (6) (a) Effective June 1, 2006, every person licensed under KRS 138.195 to affix tax evidence, every wholesaler required to pay the tax imposed by subsection (4) of this section, and every other person selling cigarette paper at wholesale in this state shall pay an excise tax on the sale of cigarette paper.
  - (b) The tax shall be in the amount of twenty-five cents (\$0.25) per package of thirty-two (32) sheets. For packages greater than thirty-two (32) sheets, the tax shall be calculated at one and twenty-eight one-hundredths cents (\$0.0128) per sheet.
  - (c) The tax shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue at the same time and in the same manner as the tax imposed in subsection (4) of this section.
- (7) The department may prescribe forms and promulgate administrative regulations to execute and administer the provisions of this section.
- (8) The General Assembly recognizes that increasing taxes on tobacco products should reduce consumption, and therefore result in healthier lifestyles for Kentuckians. The relative taxes on tobacco products proposed in this section reflect the growing data from scientific studies suggesting that although smokeless tobacco poses some risks, those health risks are significantly less than the risks posed by other forms of tobacco products. Moreover, the General Assembly acknowledges that some in the public health community recognize that tobacco harm reduction should be a complementary public health strategy regarding tobacco products. Taxing tobacco products according to relative risk is a rational tax policy and may well serve the public health goal of reducing smoking-related mortality and morbidity and lowering health care costs associated with tobacco-related disease."

### **Part XXXIII - Cigarette Paper Excise Tax**

### ADDITIONAL ACTIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBL

House Bill 557, Section 48, provides the following: "On page 623, lines 21 and 22, 2006 Regular Session HB 380/EN, delete <u>"product"</u> and insert in lieu thereof <u>"material"</u> and delete <u>"and likely to be offered to, or purchased by consumers of roll-your-own tobacco"</u> and insert in lieu thereof <u>"by consumers to wrap or roll tobacco into the form of a cigarette".</u>

House Bill 557, Section 49, provides the following: "On page 625, line 5 of 2006 Regular Session HB 380/EN, before <u>"greater"</u> insert <u>"of"</u> and after <u>"greater"</u> insert <u>"or less"</u>.

House Bill 557, Section 50, provides the following: "on page 625, lines 6 and 7 of 2006 Regular Session HB 380/EN, delete <u>"one and twenty-eight one-hundredths cents (\$0.0128)"</u> and insert in lieu thereof <u>"seventy-eight ten thousandths of one cent (\$0.0078)"</u>.

House Bill 557, Section 51, provides the following: "On page 625 of 2006 Regular Session HB 380/EN, after line 9 insert the following: "(d) The tax shall be paid only once, regardless of the number of times the cigarette paper may be sold in this state."

### **Part XXXIV - Captive Insurers**

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill contains no language provision relating to Captive Insurers.

#### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds Part XXXIV, Captive Insurers, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are created or amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

#### SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 304.49-010 TO 304.49-230 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) A captive insurer shall engage a manager who is a resident of this state.
- (2) The captive manager shall maintain the books and records of the captive insurer's business, transactions, and affairs at a location that is in this state or shall make them available to the executive director at a location that is in this state.
- (3) The captive manager shall promptly notify the executive director of any failure of the captive insurer to comply with this section.
- (4) The executive director may require a captive insurer to discharge a captive manager for failure to substantively fulfill the captive manager's duties under this subtitle.

SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 304.49-010 TO 304.49-230 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

The executive director may promulgate administrative regulations to set minimum standards for the formation, structure, examination, and operation of a special purpose captive insurer or an agency captive insurer.

SECTION 3. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 304.49-010 TO 304.49-230 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) If there is any material change in the financial condition or management of a captive insurer, the captive insurer shall notify the executive director, in writing, within ten (10) business days of the change.
- (2) No captive insurer shall voluntarily take any of the following material actions without providing the executive director at least thirty (30) days prior written notice and receiving the executive director's approval of the action within the thirty (30) day period:
  - (a) The dissolution of the captive insurer;
  - (b) Any sale, exchange, lease, mortgage, assignment, pledge, or other transfer of, or granting of a security interest in, all or substantially all of the assets of the captive insurer;
  - (c) Any incurrence of material indebtedness by the captive insurer;
  - (d) Any making of a material loan or other material extension of credit by the captive insurer;

### **Part XXXIV - Captive Insurers**

- (e) Any payment or distribution that materially reduces capital and surplus;
- (f) Any merger or consolidation to which the captive insurer is a constituent party;
- (g) Any conversion of the captive insurer to another business form;
- (h) Any transfer to or domestication in any jurisdiction by the captive insurer; or
- (i) Any material amendment of the organizational documents of the captive insurer.

SECTION 4. A NEW SECTION OF KRS 304.49-010 TO 304.49-230 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

A sponsored captive insurer may establish and maintain one (1) or more protected cells to insure risks of one (1) or more participants, subject to the following conditions:

- (1) The owners of a sponsored captive insurer shall be limited to its participants and sponsors, provided that a sponsored captive insurer may issue nonvoting securities or interests to other persons on terms approved by the executive director;
- (2) The assets of each protected cell shall be held and accounted for separately on the books and records of the sponsored captive insurer to reflect the financial condition and results of operations of the protected cell, net income or loss of the protected cell, dividends or other distributions to participants of the protected cell, and other factors regarding the protected cell as may be provided in the applicable participant contract or required by the executive director;
- (3) The assets of a protected cell shall not be chargeable with liabilities of any other protected cell or, unless otherwise agreed in the applicable participant contract, of the sponsored captive insurer generally;
- (4) No sale, or transfer of assets, or dividend or other distribution, may be made with respect to a protected cell by such sponsored captive insurer without the consent of the participants of each affected protected cell;
- (5) No sale, exchange, or transfer of assets, or dividend or other distribution, other than a payment to a sponsor in accordance with the applicable participant contract, may be made with respect to a protected cell to a sponsor or a participant without the executive director's approval;
- (6) Each sponsored captive insurer shall annually file with the executive director financial reports as the executive director shall require, which shall include, without limitation, accounting statements detailing the financial experience of each protected cell;
- (7) Each sponsored captive insurer shall notify the executive director, in writing, within ten (10) business days of any protected cell that has become insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its claim or expense obligations;
- (8) No participant contract shall take effect without the executive director's prior written approval. The addition of each new protected cell and withdrawal of any participant or termination of any existing protected cell shall constitute a change in the plan of operation of the sponsored captive insurer requiring the executive director's prior written approval; and
- (9) (a) The business written by a sponsored captive insurer, with respect to each protected cell, shall be:
  - 1. Fronted by an insurance company licensed under the laws of this state or any other state;

### **Part XXXIV - Captive Insurers**

- 2. Reinsured by a reinsurer authorized or approved by this state;
- 3. Secured by a trust fund in this state for the benefit of policyholders and claimants; or
- 4. Funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other arrangement that is approved in writing by the executive director.
- (b) The amount of security provided shall be no less than the reserves associated with those liabilities which are neither fronted nor reinsured, including reserves for losses, allocated loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported losses, and unearned premiums for business written through the protected cell.
- (c) The executive director may, for any reason, require the sponsored captive insurance company to increase the funding of any security arrangement established under this subsection in order to protect claimants or potential claimants.
- (d) If the form of security is a letter of credit, the letter of credit shall be established, issued, or confirmed by a financial institution chartered by or licensed or otherwise authorized to do banking business in this state, or by any other financial institution approved by the executive director.
- (e) A trust maintained pursuant to this subsection shall be established in a form and upon such terms as approved by the executive director.

Section 5. KRS 304.49-010 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Affiliated company" means any company in the same corporate system as a parent, an industrial insured, or a member organization by virtue of common ownership, control, operation, or management.
- (2) <u>"Agency captive insurer" means a captive insurer that is owned by one (1) or more business entities that are licensed insurance producers and that only insure risks on policies placed through their owners.</u>
- (3) "Captive insurer" means any pure captive insurer, consortium captive insurer, sponsored captive insurer, or industrial insured captive insurer formed or issued a certificate of authority under the provisions of KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230. For purposes of KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230, a branch captive insurer shall be a pure captive insurer with respect to operations in Kentucky, unless otherwise permitted by the executive director.
- (4)[(3)] "Consortium" means any legal association of individuals, corporations, partnerships, or associations that has been in continuous existence for at least one (1) year, the member organizations of which collectively, or which does itself:
  - (a) Own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of a consortium captive insurer incorporated as a stock insurer; or
  - (b) Have complete voting control over a consortium captive insurer incorporated as a mutual insurer; or
  - (c) The member organizations of which collectively constitute all of the subscribers of a consortium captive insurer

### **Part XXXIV - Captive Insurers**

formed as a reciprocal insurer.

- (5)[(4)]"Consortium captive insurer" means any company that insures risks of the member organizations of the consortium and their affiliated companies.
- (6)[(5)] "Excess workers' compensation insurance" means, in the case of an employer that has insured or self-insured its workers' compensation risks in accordance with applicable state or federal law, insurance in excess of a specified per incident or aggregate limit established by the executive director.
- (7)[(6)] "Industrial insured" means an insured as defined in KRS 304.11-020(1).
- (8)[(7)]"Industrial insured captive insurer" means any company that insures risks of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group, and their affiliated companies.
- (9)[(8)] "Industrial insured group" means any group that meets either of the following criteria:
  - (a) Any group of industrial insureds that collectively:
    - 1. Own, control, or hold with power to vote all of the outstanding voting securities of an industrial insured captive insurer incorporated as a stock insurer;
    - 2. Have complete voting control over an industrial insured captive insurer incorporated as a mutual insurer; or
    - 3. Constitute all of the subscribers of an industrial insured captive insurer formed as a reciprocal insurer; or
  - (b) Any group which is created under the Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981, 15 U.S.C. secs. 3901 et seq., as amended, as a corporation or other limited liability association.
- (10)[(9)] "Member organization" means any individual, corporation, partnership, or association that belongs to a consortium.
- (11)[(10)] "Parent" means a corporation, partnership, or individual that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote more than fifty percent (50%) of the outstanding voting securities of a pure captive insurer.
- (12)[(11)] "Pure captive insurer" means any company that insures risks of its parent and affiliated companies or controlled unaffiliated business.
- (13)<del>[(12)]</del> "Controlled unaffiliated business" means any company:
  - (a) That is not in the corporate system of a parent and affiliated companies;
  - (b) That has an existing contractual relationship with a parent or affiliated company; and
  - (c) Whose risks are managed by a pure captive insurer in accordance with KRS 304.49-170.
- (14)[(13)] "Foreign captive insurer" means any insurer formed to write insurance business for its parents and affiliates and licensed pursuant to the laws of any state other than Kentucky which imposes statutory or regulatory standards in a form acceptable to the executive director on companies transacting the business of insurance in that jurisdiction. Under KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230, captive insurers formed under the laws of any jurisdiction other than a state of the United States shall be treated as a foreign captive insurer unless the context requires otherwise.

- (15)[(14)] "Branch business" means any insurance business transacted by a branch captive insurer in Kentucky.
- (16)[(15)] "Branch captive insurer" means any foreign captive insurer issued a certificate of authority by the executive director to transact the business of insurance in Kentucky through a business unit with a principal place of business in Kentucky.
- (17)[(16)] "Branch operations" means any business operations of a branch captive insurer in Kentucky.
- (18) [(17)] "Participant" means an entity as defined in KRS 304.49-210, and any affiliates thereof, that are insured by a sponsored captive insurer, where the losses of the participant are limited through a participant contract to the assets of a protected cell.
- (19)[(18)] "Participant contract" means a contract by which a sponsored captive insurer insures the risks of a participant and limits the losses of the participant to the assets of a protected cell.
- (20)[(19)] "Protected cell" means a separate account established and maintained by a sponsored captive insurer for one (1) participant.
- (21)<del>[(20)]</del> "Reciprocal insurer" means an insurer engaging in reciprocal insurance as defined by KRS 304.27-010.
- (22) "Special purpose captive insurer" means any person that is licensed under this chapter and designated as a special purpose captive insurer by the executive director. A person may be designated as a special purpose captive insurer if it is established for one (1) specific purpose or transaction, and where it is desirable to isolate the purpose or transaction from the other activities of a party or parties involved in the transaction, or where the transaction dictates that the vehicle should not be treated as controlled or owned by any other party to that transaction.
- (23)[(21)] "Sponsor" means any entity that meets the requirements of KRS 304.49-200 and is approved by the executive director to provide all or part of the capital and surplus required by applicable law and to organize and operate a sponsored captive insurer.
- (24)<del>[(22)]</del> "Sponsored captive insurer" means any captive insurer:
  - (a) In which the minimum capital and surplus required by applicable law is provided by one (1) or more sponsors;
  - (b) That is formed or issued a certificate of authority under the provisions of this subtitle;
  - (c) That insures the risks of separate participants through contract; and
  - (d) That segregates each participant's liability through one (1) or more protected cells.
  - Section 6. KRS 304.49-020 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any captive insurer, when permitted by its articles of incorporation, charter, or other organizational document, may apply to the executive director for a certificate of authority to engage in any and all kinds of insurance defined in Subtitle 5 of this chapter; provided, however, that:
  - (a) No pure captive insurer may insure any risks other than those of its parent and affiliated companies or controlled unaffiliated business;
  - (b) No consortium captive insurer may insure any risks other than those of the member organizations of its consortium

- and their affiliated companies;
- (c) No industrial insured captive insurer may insure any risks other than those of the industrial insureds that comprise the industrial insured group and their affiliated companies;
- (d) No captive insurer may provide personal motor vehicle or homeowner's insurance coverage or any component thereof;
- (e) No captive insurer may accept or cede reinsurance except as provided in KRS 304.49-110;
- (f) No captive insurer that is issued an initial certificate of authority on or after July 1, 2006, shall directly provide workers' compensation insurance; however, any captive insurer may provide excess workers' compensation insurance to its parent and affiliated companies, unless prohibited by the laws of the state having jurisdiction over the transaction. Any captive insurer may reinsure workers' compensation of a qualified self-insured plan of its parent and affiliated companies;
- (g) Any captive insurer which insures risks described in KRS 304.5-020 and 304.5-040 shall comply with all applicable state laws;
- (h) No branch captive insurer may write any business in Kentucky except insurance or reinsurance of the employee benefit business of its parent and affiliated companies which is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended; and
- (i) No sponsored captive insurer may insure any risks other than those of its participants.
- (2) No captive insurer shall do any insurance business in Kentucky unless:
  - (a) It first obtains from the executive director a certificate of authority authorizing it to do insurance business in Kentucky;
  - (b) Its board of directors, or in the case of a reciprocal insurer, its subscribers' advisory committee, holds at least one (1) meeting each year in Kentucky; and
  - (c) It maintains its principal place of business in Kentucky or, in the case of a branch captive insurer, maintains the principal place of business for its branch operations in Kentucky.
- (3) Before receiving a certificate of authority, a captive insurer formed as a corporation shall file with the executive director a certified copy of its charter and bylaws, a statement under oath of its president and secretary showing its financial condition, and any other statements or documents required by the executive director;
- (4) Before receiving a certificate of authority, a captive insurer formed as a reciprocal insurer shall:
  - (a) File with the executive director a certified copy of the power of attorney of its attorney-in-fact, a certified copy of its subscribers' agreement, a statement under oath of its attorney-in-fact showing its financial condition, and any other statements or documents required by the executive director; and

- (b) Submit to the executive director a sample of the coverages, deductibles, coverage limits, and rates, together with any additional information required by the executive director. In the event of any subsequent material change in any item in the samples, the reciprocal captive insurer shall submit to the executive director for approval an appropriate revision. The reciprocal captive insurer shall not offer any coverage until the forms are approved by the executive director. The reciprocal captive insurer shall not use any initial rate until it is approved by the executive director and shall inform the executive director of any material change in rates within thirty (30) days of the adoption of the change.
- (5) In addition to the information required by subsections (3) or (4) of this section, each applicant captive insurer shall file with the executive director evidence of the following:
  - (a) The amount and liquidity of its assets relative to the risks to be assumed;
  - (b) The adequacy of the expertise, experience, and character of the person or persons who will manage it;
  - (c) The overall soundness of its plan of operation;
  - (d) The adequacy of the loss prevention programs of its parent, member organizations, or industrial insureds as applicable; and
  - (e) Any other factors deemed relevant by the executive director in ascertaining whether the proposed captive insurer will be able to meet its policy obligations.
- (6) In addition to the information required by subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section, each applicant-sponsored captive insurer shall file with the executive director the following:
  - (a) A business plan demonstrating how the applicant will account for the loss and expense experience of each protected cell at a level of detail found to be sufficient by the executive director and how it will report the experience to the executive director;
  - (b) A statement acknowledging that all financial records of the sponsored captive insurer, including records pertaining to any protected cells, shall be made available for inspection or examination by the executive director;
  - (c) All contracts or sample contracts between the sponsored captive insurer and any participants; and
  - (d) Evidence that expenses shall be allocated to each protected cell in a fair and equitable manner.
- (7) All portions of license applications reasonably designated confidential by the applicant, and all examination reports, preliminary examination reports, working papers, recorded information, other documents, and any copies of any of the foregoing, produced or obtained by or submitted or disclosed to the executive director related to an examination pursuant to this subtitle shall, unless the prior written consent of the captive insurer to which it pertains has been obtained, be given confidential treatment, and shall not be subject to civil subpoena, made public by the executive director, or provided or disclosed to any other person at any time except to:

- (a) The insurance department of any state, country, or alien jurisdiction; or
- (b) To a law enforcement official or agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, any other state, or alien jurisdiction, as long as the official or agency agrees in writing to hold it confidential and in a manner consistent with this section [Information submitted under this section shall be confidential by law and privileged but may be used, received, and shared in accordance with Subtitle 2 of this chapter].
- (8) Each captive insurer shall pay to the executive director a nonrefundable fee as stated in KRS 304.4-010 for examining, investigating, and processing its application for certificate of authority. The executive director is authorized to retain legal, financial, and examination services from outside the office to assist in examining and investigating the applicant, the reasonable cost of which may be charged against the applicant. In addition, each captive insurer shall pay a certificate of authority fee for the year of registration and a renewal fee for each year thereafter.
  - Section 7. KRS 304.49-040 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) No captive insurer shall be issued a certificate of authority unless it shall possess and thereafter maintain unimpaired paid-in capital and surplus of:
  - (a) In the case of a pure captive insurer, not less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000);
  - (b) In the case of an consortium captive insurer, not less than seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000);
  - (c) In the case of an industrial insured captive insurer, not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000);[-and]
  - (d) In the case of a sponsored captive insurer, not less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000);
  - (e) In the case of an agency captive insurer, not less than five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000); and
  - (f) In the case of a special purpose captive insurer, not less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000), or another amount determined by the executive director.
- (2) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, no captive insurer organized as a reciprocal insurer under KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230 shall be issued a certificate of authority unless it shall possess and thereafter maintain free surplus of one million dollars (\$1,000,000).
- (3) The executive director may prescribe additional capital and surplus based upon the type, volume, and nature of insurance business transacted.
- (4) Capital and surplus may be in the form of cash or an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank approved by the executive director and chartered by the Commonwealth of Kentucky or a member bank of the Federal Reserve System, or other assets as may be approved by the executive director.
- (5) In the case of a branch captive insurer, as security for the payment of liabilities attributable to the branch operations, the executive director shall require that a separate trust fund, funded by an irrevocable letter of credit or other acceptable asset, be established and maintained in the United States for the benefit of United States policyholders and United States ceding insurers

### **Part XXXIV - Captive Insurers**

under insurance policies issued or reinsurance contracts issued or assumed, by the branch captive insurer through its branch operations. The amount of this security may be no less than the capital and surplus required in this section and the reserves on the insurance policies or the reinsurance contracts, including reserves for losses, allocated loss adjustment expenses, incurred but not reported losses, and unearned premiums with regard to business written through the branch operations; provided, however, the executive director may permit a branch captive insurer that is required to post security for loss reserves on branch business by its reinsurer to reduce the funds in the trust account required by this section by the same amount so long as the security remains posted with the reinsurer. If the form of security selected is a letter of credit, the letter of credit must be established by, or issued or confirmed by, a bank chartered in Kentucky or a member bank of the Federal Reserve System.

Section 8. KRS 304.49-060 is amended to read as follows:

- (1) A pure captive insurer or a sponsored captive insurer shall be incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held by the stockholders.
- (2) A consortium captive insurer or an industrial insured captive insurer may be:
  - (a) Incorporated as a stock insurer with its capital divided into shares and held by the stockholders; or
  - (b) Incorporated as a mutual insurer without capital stock, the governing body of which is elected by the member organizations of its consortium; or
  - (c) Organized as a reciprocal insurer in accordance with Subtitle 27 of this chapter.
- (3) A special purpose captive insurer may be:
  - (a) Incorporated as a stock corporation;
  - (b) Incorporated as a nonstock corporation;
  - (c) Formed as a limited liability company;
  - (d) Formed as a partnership;
  - (e) Formed as a limited partnership;
  - (f) Formed as a statutory trust; or
  - (g) Such other person approved by the executive director, other than a natural person in his or her individual capacity.
- (4) A sponsored captive insurer may be:
  - (a) Incorporated as a stock corporation;
  - (b) Incorporated as a nonstock corporation;
  - (c) Formed as a limited liability company;
  - $\overline{(d)}$  Formed as a partnership;
  - (e) Formed as a limited partnership; or

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- (f) Formed as a statutory trust.
- (5) A risk retention group may take any form permitted under the Liability Risk Retention Act of 1986, 15 U.S.C. sec. 3901 et seq., as amended.
- (6) A captive insurer incorporated or organized in Kentucky shall have not less than three (3) incorporators or two (2) organizers.
- (7)[(4)]In the case of a captive insurer, the executive director shall find, in order to issue a certificate of authority, that the establishment and maintenance of the proposed captive insurer will promote the general good of the state. In arriving at such a finding, the executive director shall consider:
  - (a) The character, reputation, financial standing, and purposes of the incorporators or organizers;
  - (b) The character, reputation, financial responsibility, insurance experience, and business qualifications of the persons responsible for the conduct of the captive insurer's affairs; and
  - (c) Any other aspects the executive director deems advisable.

(8) [(5)] The capital stock of a captive insurer incorporated as a stock insurer may be authorized with no par value.

- (9)[(6)]Captive insurance companies formed as corporations under the provisions of KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230 shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of KRS Chapter 271B as well as the applicable provisions contained in KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230. If there is a conflict between the provisions of KRS Chapter 271B and the provisions of this chapter, the latter shall control. The provisions of this chapter, pertaining to mergers, consolidations, conversions, mutualizations, and redomestications, shall apply in determining the procedures to be followed by captive insurance companies in carrying out any of the transactions described therein, except that:
  - (a) The executive director may, upon request of an insurer party to a merger authorized under this subsection, waive the requirement of KRS 304.24-390(4); and
  - (b) The executive director may waive or modify the requirements for public notice and hearing in accordance with rules which the executive director may adopt addressing categories of transactions. If a notice of public hearing is required, but no one requests a hearing, then the executive director may cancel the hearing.
- (10)[(7)] Captive insurance companies formed as reciprocal insurers under the provisions of KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230 shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of Subtitle 27 of this chapter in addition to the applicable provisions of this subtitle. In the event of a conflict between the provisions of Subtitle 27 of this chapter and the provisions of this subtitle, the latter shall control. To the extent a reciprocal insurer is made subject to other provisions of this subtitle pursuant to Subtitle 27 of this chapter, those provisions shall not be applicable to a reciprocal insurer formed under KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230 unless the provisions are expressly made applicable to captive insurance companies under KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230.

- (11)[(8)] In addition to the provisions of subsection (10)[(7)] of this section, captive insurance companies organized as reciprocal insurers that are industrial insured groups as defined in this subtitle shall have the privileges and be subject to the provisions of Subtitle 45 of this chapter, in addition to the applicable provisions of this subtitle.
- (12)[(9)] The articles of incorporation or bylaws of a captive insurer formed as a corporation may authorize a quorum of a board of directors to consist of no fewer than one-third (1/3) of the fixed or prescribed number of directors.
- (13)[(10)] The subscribers' agreement or other organizing document of a captive insurer formed as a reciprocal insurer may authorize a quorum of a subscribers' advisory committee to consist of no fewer than one-third (1/3) of the number of its members.
- (14) Each owner of an agency captive insurer shall be licensed as an insurance producer.

  Section 9. KRS 304.49-070 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Captive insurance companies shall not be required to make any annual report except as provided in KRS 304.49-010 to 304.49-230.
- On or before March 1 of each year, each captive insurer shall submit to the executive director a report of its financial condition, verified by oath of two (2) of its executive officers. Each captive insurer shall report using generally accepted accounting principles, unless the executive director approves the use of statutory accounting principles or international accounting standards, with any appropriate[useful] or necessary modifications or adaptations thereof required or approved or accepted by the executive director for the type of insurance and kinds of insurers to be reported upon, and as supplemented by additional information required by the executive director. Any captive insurer whose use of statutory accounting principles are approved by the executive director may make modifications and adaptations as are necessary to record as admitted the full value of all investments by the captive insurer permitted under this subtitle and, subject to the executive director's approval, to make its reports under this section consistent with the purposes of this subtitle. Except as otherwise provided, all captive insurers, with the exception of those formed as a risk retention group, shall file reports on a form prescribed by the executive director through administrative regulation. A captive insurer formed as a risk retention group shall file reports pursuant to KRS 304.2-205, with additional information or modification as the executive director may prescribe Except as otherwise provided, each consortium captive insurer and each industrial insured captive insurer insuring the risks of an industrial insured group defined in KRS 304.49 010(8)(b) shall file its report in the form of and as required by KRS 304.2 2051. The executive director shall by administrative regulation propose the forms in which *captive insurers*[pure captive insurance companies and industrial insured captive insurance companies insuring the risks of an industrial insured group defined in KRS 304.49-010(8)(a)] shall report.

- (3) Any pure captive insurer or an industrial insured captive insurer insuring the risks of industrial insured groups as defined in KRS 304.49-010(9)[(8)](a) may make written application for filing the required report on a fiscal year end. If an alternative reporting date is granted, the annual report is due sixty (60) days after the fiscal year end.
- (4) Sixty (60) days after the fiscal year end, a branch captive insurer shall file with the executive director a copy of all reports and statements required to be filed under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the foreign captive insurer is formed, verified by oath of two (2) of its executive officers. If the executive director is satisfied that the annual report filed by the foreign captive insurer in its domiciliary jurisdiction provides adequate information concerning the financial condition of the foreign captive insurer, the executive director may waive the requirement for completion of the captive annual statement for business written in the foreign jurisdiction.
  - Section 10. KRS 304.49-100 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A consortium captive insurer, sponsored captive insurer, and an industrial insured captive insurer insuring the risks of an industrial insured group defined in KRS 304.49-010(9)[(8)](b) shall comply with the investment requirements contained in Subtitle 7 of this chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the executive director may approve the use of alternative reliable methods of valuation and rating.
- (2) No pure captive insurer or industrial insured captive insurer insuring the risks of an industrial insured group as defined in KRS 304.49-010(8)(a) shall be subject to any restrictions on allowable investments whatever, including those limitations contained in Subtitle 7 of this chapter; provided, however, that the executive director may prohibit or limit any investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of any such company.
- (3) Only a pure captive insurer may make loans to its parent company or affiliates. No loans to a parent company or any affiliate shall be permitted without prior written approval of the executive director and shall be evidenced by a note in a form approved by the executive director.
- (4) All captive insurers are subject to KRS 304.37-030 regarding material transactions. Section 11. KRS 304.49-180 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A consortium captive insurer or industrial insured group formed as a stock or mutual corporation may be converted to or merged with and into a reciprocal insurer in accordance with a plan therefor and the provisions of this section.
- (2) Any plan for such conversion or merger shall be fair and equitable to the shareholders, in the case of a stock insurer, or the policyholders, in the case of a mutual insurer.
- (3) In the case of a conversion authorized under subsection (1) of this section:
  - (a) The conversion shall be accomplished under any reasonable plan and procedure approved by the executive director, but the executive director shall not approve any plan of conversion unless the plan:
    - 1. Satisfies the provisions of subsection (2) of this section;

- 2. Provides for a hearing, of which notice has been given to the insurer, its directors, officers, and stockholders, in the case of a stock insurer, or policyholders, in the case of a mutual insurer, all of whom shall have the right to appear at the hearing, except that the executive director may waive or modify the requirements for the hearing, provided that if a notice of hearing is required, but no hearing is requested, the executive director may cancel the hearing;
- 3. Provides for the conversion of existing stockholder or policyholder interests into subscriber interests in the resulting reciprocal insurer, proportionate to stockholder or policyholder interests in the stock or mutual insurer; and
- 4. Is approved:
  - a. In the case of a stock insurer, by a majority of the shares entitled to vote represented in person or by proxy at a duly called regular or special meeting at which a quorum is present;
  - b. In the case of a mutual insurer, by a majority of the voting interests of policyholders represented in person or by proxy at a duly called regular or special meeting at which a quorum is present;
- (b) The executive director shall approve the plan of conversion if the executive director finds that the conversion will promote the general good of the state in conformity with those standards set forth in KRS 304.49-060(7)[(4)];
- (c) If the executive director approves the plan, the executive director shall amend the converting insurer's certificate of authority to reflect conversion to a reciprocal insurer and issue an amended certificate of authority to the company's attorney-in-fact;
- (d) Upon the issuance of an amended certificate of authority of a reciprocal insurer by the executive director, the conversion shall be effective; and
- (e) Upon the effectiveness of the conversion, the corporate existence of the converting insurer shall cease and the resulting reciprocal insurer shall notify the Secretary of State of the conversion.
- (4) A merger authorized under subsection (1) of this section shall be accomplished substantially in accordance with the procedures set forth in KRS 304.24-390, except that, solely for purposes of the merger:
  - (a) The plan of merger shall satisfy the provisions of subsection (2) of this section;
  - (b) The subscribers' advisory committee of a reciprocal insurer shall be equivalent to the board of directors of a stock or mutual insurer;
  - (c) The subscribers of a reciprocal insurer shall be the equivalent of the policyholders of a mutual insurer;
  - (d) If a subscribers' advisory committee does not have a president or secretary, the officers of the committee having substantially equivalent duties shall be deemed the president or secretary of the committee;
  - (e) The executive director may, upon request of an insurer party to a merger authorized under subsection (1) of this

- section, waive the requirement of KRS 304.24-390(4);
- (f) The executive director shall approve the articles of merger if the executive director finds that the merger will promote the general good of the state in conformity with those standards set forth in KRS 304.49-060(7)[(4)]. If the executive director approves the articles of merger, the executive director shall indorse his or her approval thereon and the surviving insurer shall present and file them with the Secretary of State;
- (g) Notwithstanding KRS 304.49-040, the executive director may permit the formation, without surplus, of a captive insurer organized as a reciprocal insurer, into which an existing captive insurer may be merged for the purpose of facilitating a transaction under this section; however, there shall be no more than one (1) authorized insurer surviving the merger; and
- (h) An alien insurer may be a party to a merger authorized under subsection (1) of this section, provided that the requirements for a merger between a domestic and a foreign insurer under KRS 304.24-390 shall apply to a merger between a domestic and an alien insurer under this subsection. The alien insurer shall be treated as a foreign insurer under KRS 304.24-390 and the other jurisdictions shall be the equivalent of a state for purposes of KRS 304.24-390."

### Part XXXV - Valuation Floor for Motor Vehicles

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill contains no provision relating to Valuation Floor for Motor Vehicles.

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds a Part XXXV, Valuation Floor for Motor Vehicles, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 138.450 is amended to read as follows:

As used in KRS 138.455 to 138.470, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) "Current model year" means a motor vehicle of either the model year corresponding to the current calendar year or of the succeeding calendar year, if the same model and make is being offered for sale by local dealers;
- (2) "Dealer" means "motor vehicle dealer" as defined in KRS 190.010;
- (3) "Dealer demonstrator" means a new motor vehicle or a previous model year motor vehicle with an odometer reading of least one thousand (1,000) miles that has been used either by representatives of the manufacturer or by a licensed Kentucky dealer, franchised to sell the particular model and make, for demonstration;
- (4) "Historic motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle registered and licensed pursuant to KRS 186.043;
- (5) "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle that is propelled by other than muscular power and that is used for transportation of persons or property over the public highways of the state, except road rollers, mopeds, vehicles that travel exclusively on rails, and vehicles propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires;
- (6) "Moped" means either a motorized bicycle whose frame design may include one (1) or more horizontal crossbars supporting a fuel tank so long as it also has pedals, or a motorized bicycle with a step through type frame which may or may not have pedals rated no more than two (2) brake horsepower, a cylinder capacity not exceeding fifty (50) cubic centimeters, an automatic transmission not requiring clutching or shifting by the operator after the drive system is engaged, and capable of a maximum speed of not more than thirty (30) miles per hour;
- (7) "New motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle of the current model year which has not previously been registered in any state or country;
- (8) "Previous model year motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle not previously registered in any state or country which is neither of the current model year nor a dealer demonstrator;
- (9) "Total consideration given" means the amount given, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, at the time of purchase or at a later date, including consideration given for all equipment and accessories, standard and optional, as attested to

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in a notarized affidavit signed by both the buyer and the seller. The signatures of the buyer and seller shall be individually notarized]. "Total consideration given" shall not include:

- (a) Any amount allowed as a manufacturer or dealer rebate if the rebate is provided at the time of purchase and is applied to the purchase of the motor vehicle;
- (b) Any interest payments to be made over the life of a loan for the purchase of a motor vehicle; and
- (c) The value of any items that are not equipment or accessories including but not limited to extended warranties, service contracts, and items that are given away as part of a promotional sales campaign;
- (10) "Trade-in allowance" means:
  - (a) The value assigned by the seller of a motor vehicle to a motor vehicle registered to the purchaser and offered in trade by the purchaser as part of the total consideration given by the purchaser and included in the notarized affidavit attesting to total consideration given; or
  - (b) In the absence of a notarized affidavit, the value of the vehicle being offered in trade as established by the department through the use of the reference manual;
- (11) "Used motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle which has been previously registered in any state or country;
- "Retail price" fof motor vehicles shall be determined as follows: (12) *(a)* 
  - (a) | for:
    - New *motor vehicles*;[,]
    - Dealer demonstrator vehicles; [;]
    - 1. 2. 3. 4. Previous model year motor vehicles; and
    - U-Drive-It motor vehicles that have been transferred within one hundred eighty (180) days of being registered as a U-Drive-It and that have less than five thousand (5,000) miles,

means ["retail price" shall be] the total consideration given at the time of purchase or at a later date, including any trade-in allowance, as attested to in a notarized affidavit.

- (b) If a notarized affidavit[signed by both the buyer and seller] is not available [to establish total consideration given], "retail price" *means*[shall be]:
  - Ninety percent (90%) of the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the vehicle with all equipment and accessories, standard and optional, and transportation charges; or
  - Eighty-one percent (81%) of the manufacturer's suggested retail price of the vehicle with all equipment and accessories, standard and optional, and transportation charges in the case of new trucks of gross weight in excess of ten thousand (10,000) pounds. [; and]
- "Retail price" shall not include that portion of the price of the vehicle attributable to equipment or adaptive (c)[3.]

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devices necessary to facilitate or accommodate an operator or passenger with physical disabilities;

- (13) [(b)] "Retail price" for historic motor vehicles [, "retail price"] shall be one hundred dollars (\$100);
- <u>"Retail price"</u> for used motor vehicles being registered by a new resident for the first time in Kentucky whose values appear in the <u>automotive</u> reference manual <u>means</u> [prescribed by the Department of Revenue, "retail price" shall be the average trade-in value given in the reference manual;
- (15)[(d)] "Retail price" for the first time in Kentucky whose values no longer appear in the automotive reference manual reference manual shall be one hundred dollars (\$100);
- (16) (a) "Retail price" [(e) For used motor vehicles previously registered in another state or country that were purchased out of state by a Kentucky resident who is registering the vehicle in Kentucky for the first time, "retail price" shall be the total consideration given at the time of purchase or at a later date, including the average trade in value given in the automotive reference manual prescribed by the Department of Revenue for any vehicle given in trade;

(f) for:

- 1. Used motor vehicles, except those vehicles for which the retail price is established in subsection (13), (14), (15), (17), or (19) of this section; [previously registered in Kentucky that are sold in Kentucky,] and
- U-Drive-It motor vehicles that are not transferred within one hundred eighty (180) days of being registered as a U-Drive-It or that have more than five thousand (5,000) miles, ["retail price"]
  means the total consideration given, excluding any amount allowed as a trade-in allowance by the seller, as attested to in a notarized affidavit, provided that the retail price established by the notarized affidavit shall not be less than fifty-percent (50%) of the difference between the trade-in value, as established by the reference manual, of the motor vehicle offered for registration and the trade-in value, as established by the reference manual, of any motor vehicle offered in trade as part of the total consideration given.
- <u>(b)</u> The trade-in allowance shall <u>also</u> be disclosed in the notarized affidavit<del>[ signed by the buyer and the seller attesting to the total consideration given]</del>.
- (c) If a notarized affidavit[signed by both the buyer and the seller] is not available[to establish the total consideration given for a motor vehicle], "retail price" shall be established by the department[of Revenue] through the use of the[automotive] reference manual[prescribed by the Department of Revenue];
- (17)[(g)] Except as provided in KRS 138.470(6), if a motor vehicle is received by an individual as a gift and not purchased or leased by the individual, "retail price" shall be the [average] trade-in value given in the [automotive] reference manual prescribed by the Department of Revenue];
- (18) [(h)] If a dealer transfers a motor vehicle which he has registered as a loaner or rental motor vehicle within one hundred eighty (180) days of the registration, and if less than five thousand (5,000) miles have been placed on the vehicle during the

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period of its registration as a loaner or rental motor vehicle, then the "retail price" of the vehicle shall be the same as the retail price determined by paragraph (a) of this section (12) of this section computed as of the date on which the vehicle is transferred; and

- (19) "Retail price" for motor vehicles titled pursuant to KRS 186A.520, 186A.525, 186A.530, or 186A.555 means the total consideration given as attested to in a notarized affidavit;
- (20)[(13)] "Loaner or rental motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle owned or registered by a dealer and which is regularly loaned or rented to customers of the service or repair component of the dealership;
- (21) "Department" means the Department of Revenue;
- (22) "Notarized affidavit" means a dated affidavit signed by the buyer and the seller on which the signature of the buyer and the signature of the seller are individually notarized; and
- (23) "Reference manual" means the automotive reference manual prescribed by the department.
  - Section 2. KRS 138.460 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A tax levied upon its retail price at the rate of six percent (6%) shall be paid on the use in this state of every motor vehicle, except those exempted by KRS 138.470, at the time and in the manner provided in this section.
- (2) The tax shall be collected by the county clerk or other officer with whom the vehicle is required to be titled or registered:
  - (a) When the fee for titling or registering a motor vehicle the first time it is offered for titling or registration in this state is collected; or
  - (b) Upon the transfer of title or registration of any motor vehicle previously titled or registered in this state.
- (3) The tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section and collected under subsection (2) of this section shall not be collected if the owner provides to the county clerk a signed affidavit of nonhighway use, on a form provided by the department, attesting that the vehicle will not be used on the highways of the Commonwealth. If this type of affidavit is provided, the clerk shall, in accordance with the provisions of KRS Chapter 139, immediately collect the applicable sales and use tax due on the vehicle.
- (4) (a) The tax collected by the county clerk under this section shall be reported and remitted to the Department [of Revenue] on forms *prescribed and* provided by the department [and on those forms as the department may prescribe]. The department shall provide each county clerk affidavit forms which the clerk shall provide to the public free of charge to carry out the provisions of KRS 138.450 and subsection (3) of this section. The county clerk shall for his services in collecting the tax be entitled to retain an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the tax collected and accounted for.
  - (b) The sales and use tax collected by the county clerk under subsection (3) of this section shall be reported and remitted to the department on forms which the department shall prescribe and provide at no cost. The county clerk shall, for his or her services in collecting the tax, be entitled to retain an amount equal to three percent (3%) of the tax collected and accounted for.

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- (c) Motor vehicle dealers licensed pursuant to KRS Chapter 190 shall not owe or be responsible for the collection of sales and use tax due under subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) A county clerk or other officer shall not title, register or issue any license tags to the owner of any motor vehicle subject to the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section or the tax imposed by KRS Chapter 139, when the vehicle is being offered for titling or registration for the first time, or transfer the title of any motor vehicle previously registered in this state, unless the owner or his agent pays the tax levied under subsection (1) of this section or the tax imposed by KRS Chapter 139, if applicable, in addition to any title, registration, or license fees.
- (6) (a) When a person offers a motor vehicle:
  - 1. For titling on or after March 20, 2005; or
  - 2. For registration;

for the first time in this state which was registered in another state that levied a tax substantially identical to the tax levied under this section, the person shall be entitled to receive a credit against the tax imposed by this section equal to the amount of tax paid to the other state. A credit shall not be given under this subsection for taxes paid in another state if that state does not grant similar credit for substantially identical taxes paid in this state.

- (b) When a resident of this state offers a motor vehicle for registration for the first time in this state:
  - 1. Upon which the Kentucky sales and use tax was paid by the resident offering the motor vehicle for registration at the time of titling under subsection (3) of this section; and
  - 2. For which the resident provides proof that the tax was paid; a nonrefundable credit shall be given against the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section for the sales and use tax paid.
- (7) A county clerk or other officer shall not title, register, or issue any license tags to the owner of any motor vehicle subject to this tax, when the vehicle is then being offered for titling or registration for the first time, unless the seller or his agent delivers to the county clerk a notarized affidavit, if required, and available under KRS 138.450 attesting to the total and actual consideration paid or to be paid for the motor vehicle. If a notarized affidavit is not available, the clerk shall follow the procedures under KRS 138.450(12)(b)[(a)] for new vehicles, and KRS 138.450(14)[(12)(c), (d),] or (15)[(e)] for used vehicles. The clerk shall attach the notarized affidavit, if available, or other documentation attesting to the retail price of the vehicle as the department[of Revenue] may prescribe by administrative regulation promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A to the copy of the certificate of registration and application for title mailed to the department.
- (8) Notwithstanding the provisions of KRS 138.450, the tax shall not be less than six dollars (\$6) upon titling or first registration of a motor vehicle in this state, except where the vehicle is exempt from tax under KRS 138.470 or 154.45-090.

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- (9) Where a motor vehicle is sold by a dealer in this state and the purchaser returns the vehicle for any reason to the same dealer within sixty (60) days for a vehicle replacement or a refund of the purchase price, the purchaser shall be entitled to a refund of the amount of usage tax received by the department of Revenue as a result of the registration of the returned vehicle. In the case of a new motor vehicle, the registration of the returned vehicle shall be canceled and the vehicle shall be considered to have not been previously registered in Kentucky when resold by the dealer.
- (10) When a manufacturer refunds the retail purchase price or replaces a new motor vehicle for the original purchaser within ninety (90) days because of malfunction or defect, the purchaser shall be entitled to a refund of the amount of motor vehicle usage tax received by the department of Revenue as a result of the first titling or registration. A person shall not be entitled to a refund unless the person has filed with the department of Revenue a report from the manufacturer identifying the vehicle that was replaced and stating the date of replacement.
- (11) Notwithstanding the time limitations of subsections (9) and (10) of this section, when a dealer or manufacturer refunds the retail purchase price or replaces a motor vehicle for the purchaser as a result of formal arbitration or litigation, or, in the case of a manufacturer, because ordered to do so by a dispute resolution system established under KRS 367.865 or 16 C.F.R. 703, the purchaser shall be entitled to a refund of the amount of motor vehicle usage tax received by the department of Revenue as a result of the titling or registration. A person shall not be entitled to a refund unless the person files with the department of Revenue are report from the dealer or manufacturer identifying the vehicle that was replaced.
- (12) (a) An owner who has paid the tax levied under this section on a used motor vehicle or U-Drive-It vehicle based upon the retail price as defined in KRS 138.450(16)(a) shall be entitled to a refund of any tax overpayment, plus applicable interest as provided in KRS 131.183, if the owner:
  - 1. Files for a refund with the department within four (4) years from the date the tax was paid as provided in KRS 134.580; and
  - 2. Documents to the satisfaction of the department that the condition of the vehicle merits a retail price lower than the retail price as defined in KRS 138.450(16)(a).
  - (b) The department shall promulgate administrative regulations to develop the forms and the procedures by which the owner can apply for a refund and document the condition of the vehicle. The department shall provide the information to each county clerk.
  - (c) The refund shall be based upon the difference between the tax paid and the tax determined to be due by the department at the time the owner titled or registered the vehicle.
  - Section 3. KRS 138.4605 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) A motor vehicle dealer who operates a service or repair component in his dealership may register a motor vehicle to be used exclusively as a loaner or rental motor vehicle to the customers of this service or repair department. The dealer may pay usage

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- tax on the loaner or rental motor vehicle as provided in KRS 138.460, or, subject to the provisions of this section, may pay a usage tax of twenty-five dollars (\$25) per month on the loaner or rental motor vehicle.
- (2) A dealer shall pay the usage tax on a loaner or rental motor vehicle in the manner provided by KRS 138.460 unless the dealer shows to the satisfaction of the Department of Revenue that he is regularly engaged in the servicing or repair of motor vehicles and loans or rents the loaner or rental motor vehicle to a retail customer while the customer's motor vehicle is at the dealership for repair or service.
- (3) For a dealer to be eligible to pay the usage tax on a loaner or rental motor vehicle under this section, the dealer shall identify the motor vehicle as a loaner or rental motor vehicle to the Department of Revenue and shall maintain records, as required by the Department of Revenue, which show all uses of the loaner or rental motor vehicle.
- (4) The tax due under subsection (1) of this section shall be remitted to the Department of Revenue monthly on forms prescribed by and in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the department.
- (5) Failure of a motor vehicle dealer to remit the taxes applicable to a loaner or rental motor vehicle under this section shall be sufficient cause for the Department of Revenue to revoke the authority to use that motor vehicle as a loaner or rental motor vehicle and cause the usage tax on that motor vehicle to be due and payable in accordance with KRS 138.460 on the retail price of that motor vehicle when it was first registered as a loaner or rental motor vehicle.
- (6) A motor vehicle no longer covered under the loaner permit program shall be taxed in the same manner as motor vehicles under KRS 138.450(12) *or* (16). Section 4. KRS 138.464 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The county clerk shall report each Monday to the department of Revenue all moneys collected during the previous week, together with a duplicate of all receipts issued by him during the same period.
- (2) The clerk shall deposit motor vehicle usage tax collections not later than the next business day following receipt in a Commonwealth of Kentucky, Department of Revenue account in a bank designated as a depository for state funds. The clerk may be required to then cause the funds to be transferred from the local depository bank to the State Treasury in whatever manner and at times prescribed by the commissioner of the department [of Revenue] or his designee.
- (3) Failure to forward duplicates of all receipts issued during the reporting period or failure to file the weekly report of moneys collected shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount of moneys collected during the reporting period for each month or fraction thereof until the documents are filed.
- (4) Failure to deposit or, if required, transfer collections as required above shall subject the clerk to a penalty of two and one-half percent (2.5%) of the amount not deposited or, if required, not transferred for each day until the collections are deposited or transferred as required above. The penalty for failure to deposit or transfer money collected shall not be less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500) per day.

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- (5) The penalties provided in this section shall not apply if the failure of the clerk is due to reasonable cause.
- (6) The department may in its discretion grant a county clerk a reasonable extension of time to file his report or make any transfer of deposits as required above. The extension, however, must be requested prior to the end of the seven (7) day period and shall begin to run at the end of said period.
- (7) All penalties collected under this provision shall be paid into the State Treasury as a part of the revenue collected under KRS 138.450 to 138.729.
  - Section 5. This Part takes effect January 1, 2007."

#### Part XXXVI - Sales of Motor Vehicles to Nonresidents

#### **BRANCH BUDGET**

The State/Executive Branch Budget Bill contains no provision relating to Sales of Motor Vehicles to Nonresidents.

### **GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

The General Assembly adds a Part XXXVI, Sales of Motor Vehicles to Nonresidents, as follows:

"Notwithstanding KRS 48.310, the following statutes are amended or created to read as follows and shall have permanent effect, subject to future actions by the General Assembly:

Section 1. KRS 139.470 is amended to read as follows:

There are excluded from the computation of the amount of taxes imposed by this chapter:

- (1) Gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, tangible personal property which this state is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution or laws of the United States, or under the Constitution of this state;
- (2) Gross receipts from sales of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of:
  - (a) Nonreturnable and returnable containers when sold without the contents to persons who place the contents in the container and sell the contents together with the container; and
  - (b) Returnable containers when sold with the contents in connection with a retail sale of the contents or when resold for refilling;
  - As used in this section the term "returnable containers" means containers of a kind customarily returned by the buyer of the contents for reuse. All other containers are "nonreturnable containers";
- (3) Gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, tangible personal property used for the performance of a lump-sum, fixed-fee contract of public works executed prior to February 5, 1960;
- (4) Gross receipts from occasional sales of tangible personal property and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property, the transfer of which to the purchaser is an occasional sale;
- (5) Gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property to a common carrier, shipped by the retailer via the purchasing carrier under a bill of lading, whether the freight is paid in advance or the shipment is made freight charges collect, to a point outside this state and the property is actually transported to the out-of-state destination for use by the carrier in the conduct of its business as a common carrier;
- (6) Gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property sold through coin-operated bulk vending machines, if the sale amounts to fifty cents (\$0.50) or less, if the retailer is primarily engaged in making the sales and maintains records satisfactory to the department. As used in this subsection, "bulk vending machine" means a vending machine containing unsorted merchandise

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- which, upon insertion of a coin, dispenses the same in approximately equal portions, at random and without selection by the customer;
- (7) Gross receipts from sales to any cabinet, department, bureau, commission, board, or other statutory or constitutional agency of the state and gross receipts from sales to counties, cities, or special districts as defined in KRS 65.005. This exemption shall apply only to purchases of property or services for use solely in the government function. A purchaser not qualifying as a governmental agency or unit shall not be entitled to the exemption even though the purchaser may be the recipient of public funds or grants;
- (8) (a) Gross receipts from the sale of sewer services, water, and fuel to Kentucky residents for use in heating, water heating, cooking, lighting, and other residential uses. As used in this subsection, "fuel" shall include but not be limited to natural gas, electricity, fuel oil, bottled gas, coal, coke, and wood. Determinations of eligibility for the exemption shall be made by the Department of Revenue;
  - (b) In making the determinations of eligibility, the department shall exempt from taxation all gross receipts derived from sales:
    - 1. Classified as "residential" by a utility company as defined by applicable tariffs filed with and accepted by the Public Service Commission;
    - 2. Classified as "residential" by a municipally owned electric distributor which purchases its power at wholesale from the Tennessee Valley Authority;
    - 3. Classified as "residential" by the governing body of a municipally owned electric distributor which does not purchase its power from the Tennessee Valley Authority, if the "residential" classification is reasonably consistent with the definitions of "residential" contained in tariff filings accepted and approved by the Public Service Commission with respect to utilities which are subject to Public Service Commission regulation.
    - If the service is classified as residential, use other than for "residential" purposes by the customer shall not negate the exemption;
  - (c) The exemption shall not apply if charges for sewer service, water, and fuel are billed to an owner or operator of a multi-unit residential rental facility or mobile home and recreational vehicle park other than residential classification; and
  - (d) The exemption shall apply also to residential property which may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or indirectly by the stock ownership or membership representing the owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight (98) years;
- (9) Any rate increase for school taxes and any other charges or surcharges added to the total amount of a residential telephone bill;

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- (10) Gross receipts from sales to an out-of-state agency, organization, or institution exempt from sales and use tax in its state of residence when that agency, organization, or institution gives proof of its tax-exempt status to the retailer and the retailer maintains a file of the proof;
- (11) Gross receipts derived from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, tangible personal property to be used in the manufacturing or industrial processing of tangible personal property at a plant facility and which will be for sale. The property shall be regarded as having been purchased for resale. "Plant facility" shall have the same meaning as defined in KRS 139.170(3). For purposes of this subsection, a manufacturer or industrial processor includes an individual or business entity that performs only part of the manufacturing or industrial processing activity and the person or business entity need not take title to tangible personal property that is incorporated into, or becomes the product of, the activity.
  - (a) Industrial processing includes refining, extraction of petroleum and natural gas, mining, quarrying, fabricating, and industrial assembling. As defined herein, tangible personal property to be used in the manufacturing or industrial processing of tangible personal property which will be for sale shall mean:
    - 1. Materials which enter into and become an ingredient or component part of the manufactured product.
    - 2. Other tangible personal property which is directly used in manufacturing or industrial processing, if the property has a useful life of less than one (1) year. Specifically these items are categorized as follows:
      - a. Materials. This refers to the raw materials which become an ingredient or component part of supplies or industrial tools exempt under subdivisions b. and c. below.
      - b. Supplies. This category includes supplies such as lubricating and compounding oils, grease, machine waste, abrasives, chemicals, solvents, fluxes, anodes, filtering materials, fire brick, catalysts, dyes, refrigerants, explosives, etc. The supplies indicated above need not come in direct contact with a manufactured product to be exempt. "Supplies" does not include repair, replacement, or spare parts of any kind.
      - c. Industrial tools. This group is limited to hand tools such as jigs, dies, drills, cutters, rolls, reamers, chucks, saws, spray guns, etc., and to tools attached to a machine such as molds, grinding balls, grinding wheels, dies, bits, cutting blades, etc. Normally, for industrial tools to be considered directly used in manufacturing, they shall come into direct contact with the product being manufactured.
    - 3. Materials and supplies that are not reusable in the same manufacturing process at the completion of a single manufacturing cycle, excluding repair, replacement, or spare parts of any kind. A single manufacturing cycle shall be considered to be the period elapsing from the time the raw materials enter into the manufacturing process until the finished product emerges at the end of the manufacturing process.
  - (b) It shall be noted that in none of the three (3) categories is any exemption provided for repair, replacement, or spare

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parts. Repair, replacement, or spare parts shall not be considered to be materials, supplies, or industrial tools directly used in manufacturing or industrial processing. "Repair, replacement, or spare parts" shall have the same meaning as set forth in KRS 139.170;

- (12) Any water use fee paid or passed through to the Kentucky River Authority by facilities using water from the Kentucky River basin to the Kentucky River Authority in accordance with KRS 151.700 to 151.730 and administrative regulations promulgated by the authority;
- (13) Gross receipts from the sale of newspaper inserts or catalogs purchased for storage, use, or other consumption outside this state and delivered by the retailer's own vehicle to a location outside this state, or delivered to the United States Postal Service, a common carrier, or a contract carrier for delivery outside this state, regardless of whether the carrier is selected by the purchaser or retailer or an agent or representative of the purchaser or retailer, or whether the F.O.B. is retailer's shipping point or purchaser's destination.
  - (a) As used in this subsection:
    - 1. "Catalogs" means tangible personal property that is printed to the special order of the purchaser and composed substantially of information regarding goods and services offered for sale; and
    - 2. "Newspaper inserts" means printed materials that are placed in or distributed with a newspaper of general circulation.
  - (b) The retailer shall be responsible for establishing that delivery was made to a non-Kentucky location through shipping documents or other credible evidence as determined by the department;
- (14) Gross receipts from the sale of water used in the raising of equine as a business;
- (15) Gross receipts from the sale of metal retail fixtures manufactured in this state and purchased for storage, use, or other consumption outside this state and delivered by the retailer's own vehicle to a location outside this state, or delivered to the United States Postal Service, a common carrier, or a contract carrier for delivery outside this state, regardless of whether the carrier is selected by the purchaser or retailer or an agent or representative of the purchaser or retailer, or whether the F.O.B. is the retailer's shipping point or the purchaser's destination.
  - (a) As used in this subsection, "metal retail fixtures" means check stands and belted and nonbelted checkout counters, whether made in bulk or pursuant to specific purchaser specifications, that are to be used directly by the purchaser or to be distributed by the purchaser.
  - (b) The retailer shall be responsible for establishing that delivery was made to a non-Kentucky location through shipping documents or other credible evidence as determined by the department;
- (16) Gross receipts from the sale of unenriched or enriched uranium purchased for ultimate storage, use, or other consumption outside this state and delivered to a common carrier in this state for delivery outside this state, regardless of whether the carrier is

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- selected by the purchaser or retailer, or is an agent or representative of the purchaser or retailer, or whether the F.O.B. is the retailer's shipping point or purchaser's destination;
- (17) Amounts received from a tobacco buydown. As used in this subsection, "buydown" means an agreement whereby an amount, whether paid in money, credit, or otherwise, is received by a retailer from a manufacturer or wholesaler based upon the quantity and unit price of tobacco products sold at retail that requires the retailer to reduce the selling price of the product to the purchaser without the use of a manufacturer's or wholesaler's coupon or redemption certificate;
- (18) Gross receipts from the sale of property returned by a purchaser when the full sales price is refunded either in cash or credit. This exclusion shall not apply if the purchaser, in order to obtain the refund, is required to purchase other property at a price greater than the amount charged for the property that is returned;
- (19) Gross receipts from the sales of gasoline and special fuels subject to tax under KRS Chapter 138;
- (20) The amount of any tax imposed by the United States upon or with respect to retail sales, whether imposed on the retailer or the consumer, not including any manufacturer's excise or import duty;
- (21) Gross receipts from the sale of any motor vehicle as defined in KRS 138.450 which is:
  - (a) Sold to a Kentucky resident, registered for use on the public highways, and upon which any applicable tax levied by KRS 138.460 has been paid; or
  - (b) Sold to a nonresident of Kentucky if the nonresident registers the motor vehicle in a state that:
    - 1. Allows residents of Kentucky to purchase motor vehicles without payment of that state's sales tax at the time of sale; or
    - 2. Allows residents of Kentucky to remove the vehicle from that state within a specific period for subsequent registration and use in Kentucky without payment of that state's sales tax;
- (22) Gross receipts from the sale of a semi-trailer as defined in KRS 189.010(12) and trailer as defined in KRS 189.010(17);
- (23) Gross receipts from the sale of distilled spirits, wine, and malt beverages not consumed on the premises licensed for their sale under the provisions of KRS Chapter 243; and
- (24) Gross receipts from the first fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) in sales of admissions to county fairs held in Kentucky in any calendar year by a nonprofit county fair board.
  - SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 139 IS CREATED TO READ AS FOLLOWS:

All tax receipts, interest, and penalties resulting from the sale of a motor vehicle subject to sales tax under KRS 139.200 and not otherwise exempt from sales tax under Section 1 of this Part shall be deposited in the road fund, unless the motor vehicle has been exempted from the motor vehicle usage tax under KRS 138.460(3) for nonhighway use. All tax receipts, interest, and penalties resulting from the sale of a motor vehicle, as defined in KRS 138.450, which is purchased for nonhighway use shall continue to be deposited in the general fund.

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Section 3. This Part takes effect August 1, 2006."